

STAFF REPORT FOR THE PLANNING COMMISSION MEETING OF NOVEMBER 15, 2022

FILE NO: LU-2022-0439

AGENDA ITEM: 6.C

STAFF CONTACT: Heather Ferris, Planning Manager

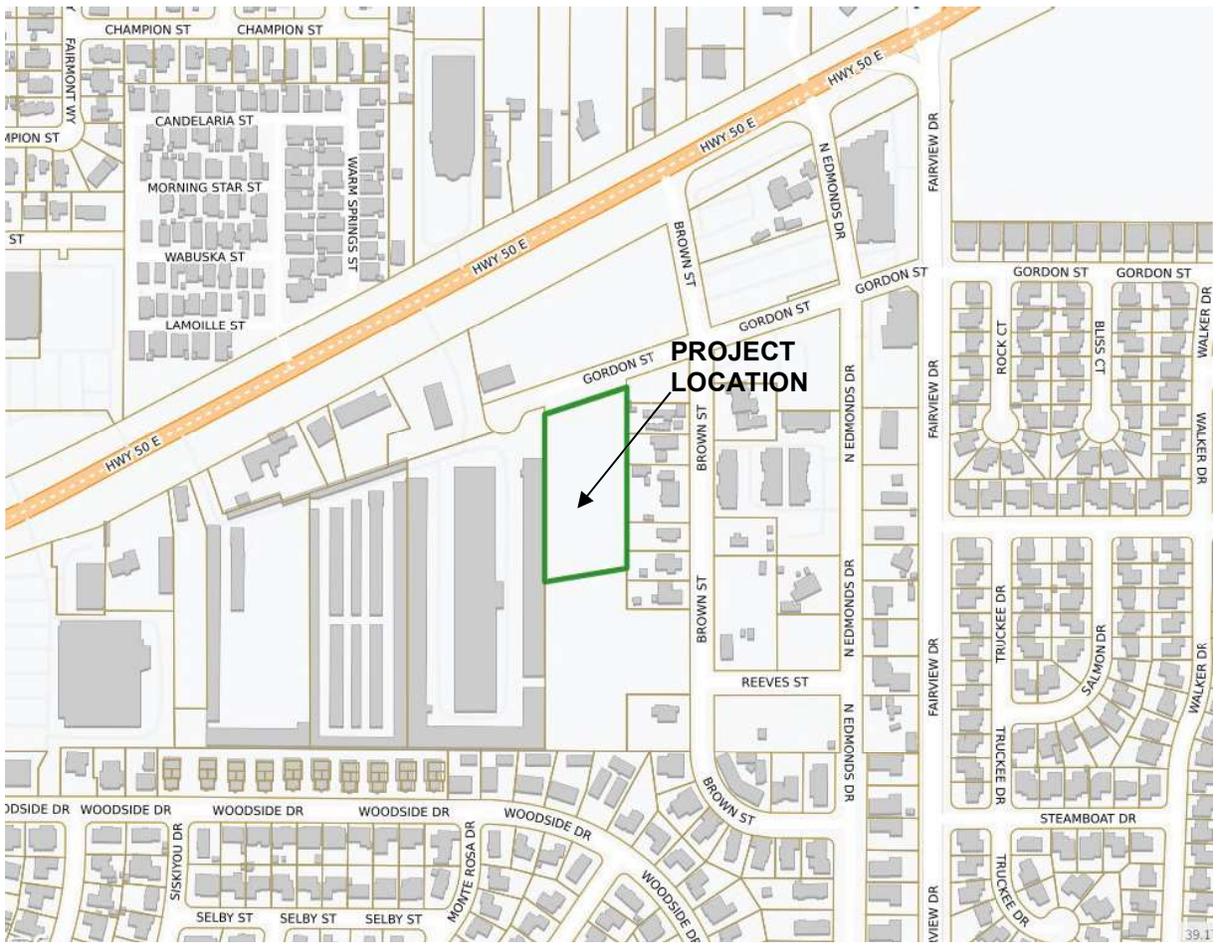
AGENDA TITLE: For Possible Action: Discussion and possible action regarding an application from the Advocates to End Domestic Violence (“Applicant”) for a special use permit (“SUP”) to allow for a multi-family dwelling on property zoned General Commercial (“GC”), located at 3649 Gordon Street, Assessor’s Parcel Number (“APN”) 008-303-41. (Heather Ferris, hferris@carson.org)

Staff Summary: The Applicant proposes to construct a single story, six-unit multi-family apartment complex. Site amenities include on-site storage for residents and open space areas for play, gardening and a walking path. Multi-family residential development requires an SUP in the GC use district. The Planning Commission is authorized to approve the SUP.

RECOMMENDED MOTIONS:

“I move to approve Special Use Permit LU-2022-0439 based on the ability to make the required findings and subject to the conditions of approval as outlined in the staff report.”

VICINITY MAP:



RECOMMENDED CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL:

1. All development shall be substantially in accordance with the plans presented to the Planning Commission.
2. All on and off-site improvements shall conform to city standards and requirements.
3. The use for which this permit is approved shall commence within twelve (12) months of the date of final approval. A single, one (1) year extension must be requested in writing to the Planning and Community Development Department thirty (30) days prior to the one (1) year expiration date. Should this permit not be initiated within one (1) year and no extension granted, the permit shall become null and void.
4. The applicant must sign and return the notice of decision for conditions of approval within 10 days of receipt of notification. If the notice of decision is not signed and returned within 10 days, then the item will be rescheduled for the next planning commission meeting for further considerations.
5. As part of the site improvement permit application, the applicant shall provide an open space exhibit which demonstrates compliance, both quantitatively and qualitatively, with Division 1.18.6 of CCDS.
6. Prior to issuance of the site improvement permit, the applicant shall submit a landscape plan demonstrating compliance with Division 3 of CCDS.
7. The drainage system design must not preclude the use of the storm drainage easement which crosses the east side of the property.
8. Prior to issuance of the site improvement permit the applicant shall enter into a pro-rata cost sharing agreement for the Morgan Mill lift station based on the additional sewer flow and anticipated impact the project is expected to have to the lift station not to exceed \$5,502.00.

LEGAL REQUIREMENTS: Carson City Municipal Code (“CCMC”) 18.02.080 (Special Use Permit) and 18.04.135 (General Commercial); and Carson City Development Standards (“CCDS”) 1.18 (Residential development standards in non-residential districts);

SITE DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION:

SUBJECT SITE AREA: 2.02 acres
EXISTING LAND USE: Vacant

MASTER PLAN DESIGNATION: Mixed-Use Commercial (“MUC”)

ZONING: General Commercial (“GC”)

KEY ISSUES: Will the Special Use Permit meet the required findings and will the proposed residential use be compatible with the surrounding neighborhood and in keeping with the standards of CCMC?

SURROUNDING ZONING AND LAND USE INFORMATION

NORTH: General Commercial / Resource Center and Thrift Store

SOUTH: General Commercial & Multi-Family Apartment SPA / Vacant (approved multi-family project)
EAST: General Commercial & Multi-Family Apartment SPA / residential
WEST: General Commercial / office and warehouse

ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION:

FLOOD ZONE: Zone X shaded
SEISMIC ZONE: Zone II (Moderate Severity)

DISCUSSION:

The project site is 2.02 acres in size and zoned GC. The Applicant proposes to construct a six-unit multi-family apartment complex. Per CCMC 18.04.135(3), a residential use is a conditional use in the GC zoning district and therefore requires an SUP, subject to the supplemental standards outlined in CCDS 1.18 (Residential Development Standards in Non-Residential Districts).

There is no maximum density within non-residential zoning districts subject to meeting the height, setback, parking and open space requirements. The overall design concept is a single-story six-plex, with a mix of 1- and 2-bedroom units. On-site amenities including on-site storage for residents and open space areas for play, gardening and a walking path. Parking will be provided on-site. A minimum of 15 spaces is required (ratio of 2.5 spaces per unit). As designed the project will provide 20 spaces.

The Planning Commission is authorized to approve an SUP upon making the seven required findings of fact.

PUBLIC COMMENTS: Public notices were mailed to 140 property owners within 600 feet of the subject site on November 3, 2022, pursuant to the provisions of Nevada Revised Statutes (“NRS”) and CCMC. As of the completion of this staff report no public comments have been received. Any written comments that are received after this report is completed will be submitted prior to or at the Planning Commission meeting on November 15, 2022, depending upon their submittal date to the Planning Division of the Carson City Community Development Department.

OTHER CITY DEPARTMENT OR OUTSIDE AGENCY COMMENTS: The following comments were received from City departments. Recommendations have been incorporated into the recommended conditions of approval, where applicable.

Development Engineering

The Carson City Public Works Department, Engineering Group (“Development Engineering”) has no preference or objection to the special use request provided that the following conditions are met:

- The drainage system design must not preclude the use of the storm drainage easement which crosses the east side of the property.
- The project is to contribute towards a Pro Rata cost sharing agreement for the Morgan Mill lift station based on the additional sewer flow and anticipated impact the project is expected to have to the lift station not to exceed \$5,502.00.
- The project must meet all Carson City Development Standards and Standard Details including but not limited to the following:
 - The location of the laterals shall meet Carson City Standard Detail C-1.2.5.
 - The minimum driveway width for 2-way traffic is 30-feet per CCDS 12.12.3.
 - In the event that groundwater is encountered, standard construction practices for high groundwater must be employed.

ENGINEERING DISCUSSION:

Development Engineering has reviewed the application within our areas of purview relative to adopted standards and practices and to the provisions of CCMC 18.02.080, Conditional Uses. Development Engineering offers the following discussion:

CCMC 18.02.080(5)(a) - Master Plan

The request is not in conflict with any Engineering Master Plans.

CCMC 18.02.080(5)(b) – Use, Peaceful Enjoyment, Economic Value, Compatibility

Development Engineering has no comment on this finding.

CCMC 18.02.080(5)(c) - Traffic/Pedestrians

Local intersections: The closest intersection is Gordon St and Brown St, both streets are local streets.

Parking and internal circulation: The project is proposing onsite parking with 20 parking spaces, 1 ADA van accessible parking space. The internal circulation is proposed to be one point of ingress/egress onto Gordon St.

Adjacent Streets On-Street Parking: There is on-street parking on one side on Gordon St due to the width of the street.

No traffic mitigations are required beyond the half-street improvements shown.

CCMC 18.02.080(5)(d) - Public Services

Sanitary Sewer: There is an 8" PVC main in Gordon Street that is approximately 5% full d/D. Morgan Mill Lift Station is downstream from this project and is currently at capacity and a pro rata share contribution is required.

Water: The existing water main is 6-inch PVC in Gordon Street. The city water and storm drain infrastructure has sufficient capacity to serve the project.

Public Lands: There is a 20-foot-wide drainage easement on the east side of the property per Document # 533191. The ingress/egress easement on the west side of the property has been abandoned with Document #533189.

CCMC 18.02.080(5)(e) – Title 18 Standards

Development Engineering has no comment on this finding.

CCMC 18.02.080(5)(f) – Public health, Safety, Convenience, and Welfare

The project meets will meet engineering standards for health and safety.

Earthquake faults: There is a fault on the site however the geotechnical engineer investigated the fault and found that it is inactive, so no mitigation is required.

FEMA flood zones: The current flood zone is Zone X (unshaded) so no special flood mitigation is required.

Site slope: The existing site slope is between 0 to 2 percent.

Soils and Groundwater: The existing soil is fine sandy loam and clay loam. Groundwater was encountered during the geotechnical exploration at depths between 6 feet and 9 feet. In the event that groundwater is encountered, standard construction practices for high groundwater must be employed.

CCMC 18.02.080(5)(g) – Material Damage or Prejudice to Other Property

Development Engineering has no comment on this finding.

CCMC 18.02.080(5)(h) – Adequate Information

The plans and reports provided were adequate for this analysis.

Fire Department

1. The project shall meet or exceed the 2018 International Fire Code (“IFC”) requirements.
2. The project shall meet or exceed the 2018 International Fire Code Northern Nevada Amendments.
3. Any building over 5000 square feet shall be provided with an approved automatic fire sprinkler system.
4. A key box (KNOX) shall be provided, multiple boxes maybe required.
5. Occupant load and use will determine possible additional requirements based on the codes above.
6. Access shall be provided within 150 feet of all portions of the building(s) and shall meet the 2018 IFC for access road construction.

SPECIAL USE PERMIT FINDINGS: Staff recommends approval of the SUP based on the findings below and in the information contained in the attached reports and documents, pursuant to CCMC 18.02.080(5) (Findings), subject to the recommended conditions of approval, and further substantiated by the applicant’s written justification. In making findings for approval, the Planning Commission must consider:

1. *Will be consistent with the objectives of the Master Plan elements;*

The project is consistent with the Master Plan. The project site is designated as Mixed-Use Commercial, which is intended to encourage more compact, mixed-use patterns of development with commercial uses generally being the primary use and a percentage of the total land in the mixed-use area being higher density residential uses. The mixed-use area currently contains a mix of both commercial and residential uses. The proposed six-plex will continue that mix.

2. *Will not be detrimental to the use, peaceful enjoyment, economic value, or development of surrounding properties or the general neighborhood; and is compatible with and preserves the character and integrity of adjacent development and neighborhoods or includes improvements or modifications either on-site or within the public right-of-way to mitigate development related to adverse impacts such as noise, vibrations, fumes, odors, dust, glare or physical activity;*

The subject property is surrounded by a mix of residential and commercial uses. The project proposes a single-story six-plex, with a mix of 1- and 2-bedroom units. On-site amenities including on-site storage for residents and open space areas for play, gardening, and a walking path. The proposed use is consistent with the existing neighborhood, will be developed consistent with the CCDS, and will not be detrimental to the use, peaceful enjoyment, economic value, or development of surrounding properties or the general neighborhood.

3. *Will have little or no detrimental effect on vehicular or pedestrian traffic;*

As proposed and conditioned, the project will have little or no detrimental effect on vehicular or pedestrian traffic. The applicant has provided a traffic memo outlining the estimated trips, based on the Institute of Transportation Engineers (“ITE”) Trip Generation Manual. The project is

anticipated to generate 40 daily trips with an AM peak of 3 trips and a PM peak of 3 trips. This is below the threshold for a full traffic analysis.

4. Will not overburden existing public services and facilities, including schools, police and fire protection, water, sanitary sewer, public roads, storm drainage and other public improvements;

The project is located adjacent to existing residential and commercial developments which are served by the existing public services including schools, sheriff, transportation facilities and parks. Development Engineering has reviewed the development for impacts to water, sewer, storm drainage and roadway systems. The existing water, storm drain and roadway infrastructure is sufficient to serve the project. Morgan Mill Lift Station is downstream from this project and is currently at capacity and a pro rata share contribution is required. The Carson City Fire Department (“Fire Department”) has also reviewed the development. As noted in the Fire Department comments, the project must comply with the currently adopted edition of the IFC and the Northern Nevada Fire Code Amendments as adopted by Carson City.

5. Meets the definition and specific standards set forth elsewhere in this Title for such particular use and meets the purpose statement of that district;

The project meets the definition and specific standards set forth in Title 18. The subject property is zoned “GC”. A residential use is a conditional use in this zoning district. CCDS 1.18 provides standards for residential development in non-residential zoning districts, as well as supplemental findings. Compliance with the provisions of CCDS 1.18- Residential Development Standards in non-residential districts is outlined below:

Permitted uses. Residential uses are only allowed as permitted by Chapter 18.04, Use Districts, as a primary or conditional use in the applicable zoning districts.

The subject property is located in the “GC” zoning district and therefore residential uses are allowed subject to first obtaining approval of a Special Use Permit.

Maximum permitted density. There is no maximum residential density within non-residential zoning districts subject to meeting the height, setback, parking and open space requirements of this chapter.

The density for the project is 2.97 units per acre. The proposed development will comply with the height, setbacks, parking and open space requirements.

Maximum building height shall be the maximum height established by the zoning district in which the project is located.

The “GC” zoning district allows for a maximum height of 45 feet. The applicant proposes single story buildings which will be well under the 45 foot height limitation.

Setbacks. Minimum setbacks shall be those established by the zoning district in which the project is located, subject to the following:

- a. In the NB, RC, GC and GO zoning districts, a minimum setback of twenty (20) feet is required adjacent to a residential zoning district, with an additional ten (10) feet for each story above one (1) story if adjacent to a single-family zoning district.

The “GC” zoning district calls for a setback of 0 feet but additional setbacks are required when a residential development is proposed in a non-residential district adjacent to a residential

zoning district. The parcels immediately east of the project site are residentially zoned, therefore a setback of 20 feet is required. The project proposes a 45 foot setback from the eastern most property line to the proposed six-plex, and a 30 foot setback for the proposed storage building.

b. A minimum setback of ten (10) feet is required from the right-of-way of an arterial street as identified in the adopted Transportation Master Plan, excluding the Downtown Mixed-Use area.

The project will front on Gordon Street which is a local road; therefore, this requirement does not apply.

Required parking: *Two (2) spaces per dwelling unit; and in compliance with the Development Standards Division 2, Parking and Loading.*

Two parking spaces are required for each unit and an additional 1 space per 2 units for guest spaces for a total of 15 required on-site spaces. The applicant has proposed a total of 20 spaces. As proposed, sufficient parking will be provided that the SUP for tandem parking is approved.

Open Space.

a. For Multi-Family Residential development, a minimum of 150 square feet per dwelling unit of common open space must be provided. For projects of 10 or more units, areas of common open space may only include contiguous landscaped areas with no dimension less than 15 feet, and a minimum of 100 square feet per unit of the common open space area must be designed for recreation, which may include but not be limited to picnic areas, sports courts, a softscape surface covered with turf, sand or similar materials acceptable for use by young children, including play equipment and trees, with no dimension less than 25 feet.

A minimum of 900 square feet of open space must be provided to comply with this requirement. A total of 21,617 square feet of common open space is being provided with this development. The project does not propose 10 or more units, therefore, the second portion of this requirement does not apply.

b. For Multi-Family Residential development, a minimum of 100 square feet of additional open space must be provided for each unit either as private open space or common open space.

A minimum of 600 square feet is required to be provided to comply with this requirement. A total of 21,617 square feet of common open space is being provided with this development.

c. For Single-Family Residential development or Two-Family Residential development, a minimum of 250 square feet of open space must be provided for each unit either as private open space or common open space.

This does not apply as it is a multi-family project.

d. Front and street side yard setback areas may not be included toward meeting the open space requirements.

As proposed, the bulk of the open space is located between the buildings and the eastern property line. To ensure compliance with this requirement, staff is recommending a condition of approval requiring the applicant provide an open space exhibit demonstrating (both quantitatively and qualitatively) compliance with the open space requirements prior to recording the final subdivision map.

Landscaping. Landscaping shall comply with the Carson City Development Standards Division 3, Landscaping.

The applicant has identified areas for landscaping, but not a detailed landscape plan. A detailed landscape plan that demonstrates compliance with CCDS Division 3 is required to be submitted with construction plans. Staff has included this as a condition of approval.

Special Use Permit review standards. Where a residential use is a conditional use within a given zoning district, the Planning Commission shall make two (2) of the following findings in the affirmative in the review of the Special Use Permit in addition to the required findings of Section 18.02.080 of the Carson City Municipal Code.

a. *The development is not situated on a primary commercial arterial street frontage.*

This finding is met. The project is not located on a commercial arterial frontage. The proposed development is located on Gordon Street which is a local road.

b. *The development is integrated into a mixed-use development that includes commercial development.*

This finding is met. Although the subject property is intended to develop as solely residential, it is adjacent to and in proximity to commercial and residential uses alike, thus creating a mixed-use area.

6. Will not be detrimental to the public health, safety, convenience and welfare; and

As conditioned, the proposed multi-family apartment development will not be detrimental to the public health, safety, convenience, and welfare. The use is consistent with other uses in the neighborhood and will meet all City standards.

7. Will not result in material damage or prejudice to other property in the vicinity, as a result of proposed mitigation measures.

As conditioned, the proposed development will not result in material damage or prejudice to other property in the vicinity. The subject property is surrounded by residential and commercial uses. The project proposes a six-plex which will provide a transitional use between the commercial use and the residential uses.

Attachments

Application- LU-2022-0439

Special Use Permit

FOR

The AEDV Gordon Street Shelter



Prepared For:

Advocates to End
Domestic Violence
112 N Curry St
Carson City, NV 89703

Prepared By:



575 E. Plumb Lane, Suite 101
Reno, NV 89502
775.636.7905

October 2022

22.065

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Advocates to End Domestic Violence

September 22, 2022

Carson City Planning Division
2621 Northgate Lane #62
Carson City, Nevada 89706

AEDV was incorporated in 1979 and began providing emergency shelter to survivors of domestic violence and their children in 1981. Over the course of 41 years, the program has provided more than 200,000 nights of safe and supportive shelter to homeless individuals and families fleeing abusive relationships. For 37 of those years, the emergency shelter has been housed in buildings rented from the state. AEDV has been a good steward of these properties, improving buildings that are nearly 100 years old as well as their grounds without attracting attention that they are shelters for survivors of domestic violence.

While the historically-protected buildings have served our needs, they are expensive to maintain due to their age, limited in their ability to be adapted for accessibility, and cannot receive the internet without an exorbitant layout of funds.

Realizing these limitations and the State's long-term plan to repurpose the properties, AEDV's Board developed a plan that has taken nearly twenty-five years to realize. The goal was to relocate AEDV's crisis intervention offices, emergency shelter, transitional housing, and thrift shop to buildings owned by the agency. After investigating available properties, all of which required extensive renovation, AEDV chose to purchase land to accommodate its different facilities in a "campus" environment and provide accessibility while better meeting the needs of survivors and the agency.

The plan was broken into phases, the first of which was completed in 2017 with the construction of Classy Seconds Thrift Shop, which generates funds essential to providing services to survivors. In 2021, the Intervention and Resource Center opened, completing the second phase. The third and pending phase is construction of the emergency shelter that has been designed to blend into the interactive landscaping with contemporary lines, walking paths, and the ability to capture sunlight for the future addition of solar panels. Each shelter unit will be accessible, offering a nurturing and healing atmosphere while increasing protection with attractive fencing and a security system.

At its completion, the new facility will be an architectural asset to the neighborhood, transforming a vacant lot into a place of great purpose, but most importantly, it will meet the needs of the survivors we shelter now and well into the future.

I appreciate your support,


Lisa Lee
Executive Director

Project Phasing:

The project is intended to be completed as quickly as possible, however, as funding is largely dependent on donations, a phased approach is proposed. The initial phase will include the development of the 6-unit shelter along with the necessary site improvements including parking lot, landscaping required to meet or exceed the minimum requirements, temporary fire turnaround, stormwater provisions and utility connections. The second phase will include the storage building, the remainder of the driveway, the permanent fire turnaround and additional landscaping required to meet or exceed the minimum requirements. The final phase will be the remainder of the extensive landscaping and community garden in the open space along the eastern property line. We are asking the City to allow Advocates to End Domestic Violence 18 months from the completion of one phase to the start of the subsequent phase.

Findings

An analysis of findings and approval criteria has been done in order to show compliance with Sections 18.02.080(5) and Appendix 18.1.18(8) of the Carson City Municipal Code.

Section 18.02.080(5)

1. Will be consistent with the objectives of the Master Plan elements.

Explain how your project will further and be in keeping with, and not contrary to, the goals of the Master Plan elements. Turn to the Master Plan Policy Checklist included with this application. The Master Plan Policy Checklist for Special Use Permits and Major Project Reviews addresses five items that appear in the Carson City Master Plan. Each theme looks at how a proposed development can help achieve the goals of the Carson City Master Plan. Address each theme; a check indicates that the proposed development meets the applicable Master Plan Policy. Provide written support of the policy statement in your own words as a part of these findings. For additional guidance, please refer to the Carson City Master Plan document on our website at www.carson.org/planning or you may contact the Planning Division to review the document in our office or request a copy.

1. *A Balanced Land Use Pattern*
 - a. **The proposed development will promote a balanced land use pattern by improving public access, incorporating durable and sustainable building materials, providing generous setbacks & allowing for the expansion of drainage detention facilities to the south.**
2. *Equitable Distribution of Recreational Opportunities*
 - a. **The improvements will include extending a public sidewalk across the frontage of the site extending the existing sidewalk network.**
3. *Economic Vitality*
 - a. **The proposed use will provide for secure shelter in times of need when economic resources are limited.**
4. *Livable Neighborhoods and Activity Centers*
 - a. **The proposed development will provide a low impact development with generous landscape buffers and private common amenities.**

5. *A Connected City*

- a. **The project will expand the existing street and extend the pedestrian sidewalk across the project frontage.**

2. *Will not be detrimental to the use, peaceful enjoyment, economic value, or development of surrounding properties or the general neighborhood; and is compatible with and preserves the character and integrity of adjacent development and neighborhoods or includes improvements or modifications either on-site or within the public right-of-way to mitigate development related to adverse impacts such as noise, vibrations, fumes, odors, dust, glare or physical activity.*

a. *Describe the general types of land uses and zoning designations adjoining your property (for example: North: grocery store, Retail Commercial zoning)*

Reference Pre-Development Discussion above.

b. *Explain why your project is similar to existing development in the neighborhood, and why it will not hurt property values or cause problems, such as noise, dust, odors, vibration, fumes, glare, or physical activity, etc. with neighboring property owners. Have other properties in your area obtained approval of a similar request? How will your project differ in appearance from your neighbors? Your response should consider the proposed physical appearance of your proposal, as well as comparing your use to others in the area.*

The proposed development will improve the neighborhood and will not be detrimental to the surrounding properties. The proposed use is consistent with surrounding development and will fill an undeveloped parcel with a relatively low density project providing a transitional buffer between the commercial uses along Highway 50 to the north and residential uses to the south. There are currently both multi-family and storage uses in the immediate vicinity of the development. Additionally, the proposed improvements include street frontage improvements along Gordon Street extending existing services and creating a significant landscape buffer between the proposed use and existing residential parcels to the east.

c. *Provide a statement explaining how your project will not be detrimental to the use, peaceful enjoyment or development of surrounding properties and the general neighborhood.*

The project use will generate minimal traffic increases and create minimal noise as a residential use, therefore, having no detrimental effect on the surrounding properties.

d. *If outdoor lighting is to be a part of the project, please indicate how it will be shielded from adjoining property and the type of lighting (wattage/height/placement) provided.*

All required lighting will be dark sky compliant consistent with Carson City standards.

e. *Describe the proposed landscaping, including screening and arterial landscape areas (if required by the zoning code). Include a site plan with existing and proposed landscape shown on the plan which complies with City ordinance requirements.*

The proposed landscape improvements are in excess of Carson City standards and will provide a significant buffer between the properties to the east and the proposed shelter.

f. *Explain any short-range and long-range benefit to the people of Carson City that will occur if your project is approved.*

Reference letter from the Director of Advocates to End Domestic Violence.

3. Will have little or no detrimental effect on vehicular or pedestrian traffic.

Consider the pedestrian and vehicular traffic that currently exists on the road serving your project. What impact will your development have to pedestrian and vehicular traffic when it is successfully operating? Will additional walkways and traffic lights be needed? Will you be causing traffic to substantially increase in the area? State how you have arrived at your conclusions.

The proposed improvements will have minimal traffic impact and should require no mitigation. The project will include extension of the public sidewalk providing for safe pedestrian access. Reference the Traffic Letter.

4. Will not overburden existing public services and facilities, including schools, police and fire protection, water, sanitary sewer, public roads, storm drainage and other public improvements.

- a. *How will your project affect the school district? Will your project add to the student population or will it provide a service to the student population?*

The proposed project will have no impact on the school district.

- b. *How will your project affect police and fire protection?*

The proposed project should have a minimal impact on both police and fire protection.

The project will provide access in accordance with fire department requirements. Please see letter of support from Sheriff Ken Furlong.

- c. *Is the water supply serving your project adequate to meet your needs without degrading supply and quality to others in the area? Is there adequate water pressure? Are the lines in need of replacement? Is your project served by a well? Contact the Development Engineering Division at (775) 887-2300 for assistance with this item, if applicable.*

There is an existing water main in Gordon Street capable of serving the proposed development. As required in the MPR letter, a Water Main Analysis will be provided in association with the final building permit application.

- d. *If your project will result in the covering of land area with paving or a compacted surface, how will drainage be accommodated? Contact the Development Engineering Division at (775) 887-2300 for assistance with this item, if applicable.*

The proposed development will include cascading bio-retention ponds which will accommodate the differential between the pre and post development conditions in accordance with Carson City standards.

- e. *Is there adequate capacity in the sewage disposal trunk line that you will connect to in order to serve your project, or is your site on a septic system? Contact the Development Engineering Division at (775) 887-2300 for assistance with this item, if applicable.*

The proposed project will connect to the existing sanitary sewer main in Gordon Street which has the capacity to serve the project based on the MPR Letter. It is understood that there is a downstream lift station which is at capacity. Based on this condition, it is understood the project will need to provide compensation at a pro rata share of cost for the necessary improvements. A sanitary sewer generation letter is provided and if required, a full Sanitary Sewer Study will be provided with the final building permit application.

- f. *What kind of road improvements are proposed or needed to accommodate your project? Contact the Development Engineering Division at (775) 887-2300 for assistance with this item, if applicable.*

Street frontage improvements along with sidewalk curb and gutter along the project frontage are proposed.

- g. *Indicate the source of the information that you are providing to support your conclusions and statements made in this application (private engineer, Development Engineering, Public Works, Transportation, title report or other sources).*

The conclusions above were made based on discussions with Carson City Public Works and Engineering Division as well as the Major Project Review comments.

5. *Meets the definition and specific standards set forth elsewhere in this Title for such particular use and meets the purpose statement of that district.*

Explain how your project meets the purpose statement of the zoning district in which it is located and how it meets the specific standards that are set forth in that zoning district. In CCMC Section 18.04, Use Districts, find the zoning district where your property is located. Refer to the purpose statement at the beginning of the zoning district section and explain how your project meets the purpose statement of that district. In addition, find the specific Intensity and Dimensional Standards for your zoning district in either CCMC Section 18.04.190 (Residential) or CCMC Section 18.04.195 (Non-Residential) and explain how your project meets these specific standards. To access the Carson City Municipal Code, visit our website at www.carson.org/planning

The intended use of a storage and emergency shelter for the proposed development meets the allowable uses provided by the General Commercial District in the condition that the emergency shelter undergoes the special use permit process. Furthermore, the site meets the non-residential district intensity and dimensional standards by achieving the minimum lot area and size, maintaining building height maximums and setbacks from adjacent parcels.

6. *Will not be detrimental to the public health, safety, convenience and welfare.*

Provide a statement explaining how your project will not be detrimental to the public health, safety, convenience and welfare. If applicable, provide information on any benefits that your project will provide to the general public.

The proposed development will not be detrimental to the public health, safety, convenience and welfare as the site will not produce any physical nuisance or potential hazards. The project will provide a shelter in times of need for the community.

7. *Will not result in material damage or prejudice to other property in the vicinity, as a result of proposed mitigation measures.*

Provide a statement explaining how your project will not result in material damage or prejudice to other property in the vicinity.

The project will not result in material damage or prejudice to other property in the vicinity because the proposed storage and emergency shelter units are compatible with the adjacent uses, therefore, should not have conflicting goals that are detrimental to the other properties.

Per Appendix 18.1.18(8) Two of the following (4) findings must be made:

1. The development is not situated on a primary commercial arterial street frontage.
 - a. The project complies as Gordon Street is designated as a Local street.
2. The development is integrated into a mixed-use development that includes commercial development.
 - a. The proposed development incorporates both residential and storage.
3. The applicant has provided evidence that the site is not a viable location for commercial uses.
 - a. With residential uses and a MU-Residential master plan designation to the east, the use provides a transition between more dense commercial uses to the north and west.
4. The site is designated Mixed-Use Commercial, Mixed-Use Residential or Mixed-Use Employment on the Master Plan Land Use Map and the project meets all applicable mixed-use criteria and standards.
 - a. The site is designated as mixed-use commercial and is adjacent to both mixed-use commercial and mixed-use residential on the Master Plan. The proposed development meets all applicable mixed-use criteria standards.

Carson City Planning Division
108 E. Proctor Street • Carson City NV 89701
Phone: (775) 887-2180 • E-mail: planning@carson.org

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY:

CCMC 18.02.080

SPECIAL USE PERMIT

FEE*: \$2,450.00 MAJOR
\$2,200.00 MINOR (Residential zoning districts)

+ noticing fee

*Due after application is deemed complete by staff

SUBMITTAL PACKET – 4 Complete Packets (1 Unbound Original and 3 Copies) including:

- Application Form
- Detailed Written Project Description
- Site Plan
- Building Elevation Drawings and Floor Plans
- Special Use Permit Findings
- Master Plan Policy Checklist
- Applicant's Acknowledgment Statement
- Documentation of Taxes Paid-to-Date
- Project Impact Reports (Engineering)

CD or USB DRIVE with complete application in PDF

Application Received and Reviewed By: _____

Submission Deadline: Planning Commission application submittal [schedule](#).

Note: Submittals must be of sufficient clarity and detail for all departments to adequately review the request. Additional information may be required.

FILE

APPLICANT PHONE #
Monte Vista Consulting, Ltd. 775-235-8404

MAILING ADDRESS, CITY, STATE, ZIP
575 E Plumb Ln, Suite 101, Reno, NV 89502

EMAIL ADDRESS
mike@montevistaconsulting.com

PROPERTY OWNER PHONE #
Advocates to End Domestic Violence 775-883-7654

MAILING ADDRESS, CITY, STATE, ZIP
PO Box 2529, Carson City, NV 89702

EMAIL ADDRESS
director@aedv.org

APPLICANT AGENT/REPRESENTATIVE PHONE #
Monte Vista Consulting, LTD. 775-636-7905

MAILING ADDRESS, CITY STATE, ZIP
575 E Plumb Ln, Suite 101, Reno, NV 89502

EMAIL ADDRESS

mike@montevistaconsulting.com

Project's Assessor Parcel Number(s):

008-303-41

Street Address

3649 Gordon St

Project's Master Plan Designation

Mixed-Us Commercial

Project's Current Zoning

GC

Nearest Major Cross Street(s)

Gordon St & Brown St

Please provide a brief description of your proposed project and/or proposed use below. Provide additional pages to describe your request in more detail.

PROPERTY OWNER'S AFFIDAVIT

I, Lisa Lee, being duly deposed, do hereby affirm that I am the record owner of the subject property, and that I have knowledge of, and I agree to, the filing of this application.

Signature

Address

Date

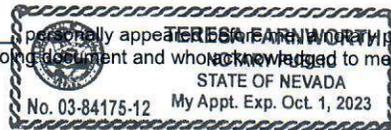
Use additional page(s) if necessary for additional owners.

STATE OF NEVADA)
COUNTY OF LYON)

On Sept. 15, 2022, Lisa Lee

personally appeared before me, a Notary Public, and acknowledged to me that he/she executed the foregoing document.

Teresa Farnsworth
Notary Public



NOTE: If your project is located within the Historic District or airport area, it may need to be scheduled before the Historic Resources Commission or the Airport Authority in addition to being scheduled for review by the Planning Commission. Planning staff can help you make this determination.

If there is any additional information that would provide a clearer picture of your proposal that you would like to add for presentation to the Planning Commission, please be sure to include it in your detailed description.

Please type and sign the statement on the following page at the end of your findings response.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF APPLICANT

I certify that the forgoing statements are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I agree to fully comply with all conditions as established by the Planning Commission. I am aware that this permit becomes null and void if the use is not initiated within one-year of the date of the Planning Commission's approval; and I understand that this permit may be revoked for violation of any of the conditions of approval. I further understand that approval of this application does not exempt me from all City code requirements.



Applicant's Signature

Michael Vicks

Print Name

10.4.22

Date

Master Plan Policy Checklist

Special Use Permits & Major Project Reviews & Administrative Permits

PURPOSE

The purpose of a development checklist is to provide a list of questions that address whether a development proposal is in conformance with the goals and objectives of the 2006 Carson City Master Plan that are related to non-residential and multi-family residential development. This checklist is designed for developers, staff, and decision-makers and is intended to be used as a guide only.

Development Name: AEDV Gordon Shelter

Reviewed By: _____

Date of Review: _____

DEVELOPMENT CHECKLIST

The following five themes are those themes that appear in the Carson City Master Plan and which reflect the community's vision at a broad policy level. Each theme looks at how a proposed development can help achieve the goals of the Carson City Master Plan. A check mark indicates that the proposed development meets the applicable Master Plan policy. The Policy Number is indicated at the end of each policy statement summary. Refer to the Comprehensive Master Plan for complete policy language.

CHAPTER 3: A BALANCED LAND USE PATTERN



The Carson City Master Plan seeks to establish a balance of land uses within the community by providing employment opportunities, a diverse choice of housing, recreational opportunities, and retail services.

Is or does the proposed development:

- Meet the provisions of the Growth Management Ordinance (1.1d, Municipal Code 18.12)?
- Use sustainable building materials and construction techniques to promote water and energy conservation (1.1e, f)?
- Located in a priority infill development area (1.2a)?
- Provide pathway connections and easements consistent with the adopted Unified Pathways Master Plan and maintain access to adjacent public lands (1.4a)?

- Protect existing site features, as appropriate, including mature trees or other character-defining features (1.4c)?
- At adjacent county boundaries or adjacent to public lands, coordinated with the applicable agency with regards to compatibility, access and amenities (1.5a, b)?
- In identified Mixed-Use areas, promote mixed-use development patterns as appropriate for the surrounding context consistent with the land use descriptions of the applicable Mixed-Use designation, and meet the intent of the Mixed-Use Evaluation Criteria (2.1b, 2.2b, 2.3b, Land Use Districts, Appendix C)?
- Meet adopted standards (e.g. setbacks) for transitions between non-residential and residential zoning districts (2.1d)?
- Protect environmentally sensitive areas through proper setbacks, dedication, or other mechanisms (3.1b)?
- Sited outside the primary floodplain and away from geologic hazard areas or follows the required setbacks or other mitigation measures (3.3d, e)?
- Provide for levels of services (i.e. water, sewer, road improvements, sidewalks, etc.) consistent with the Land Use designation and adequate for the proposed development (Land Use table descriptions)?
- If located within an identified Specific Plan Area (SPA), meet the applicable policies of that SPA (Land Use Map, Chapter 8)?

CHAPTER 4: EQUITABLE DISTRIBUTION OF RECREATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES



The Carson City Master Plan seeks to continue providing a diverse range of park and recreational opportunities to include facilities and programming for all ages and varying interests to serve both existing and future neighborhoods.

Is or does the proposed development:

- Provide park facilities commensurate with the demand created and consistent with the City's adopted standards (4.1b)?
- Consistent with the Open Space Master Plan and Carson River Master Plan (4.3a)?

CHAPTER 5: ECONOMIC VITALITY



The Carson City Master Plan seeks to maintain its strong diversified economic base by promoting principles which focus on retaining and enhancing the strong employment base, include a broader range of retail services in targeted areas, and include the roles of technology, tourism, recreational amenities, and other economic strengths vital to a successful community.

Is or does the proposed development:

- Encourage a citywide housing mix consistent with the labor force and non-labor force populations (5.1j)
- Encourage the development of regional retail centers (5.2a)
- Encourage reuse or redevelopment of underused retail spaces (5.2b)?
- Support heritage tourism activities, particularly those associated with historic resources, cultural institutions and the State Capitol (5.4a)?
- Promote revitalization of the Downtown core (5.6a)?
- Incorporate additional housing in and around Downtown, including lofts, condominiums, duplexes, live-work units (5.6c)?

CHAPTER 6: LIVABLE NEIGHBORHOODS AND ACTIVITY CENTERS



The Carson City Master Plan seeks to promote safe, attractive and diverse neighborhoods, compact mixed-use activity centers, and a vibrant, pedestrian-friendly Downtown.

Is or does the proposed development:

- Use durable, long-lasting building materials (6.1a)?
- Promote variety and visual interest through the incorporation of varied building styles and colors, garage orientation and other features (6.1b)?
- Provide variety and visual interest through the incorporation of well-articulated building facades, clearly identified entrances and pedestrian connections, landscaping and other features consistent with the Development Standards (6.1c)?
- Provide appropriate height, density and setback transitions and connectivity to surrounding development to ensure compatibility with surrounding development for infill projects or adjacent to existing rural neighborhoods (6.2a, 9.3b 9.4a)?
- If located in an identified Mixed-Use Activity Center area, contain the appropriate mix, size and density of land uses consistent with the Mixed-Use district policies (7.1a, b)?
- If located Downtown:
 - Integrate an appropriate mix and density of uses (8.1a, e)?
 - Include buildings at the appropriate scale for the applicable Downtown Character Area (8.1b)?
 - Incorporate appropriate public spaces, plazas and other amenities (8.1d)?
- Incorporate a mix of housing models and densities appropriate for the project location and size (9.1a)?

CHAPTER 7: A CONNECTED CITY



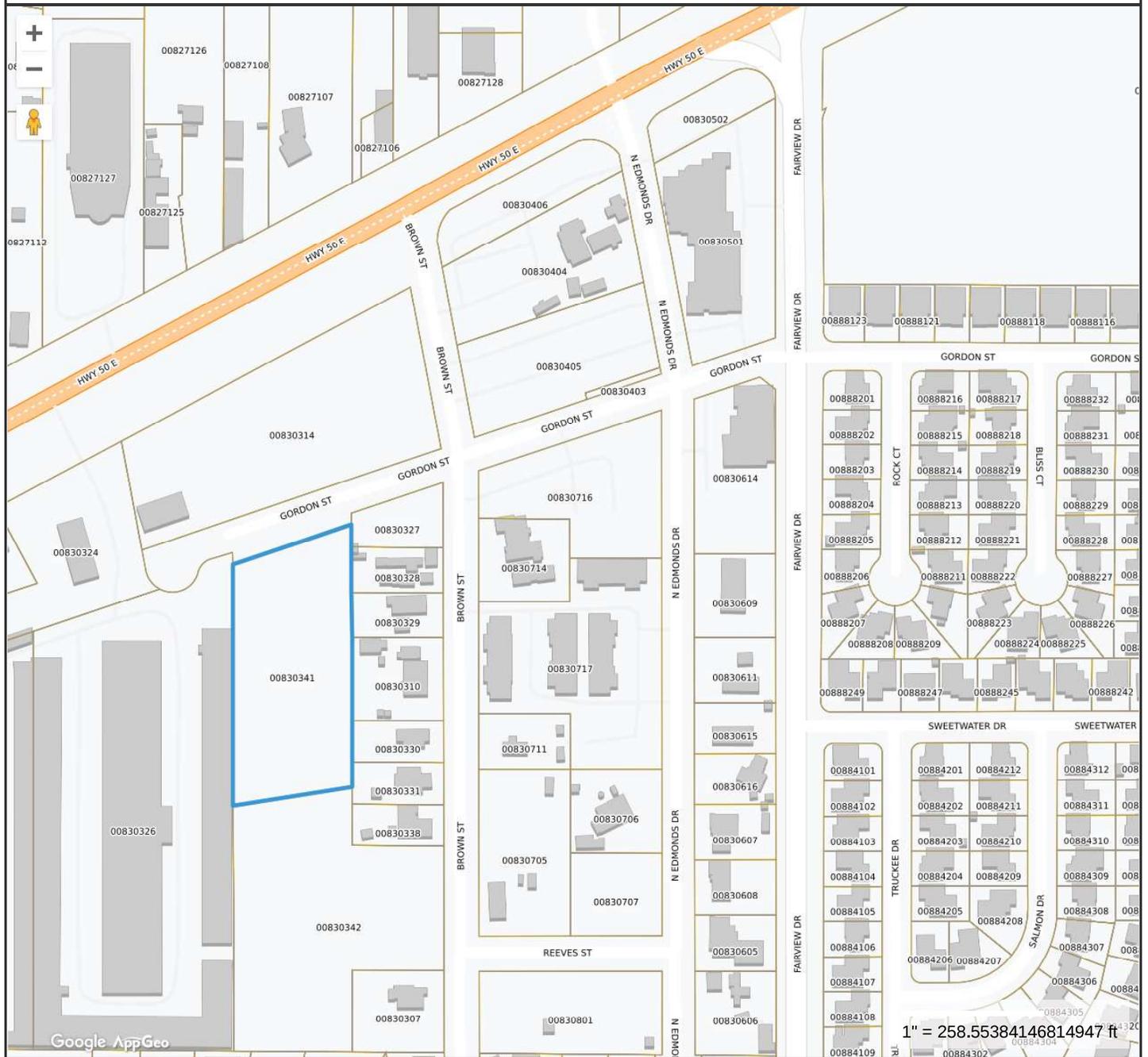
The Carson City Master Plan seeks promote a sense of community by linking its many neighborhoods, employment areas, activity centers, parks, recreational

amenities and schools with an extensive system of interconnected roadways, multi-use pathways, bicycle facilities, and sidewalks.

Is or does the proposed development:

- Promote transit-supportive development patterns (e.g. mixed-use, pedestrian-oriented, higher density) along major travel corridors to facilitate future transit (11.2b)?
- Maintain and enhance roadway connections and networks consistent with the Transportation Master Plan (11.2c)?
- Provide appropriate pathways through the development and to surrounding lands, including parks and public lands, consistent with the Unified Pathways Master Plan (12.1a, c)?

Vicinity Map



Property Information

Property ID 00830341
Location 3649 GORDON ST
Owner ADVOCATES TO END DOMESTIC VIOLENCE
Acres 0



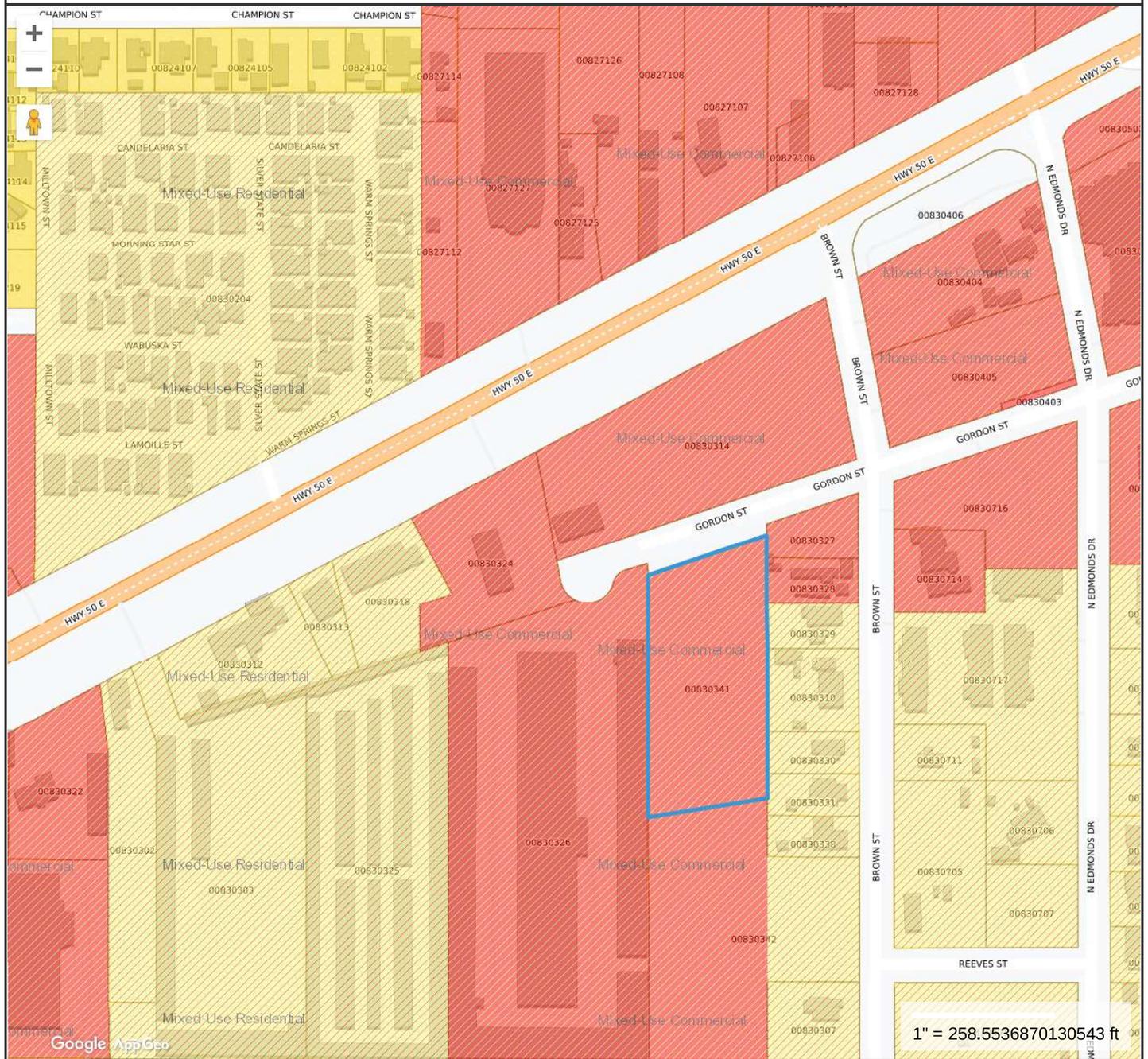
**MAP FOR REFERENCE ONLY
NOT A LEGAL DOCUMENT**

Carson City , NV makes no claims and no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the validity or accuracy of the GIS data presented on this map.

Geometry updated 11/17/2018
Data updated 11/17/2018

Print map scale is approximate. Critical layout or measurement activities should not be done using this resource.

Master Plan



Property Information

Property ID 00830341
Location 3649 GORDON ST
Owner ADVOCATES TO END DOMESTIC VIOLENCE
Acres 0



[CLICK LOGO FOR TUTORIAL](#)

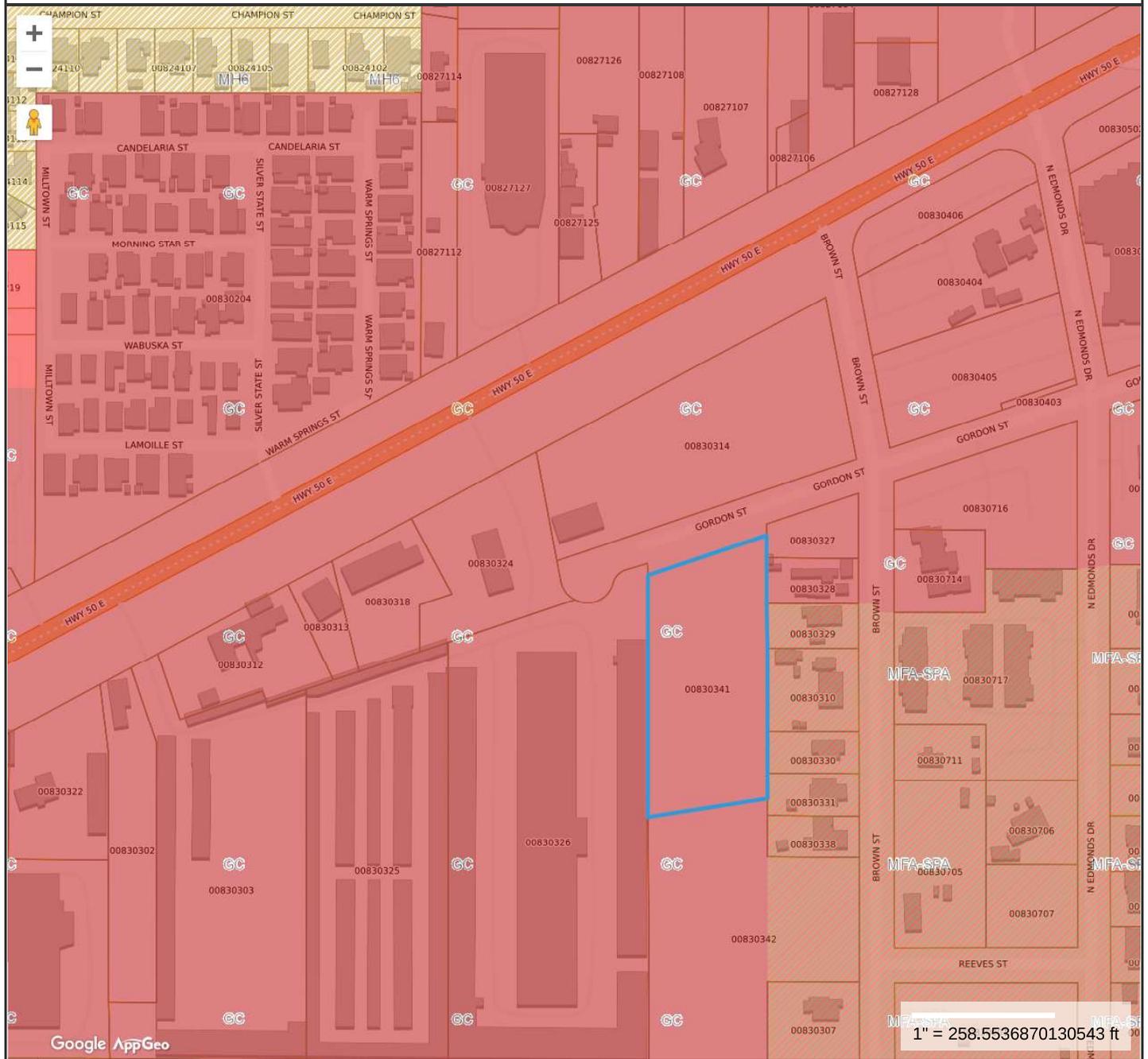
**MAP FOR REFERENCE ONLY
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Geometry updated 11/17/2018
Data updated 11/17/2018

Print map scale is approximate. Critical layout or measurement activities should not be done using this resource.

Zoning Map



Property Information

Property ID 00830341
Location 3649 GORDON ST
Owner ADVOCATES TO END DOMESTIC VIOLENCE
Acres 0



[CLICK LOGO FOR TUTORIAL](#)

MAP FOR REFERENCE ONLY NOT A LEGAL DOCUMENT

Carson City , NV makes no claims and no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the validity or accuracy of the GIS data presented on this map.

Geometry updated 11/17/2018
 Data updated 11/17/2018

Print map scale is approximate. Critical layout or measurement activities should not be done using this resource.

Map Theme Legends

Current Zoning

- ZONECODE
-  Agricultural
 -  Airport Industrial Park
 -  Conservation Reserve
 -  Downtown Mixed-Use
 -  General Commercial
 -  General Commercial PUD
 -  General Commercial SPA
 -  General Industrial
 -  General Industrial Airport
 -  General Office
 -  Limited Industrial
 -  Multi-Family Apartments
 -  Multi-Family Apartments PUD
 -  Multi-Family Apartments SPA
 -  Multi-Family Duplex
 -  Multi-Family Duplex PUD
 -  Multi-Family Duplex SPA
 -  Mobilehome - 6,000 sf
 -  Mobilehome - 6,000 sf PUD
 -  Mobilehome - 12,000 sf
 -  Mobilehome - 1 ac
 -  Mobilehome Park
 -  Neighborhood Business
 -  Neighborhood Business PUD
 -  Neighborhood Business SPA
 -  Public
 -  Public Community
 -  Public Community PUD
 -  Public Community SPA
 -  Public Neighborhood
 -  Public Neighborhood PUD
 -  Public Regional
 -  Retail Commercial
 -  Retail Commercial PUD
 -  Residential Office
 -  Residential Office PUD
 -  Single-Family - 6,000 sf
 -  Single-Family - 6,000 sf PUD
 -  Single-Family - 6,000 sf SPA
 -  Single-Family - 12,000 sf
 -  Single-Family - 12,000 sf PUD
 -  Single-Family - 21,000 sf
 -  Single-Family - 21,000 sf PUD
 -  Single-Family - 1 ac
 -  Single-Family - 1 ac PUD
 -  Single-Family - 2 ac
 -  Single-Family - 2 ac PUD
 -  Single-Family - 5 ac
 -  Tourist Commercial
 -  Tourist Commercial PUD

Carson City Zoning Boundary Layer. Layer was created using the Carson City Parcel Boundary File and the Carson City Street Centerline File.

Map Theme Legends

Master Plan

-  Community / Regional Commercial
-  Neighborhood Commercial
-  Industrial
-  Rural Residential (5-20 ac/du)
-  Low Density Residential
(0.2-3 du/ac or 5-0.33 ac/du)
-  Medium Density Residential
(3-8 du/ac)
-  High Density Residential
(8-36 du/ac)
-  Public / Quasi-Public
-  Washoe Tribe
-  Office
-  Vacant Private Land
-  Conservation Reserve
(Private)
-  Downtown Mixed-Use
-  Mixed-Use Commercial
-  Mixed-Use Residential
-  Mixed-Use Employment
-  Public Conservation
-  Open Space
-  Parks & Recreation

Carson City, NV Master Plan Land Use This layer should not be confused with current land usage, which is called zoning. This layer depicts the future planned land usage agreed upon by the Carson City Planning Department and the Board of Supervisors.

Plans

PLAN / RCP SHEET NOTES

1. ALTERNATE OF FINISH

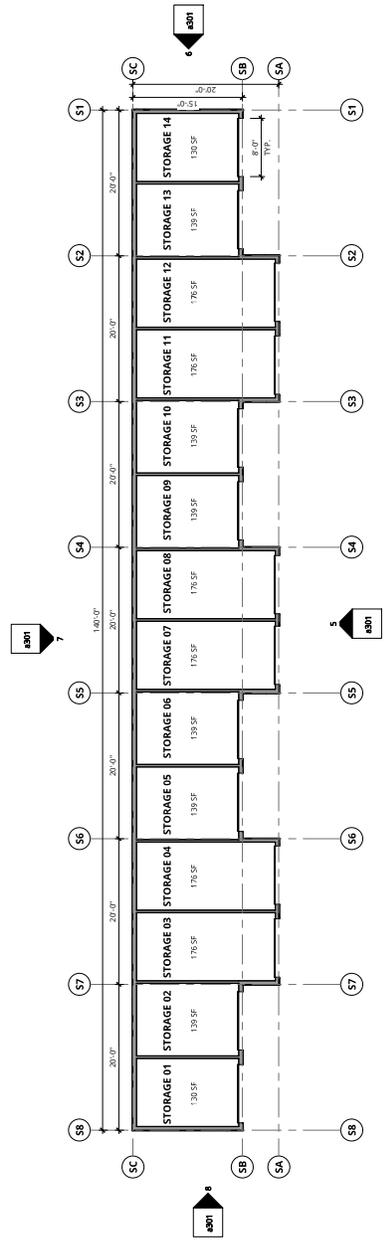
WALL TYPES LEGEND

- EXTERIOR STUD WALL U/L/O. U/L/O.**
5/8" TYPE A GYPSUM WALLBOARD EACH SIDE
5/8" GYPSUM WALLBOARD EACH SIDE
- EXTERIOR STUD WALL U/L/O. U/L/O.**
R-2: FIBERGLASS INSULATION TO TOP
2x4 STUDS @ 24" O.C.
EXTERIOR FINISH - STUCCO W/ ACrylic FINISH
COLOR VARIES
EXTERIOR FINISH - 1/2" BATTING
- EXTERIOR WALL U/L/O. U/L/O.**
2x4 WOOD STUDS @ 24" O.C.
2x4 WOOD STUDS @ 24" O.C.
R-11: FIBERGLASS INSULATION
PAINTS FINISHED
GROUT-GRAB
- INTERIOR STUD WALL U/L/O.**
5/8" TYPE A GYPSUM WALLBOARD EACH SIDE
- INTERIOR STUD WALL U/L/O.**
2x4 STUDS @ 24" O.C.
- INTERIOR WALL U/L/O.**
SEE DETAIL ON A207 FOR FINISH

FLOOR PLAN NOTES

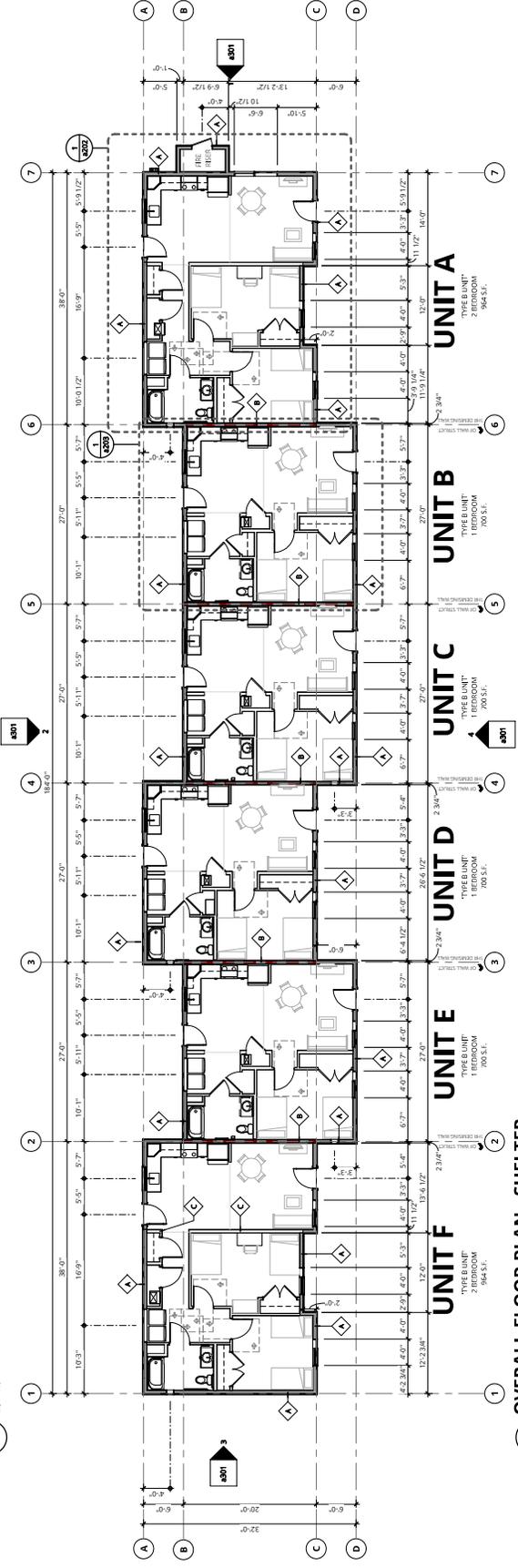
1. ALL WORK SHALL COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE BUILDING CODES AND REGULATIONS, LOCAL JURISDICTION ORDINANCES AND SPECIFICATIONS.
2. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AND CONDITIONS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. NOTIFY ARCHITECT OF ANY DISCREPANCIES.
3. DIMENSIONS ARE FROM FACE UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
4. DIMENSIONS ARE FROM FACE UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
5. OTHER FINISHES SHALL BE NOTED THROUGHOUT PROJECT. (SPECIFICATIONS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE)
6. ALL FINISH MATERIALS NOT SPECIFIED TO BE COORDINATED WITH COVER AND ACCESSORIES.
7. PROVIDE SOUND BLOCC/BLOCKS BEHIND ALL PARTITIONS AND WALL MOUNTED ACCESSORIES.
8. PROVIDE SOUND BLOCC/BLOCKS BEHIND ALL PARTITIONS AND WALL MOUNTED ACCESSORIES.
9. SEE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

REV.	DATE	REVISIONS	DESCRIPTION



2 OVERALL FLOOR PLAN - STORAGE UNITS

OVERALL AREA: 2,127 S.F. 5A - 1/4" CONSTRUCTION



1 OVERALL FLOOR PLAN - SHELTER

OVERALL AREA: 4,775 S.F. 1/4" CONSTRUCTION - SPRINKLERED PER IBC

OVERALL FLOOR PLANS

a201



FORMGREY STUDIO
190 W. 10th St. Suite 100, Carson City, NV 89701

AEDV SHELTER
Client: HHS, LLC

3649 Gordon Street
Carson City, NV 89701

Project Status
Basic Data: NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION
Project #: 202103

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

ACCESSORY AND EQUIPMENT SCHEDULE - DWELLING UNIT

NO.	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL	ACCESSIBLE	COMMENTS
01	TUB/SHOWER			NO	
02	LAUNDRY			NO	
03	TOILET			NO	
04	WALK-IN CLOSET			NO	
05	SHOWER			NO	
06	SHOWER PAN			NO	
07	SHOWER CURTAIN			NO	
08	SHOWER SEAT			NO	
09	COUNTERTOP			NO	
10	KITCHEN SINK / CONTROLS			NO	
11	GARBAGE DISPOSAL			NO	
12	OPEN FLYC RANGE			NO	
13	VENT HOOD			NO	
14	REFRIGERATOR			NO	
15	REFRIGERATOR			NO	
16	REFRIGERATOR			NO	
17	REFRIGERATOR			NO	
18	REFRIGERATOR			NO	
19	REFRIGERATOR			NO	
20	CEILING FAN / LIGHT			NO	PROVIDE ELEC. OUTLET AND DATA
21	WASHER / DRYER				

ROOM FINISH SCHEDULE - 1 BEDROOM

NAME	#	BASE FINISH	CEILING FINISH	FLOOR FINISH	NORTH WALL	SOUTH WALL	EAST WALL	WEST WALL	COMMENTS
BATH									
BEDROOM									
KITCHEN									
LAUNDRY									
LIVING ROOM									
WALK IN CLOSET									

FLOOR PLAN NOTES

- ALL WORK SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL CITY, STATE, FEDERAL, AND LOCAL BUILDING, MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, AND PLUMBING CODES AND REGULATIONS.
- MANUFACTURERS' AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS SHALL BE OBTAINED AND COMPLETED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. NOTIFY ARCHITECT OF ANY DISCREPANCIES.
- DO NOT SCALE THE DRAWINGS. VERIFY DIMENSIONS TAKE PRECEDENCE.
- USE MATERIALS AND METHODS AS SPECIFIED UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- FACE OF CONCRETE, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- ALL LUMBER SHALL BE FOREST STEWARDSHIP COUNCIL (FSC) CERTIFIED, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- ALL FINISH MATERIALS SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH OWNER AND ARCHITECT.
- ALL FINISH MATERIALS SHALL BE DELIVERED TO THE PROJECT AND SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM DAMAGE AND ACCESSORIES.
- USE MATERIALS PERMANENT OR DURABLE TO THE EXTENT POSSIBLE AT ALL WEAR AREAS.
- VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR ALL MATERIALS AND METHODS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. NOTIFY ARCHITECT OF ANY DISCREPANCIES.

PLAN / INT. ELEV. SHEET NOTES

- ALLEN FACE OF FINISH

WALL TYPES LEGEND

- EXTERIOR STUD WALL U/L/O L/L/B**
5/8" TYPE X Gypsum Wallboard Interior Side
5/8" TYPE X Gypsum Wallboard Exterior Side
- INTERIOR STUD WALL U/L/O L/L/B**
2x4 STUDS @ 24" O.C.
1/2" Gypsum Wallboard Each Side
SEE DETAIL ON A007 FOR USC*
- EXTERIOR STUD WALL U/L/O L/L/B**
2x4 STUDS @ 24" O.C.
1/2" Gypsum Wallboard Each Side
SEE DETAIL ON A007 FOR USC*
- EXTERIOR STUD WALL U/L/O L/L/B**
2x4 STUDS @ 24" O.C.
1/2" Gypsum Wallboard Each Side
SEE DETAIL ON A007 FOR USC*

SEE DETAIL ON A007 FOR USC*

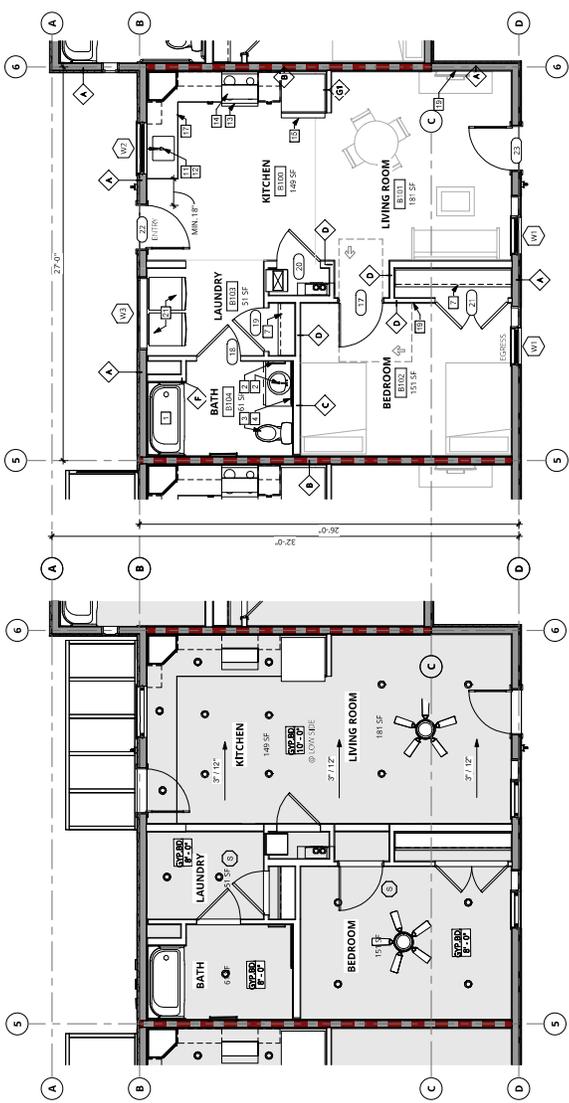
ENLARGED FLOOR / CEILING PLANS - 1 BEDROOM UNITS

a203

FORMGREY STUDIO
1601 BIRCH AVE. SUITE 100, CARSON CITY, NV 89701

AEDV SHELTER
3649 Gordon Street
Carson City, NV 89701

Project Status: NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION
Issue Date: 2023-03-03
Project #: 2023-03



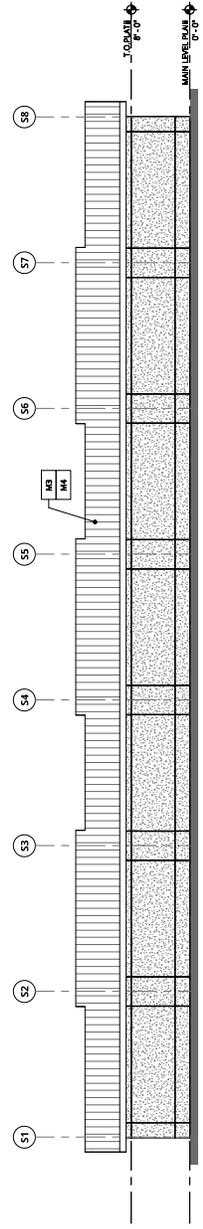
2 ENLARGED REFLECTED CEILING PLAN
1/8" = 1'-0"

1 ENLARGED FLOOR PLAN
1/8" = 1'-0"

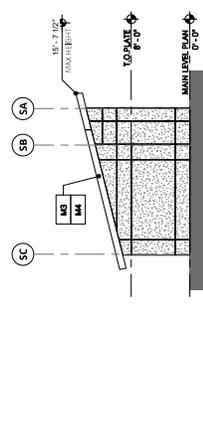
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

MATERIAL LEGEND

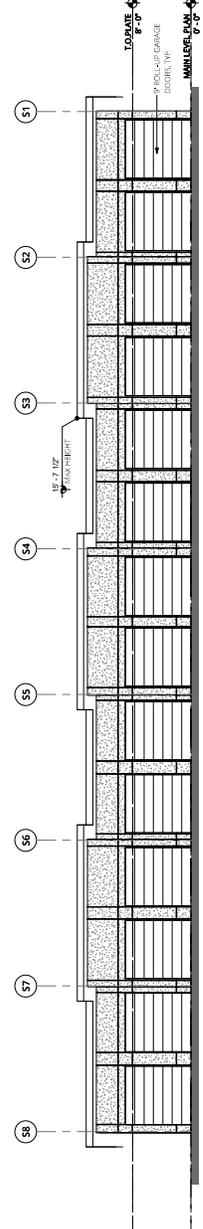
M1	STEEL - HANS COLOR "WOODGRAIN"
M2	CORRUGATED METAL - "DUALMATEP"
M3	DARK GRAY METAL - "505M" - MATCH ROOF COLOR
M4	DARK GREY - "STAINLESS SEAM METAL ROOF"



7 STORAGE UNIT - SOUTH ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"

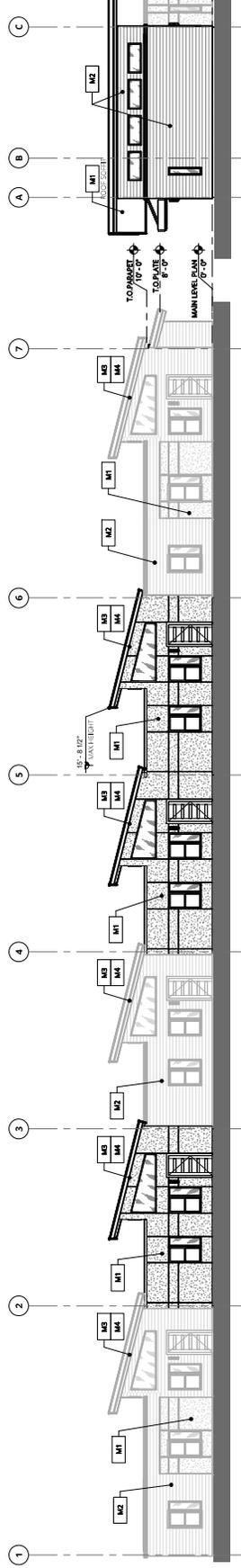


8 STORAGE UNIT - EAST ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"



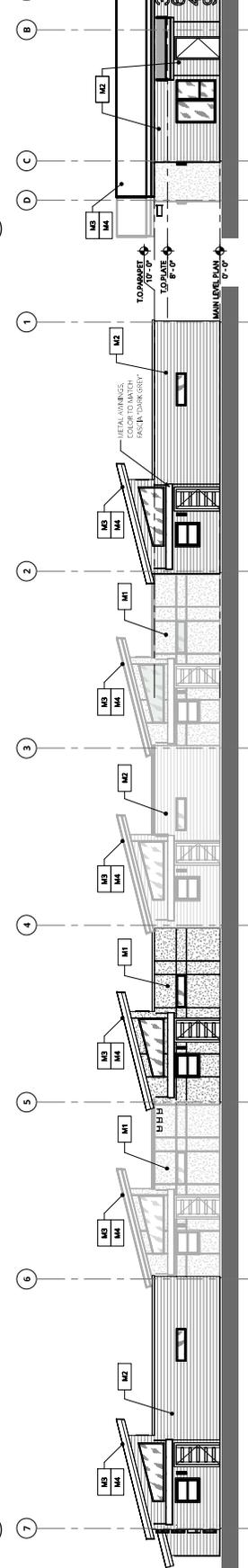
5 STORAGE UNIT - NORTH ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"

6 STORAGE UNIT - WEST ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"



4 EAST ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"

3 SOUTH ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"



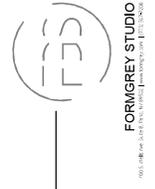
2 WEST ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"

1 NORTH ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"

REVISIONS

REV.	DATE	DESCRIPTION

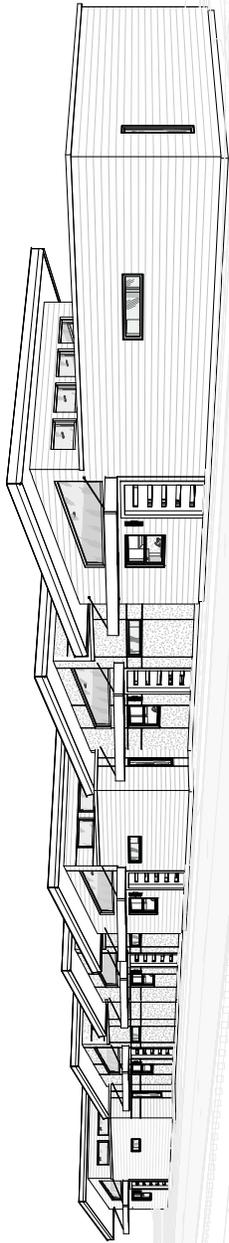
ELEVATIONS
a301



AEDV SHELTER
Client: Lisa Lee
3649 Gordon Street
Carson City, NV 89701

Project Status
BIMB Date: NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION
Project #: 202103

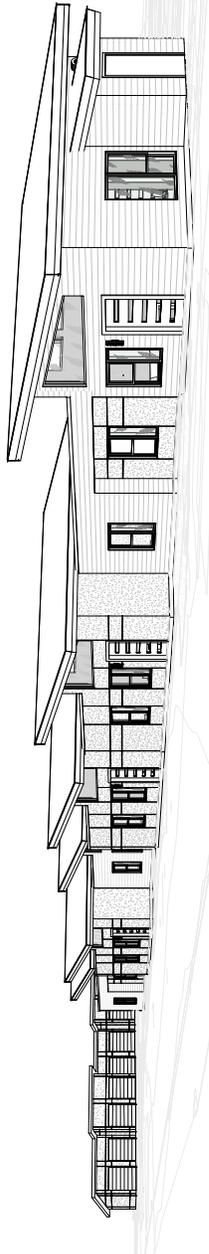
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION



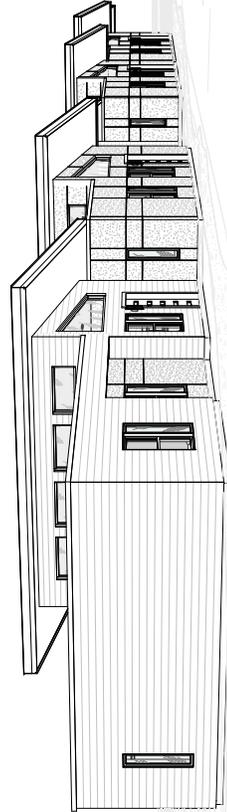
1 3D View 1



2 3D View 2



3 3D View 3



4 3D View 4

REV.	DATE	DESCRIPTION

3-DIMENSIONAL
VIEWS

a303



FORMGREY STUDIO
1901 HERRING AVENUE, SUITE 100, CARSON CITY, NV 89701

AEDV SHELTER
© BENTLEY & LEE

3649 Gordon Street
Carson City, NV 89701

Project Status
BIM Date: NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION
Project #: 202103

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION



LANDSCAPE CONCEPTUAL DESIGN

- | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 Staggered and Mixed Material Paving and Gate | 9 Edible Garden | 18 Balance Logs |
| 2 Staggered Entry Walk | 10 Gates | 19 Recycled Granite Pavers |
| 3 Seating Node | 11 Stormwater Creek | 20 Shade Tree, Typ. |
| 4 Gathering Space | 12 Bridge | 21 Aspen Trees, Typ. |
| 5 Seale Structure | 13 Adventure Play Climber | 22 Evergreen Tree, Typ. |
| 6 Play Knoll / Amphitheater Style Seating | 14 Play Water Weir and Spillway | 23 Meadow Style Planting, Typ. |
| 7 Seating Boulders | 15 Balance Beams | 24 Entry Planting, Typ. |
| 8 Detention Ponds | 16 Knoll With Built In Slide | 25 Screening Planting Typ. |
| | 17 Wood Steps / Boulder Steps | 26 Entry Seatwall |
| | | 27 Wall |
| | | 28 Gravel Paving |

Project Impact Reports & Additional Information

PRELIMINARY ONSITE DRAINAGE REPORT

FOR

The AEDV Gordon Street Shelter



Prepared For:

Advocates to End
Domestic Violence
112 N Curry St
Carson City, NV 89703

Prepared By:



575 E. Plumb Lane, Suite 101
Reno, NV 89502
775.636.7905

October 2022

22.065

Table of Contents

- Preliminary Onsite Drainage Report
- Preliminary Onsite Drainage Calculations
- Vicinity Map
- Preliminary Site Plan (C1.0)
- Appendix
 - FEMA FIRM Map
 - NOAA Atlas 14 Point Precipitation Frequency Estimates
 - TMRDM Rational Method Runoff Coefficients (Table 701)

References

- Truckee Meadows Regional Drainage Manual (TMRDM)

Onsite Drainage Report

Project: The AEDV Gordon Street Shelter

Date: October 2022

Description: The project will consist of a 6-unit emergency shelter building, a storage building, and associated driveway, parking lot, landscaping, utilities and drainage improvements.

Location: 3649 Gordon Street

APN: 008-303-41

Site Area: 2.0 ac

Developed Area: 0.7 ac

Disturbance: 2.0 ac

Flood Zone: X (Unshaded)

Firm: 3200010111H

Restrictions: None

Pre-Development Discussion

Existing Development & Drainage Facilities:

The site is mostly undeveloped. Existing improvements consist of a concrete pad and overhead electric improvements. The site slopes between 1-5% from the southwest to the northeast. The majority of vegetation on the site consists of native grasses and brush. There is some remanent disturbance from previous construction staging activities. Onsite flow generated by the site flows to the northeast and discharged to either the adjacent sites to the east or north to Gordon Street. Flow discharged to Gordon Street is captured by an existing swale and existing storm drain infrastructure along Gordon Street. Onsite flow ultimately contributes to the Carson River.

Surrounding Properties:

- North: Gordon Street and undeveloped commercial
- South: Undeveloped commercial
- East: Developed residential
- West: Developed commercial

Offsite Contributing Flow: N/A

Previous Analysis: N/A

Post-Development Discussion

Proposed Drainage Improvements:

The developed site will maintain and improve existing drainage patterns. The site will be graded to direct storm flows away from the proposed buildings to swales and curb and gutters. The majority of the storm flows are conveyed to a series of cascading bio-retention ponds that are to the east of the proposed emergency shelter. During storm events, storm flows will continue north through the ponds until storm flows reach the final proposed bio-retention pond in the northeast corner of the site. Additionally, any existing flows that discharge to the residential sites to the east are redirected to the proposed drainage infrastructure, eliminating a potential drainage concern. The final bio-retention pond has been sized to accommodate the 10-year 24-hour storm event in accordance with Carson City drainage standards and the upstream bio-retention ponds will provide an additional factor of safety against larger storm events. The final pond will have an outlet structure that connects to the existing storm drain infrastructure in Gordon Street. The rim elevation of the outlet structure will be elevated

near the top of the pond which allows the pond to retain the required flow prior to releasing excess flows directly to the existing storm drain infrastructure.

Low Impact Development Features:

This site will utilize a bio-retention pond (TC-30) to promote sedimentation and infiltration addressing LID requirements.

Conclusions:

The proposed development will be constructed in accordance with Carson City Design Standards. Peak flow from the site will be limited to pre-development conditions and the proposed bio-retention basin will address the post construction stormwater quality requirements.

Onsite Drainage Calculations - Rational Method

Project: AEDV Gordon Shelter

Hydrology Methodology

Rational Method Analysis is used for all calculations in this report. Peak runoff is determined using equation 708 of the TMRDM:

$$Q = CiA$$

Q = Peak Flow (cfs)
C = Runoff Coefficient

The runoff coefficient is determined by land use type and surface type. For typical surfaces standard runoff coefficients can be determined utilizing Table 701 of the TMRDM. For this analysis, a composite runoff coefficient can be determined utilizing weighted averaging of the individual surface runoff coefficients.

i = Rainfall Intensity (in/hr)

Rainfall intensity is determined utilizing the NOAA Atlas Point Precipitation Frequency Estimates which give rainfall intensities based on average recurrence intervals and duration. The duration of a storm is also known as the time of concentration. For small urbanized paved areas shall be 5 minutes & 10 minutes for vegetated landscape areas.

A = Basin Area (acres)

Site Runoff Coefficients & Rainfall Intensities

5-Year	$C_{\text{Undeveloped}} = 0.2$	$C_{\text{Impervious}} = 0.88$	$C_{\text{Landscape}} = 0.2$
100-Year	$C_{\text{Undeveloped}} = 0.5$	$C_{\text{Impervious}} = 0.93$	$C_{\text{Landscape}} = 0.5$
5-min	$i_2 = 1.416$	$i_5 = 1.896$	$i_{100} = 4.62$
10 min	$i_2 = 1.080$	$i_5 = 1.44$	$i_{100} = 3.51$
24 hr	$i_{10}(24 \text{ hr}) = 0.086$		

Pre-Development Condition

1.1 Composite Runoff Coefficient

Basin	Area (s.f.)	Impervious Area (s.f.)	Undeveloped Area (s.f.)	C_5	C_{100}
X1	87825	507	87318	0.20	0.50
Totals	87825	507	87318	0.20	0.50

1.2 Rational Flow Calculations

Basin	Area (ac)	i_2 (in/hr)	i_5 (in/hr)	i_{100} (in/hr)	Q_2 (cfs)	Q_5 (cfs)	Q_{100} (cfs)	Q_{10} (24hr) (cfs)	Target
X1	2.02	1.080	1.44	3.51	0.444	0.592	3.556	0.087	EX SD
Totals	2.02				0.444	0.592	3.556	0.087	

Post-Development Condition

2.1 Composite Runoff Coefficient

Basin	Area (s.f.)	Impervious Area (s.f.)	Landscape Area (s.f.)	C_5	C_{100}
1	87825	32244	55581	0.45	0.66
Totals	87825	32244	55581	0.45	0.66

2.2 Rational Flow Calculations

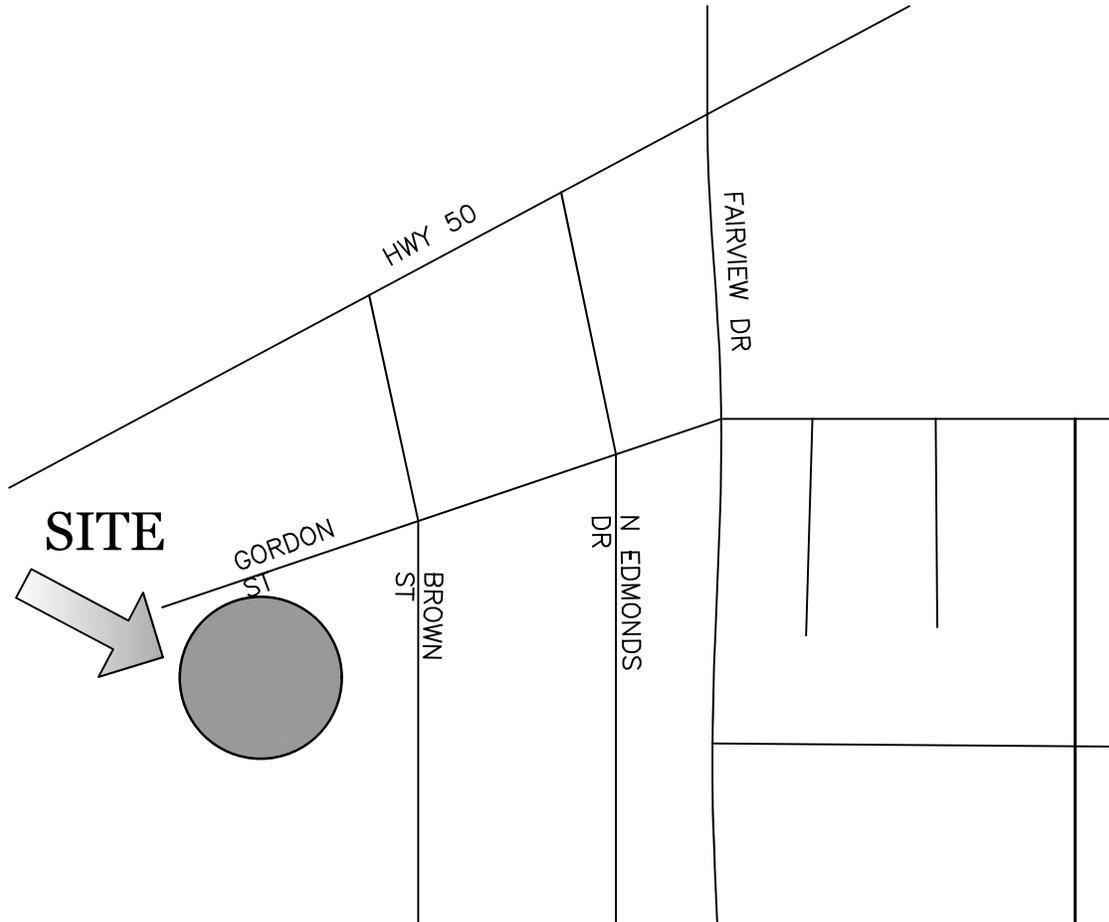
Basin	Area (ac)	i_2 (in/hr)	i_5 (in/hr)	i_{100} (in/hr)	Q_2 (cfs)	Q_5 (cfs)	Q_{100} (cfs)	Q_{10} (24hr) (cfs)	Target
1	2.02	1.416	1.896	4.62	1.284	1.719	6.128	0.114	Ponds
Totals	2.02				1.284	1.719	6.128	0.114	

2.3 Detention/Retention Calculations

Event	Pre-Dev Q_{10} (cfs)	Post-Dev Q_{10} (cfs)	Required Detention (cfs)	Required Detention (ft^3)
24 hr	0.09	0.11	0.03	2335

Pond	Area (ft^2)	Volume (ft^3)	Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	Volume Capacity (cfs)	Infiltration Capacity (cfs)	Total Capacity (cfs)	Q_{10} (24hr) (cfs)	Bypassed Flow (cfs)	Target	Factor of Safety
Final Pond	1716	2571	3	0.03	0.12	0.15	0.11	0.0000	EX SD	1.3

Infiltration Rate per Geotechnical Report by Westex Consulting Engineers, LLC



AEVD Gordon Shelter

3649 Gordon Street

APN: 008-303-41

22.065

Vicinity Map



575 E. Plumb Lane #101, Reno, NV 89502

775.636.7905

montevistaconsulting.com

Appendix

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette

119°43'55"W 39°10'53"N



Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS



0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile *Zone X*

Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard *Zone X*

Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee, See Notes, *Zone X*

Area with Flood Risk due to Levee *Zone D*

Area of Minimal Flood Hazard *Zone X*

Effective LOMR *Zone D*

Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard *Zone D*

Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer Levee, Dike, or Floodwall

Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Elevation

Coastal Transect

Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE)

Limit of Study

Jurisdiction Boundary

Coastal Transect Baseline

Profile Baseline

Hydrographic Feature

Digital Data Available

No Digital Data Available

Unmapped

The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 6/29/2022 at 3:03 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.



119°43'18"W 39°10'25"N

Feet 0 250 500 1,000 1,500 2,000

1:6,000

Basemap: USGS National Map; Orthoimagery: Data refreshed October, 2020



NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 1, Version 5
 Location name: Carson City, Nevada, USA*
 Latitude: 39.1775° Longitude: -119.7268°
 Elevation: 4637.27 ft**
 * source: ESRI Maps
 ** source: USGS



POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Sarah Dietz, Sarah Heim, Lillian Hiner, Kazungu Maitaria, Deborah Martin, Sandra Pavlovic, Ishani Roy, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Unruh, Fenglin Yan, Michael Yekta, Tan Zhao, Geoffrey Bonnin, Daniel Brewer, Li-Chuan Chen, Tye Parzybok, John Yarchoan

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

[PF_tabular](#) | [PF_graphical](#) | [Maps_&aerials](#)

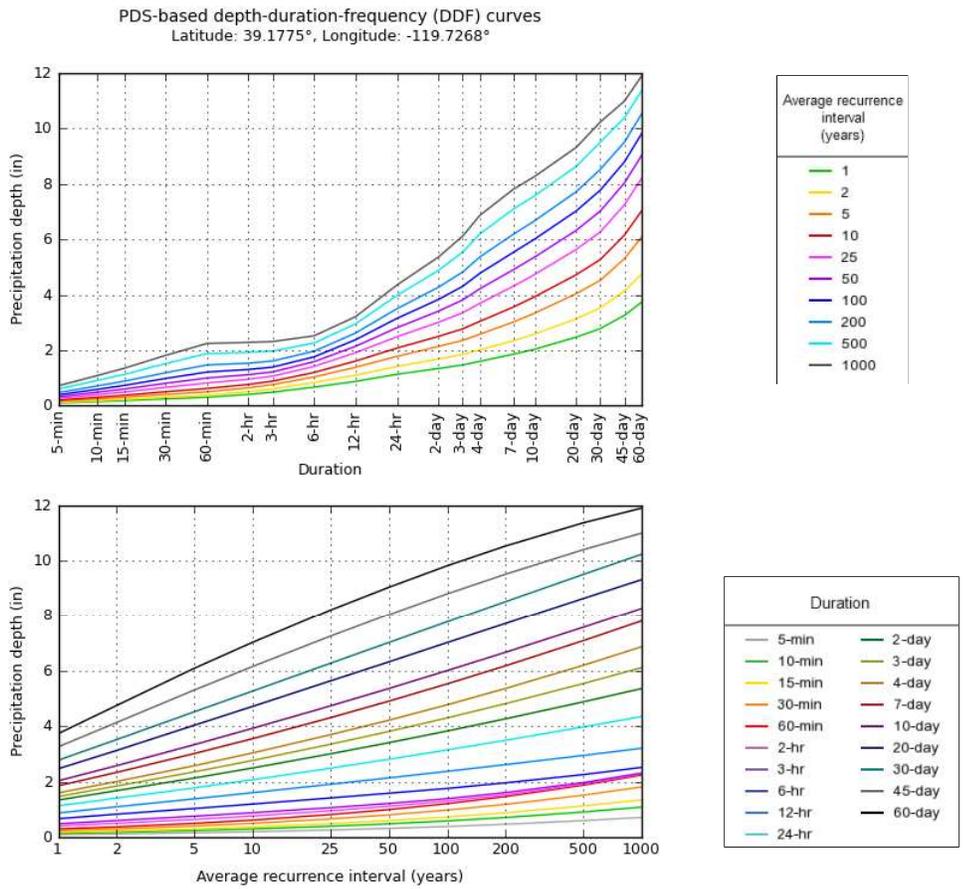
PF tabular

PDS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches) ¹										
Duration	Average recurrence interval (years)									
	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.095 (0.082-0.112)	0.118 (0.102-0.140)	0.158 (0.135-0.188)	0.196 (0.167-0.233)	0.259 (0.213-0.308)	0.316 (0.252-0.378)	0.385 (0.297-0.464)	0.466 (0.345-0.573)	0.596 (0.416-0.747)	0.713 (0.475-0.910)
10-min	0.144 (0.124-0.171)	0.180 (0.155-0.213)	0.240 (0.206-0.286)	0.298 (0.254-0.354)	0.394 (0.324-0.468)	0.481 (0.384-0.576)	0.585 (0.451-0.707)	0.709 (0.525-0.872)	0.907 (0.633-1.14)	1.08 (0.722-1.38)
15-min	0.179 (0.154-0.212)	0.223 (0.193-0.265)	0.298 (0.255-0.354)	0.370 (0.314-0.440)	0.488 (0.402-0.580)	0.596 (0.476-0.714)	0.726 (0.560-0.877)	0.879 (0.651-1.08)	1.12 (0.786-1.41)	1.34 (0.895-1.72)
30-min	0.241 (0.207-0.285)	0.300 (0.260-0.357)	0.401 (0.344-0.477)	0.498 (0.424-0.592)	0.657 (0.541-0.782)	0.803 (0.641-0.961)	0.977 (0.754-1.18)	1.18 (0.877-1.46)	1.51 (1.06-1.90)	1.81 (1.21-2.31)
60-min	0.298 (0.257-0.353)	0.371 (0.321-0.441)	0.497 (0.426-0.591)	0.616 (0.524-0.733)	0.814 (0.670-0.968)	0.993 (0.794-1.19)	1.21 (0.933-1.46)	1.47 (1.09-1.80)	1.87 (1.31-2.35)	2.24 (1.49-2.86)
2-hr	0.404 (0.360-0.464)	0.502 (0.445-0.576)	0.640 (0.564-0.733)	0.763 (0.665-0.874)	0.950 (0.805-1.09)	1.12 (0.925-1.30)	1.30 (1.05-1.53)	1.53 (1.19-1.82)	1.92 (1.43-2.37)	2.28 (1.64-2.89)
3-hr	0.482 (0.431-0.544)	0.601 (0.541-0.680)	0.756 (0.674-0.853)	0.882 (0.780-0.994)	1.06 (0.924-1.20)	1.22 (1.04-1.39)	1.39 (1.16-1.60)	1.61 (1.32-1.89)	1.97 (1.56-2.40)	2.31 (1.78-2.92)
6-hr	0.665 (0.596-0.744)	0.830 (0.746-0.933)	1.03 (0.923-1.16)	1.19 (1.06-1.34)	1.41 (1.24-1.59)	1.58 (1.37-1.80)	1.76 (1.49-2.01)	1.96 (1.63-2.27)	2.26 (1.83-2.66)	2.52 (1.99-3.02)
12-hr	0.872 (0.777-0.980)	1.10 (0.976-1.23)	1.38 (1.23-1.56)	1.61 (1.42-1.81)	1.91 (1.66-2.16)	2.14 (1.84-2.44)	2.37 (2.01-2.74)	2.62 (2.18-3.05)	2.95 (2.38-3.50)	3.21 (2.54-3.87)
24-hr	1.13 (1.02-1.25)	1.41 (1.28-1.56)	1.78 (1.62-1.96)	2.07 (1.88-2.29)	2.48 (2.24-2.75)	2.81 (2.51-3.10)	3.15 (2.79-3.49)	3.49 (3.07-3.90)	3.97 (3.44-4.47)	4.35 (3.72-4.93)
2-day	1.34 (1.20-1.50)	1.68 (1.51-1.88)	2.13 (1.92-2.39)	2.50 (2.24-2.80)	3.00 (2.67-3.38)	3.41 (3.01-3.84)	3.83 (3.36-4.34)	4.27 (3.71-4.88)	4.88 (4.16-5.63)	5.36 (4.51-6.25)
3-day	1.47 (1.31-1.65)	1.84 (1.65-2.07)	2.35 (2.11-2.65)	2.77 (2.47-3.11)	3.35 (2.96-3.78)	3.81 (3.35-4.31)	4.30 (3.75-4.89)	4.82 (4.15-5.50)	5.54 (4.69-6.39)	6.11 (5.10-7.13)
4-day	1.59 (1.42-1.80)	2.01 (1.79-2.26)	2.58 (2.30-2.91)	3.04 (2.70-3.43)	3.69 (3.26-4.17)	4.21 (3.69-4.78)	4.77 (4.14-5.43)	5.36 (4.59-6.13)	6.20 (5.21-7.15)	6.87 (5.69-8.00)
7-day	1.85 (1.65-2.09)	2.34 (2.09-2.64)	3.01 (2.69-3.40)	3.55 (3.16-4.01)	4.31 (3.81-4.87)	4.90 (4.30-5.56)	5.53 (4.81-6.29)	6.18 (5.33-7.07)	7.09 (6.02-8.18)	7.80 (6.54-9.10)
10-day	2.03 (1.81-2.29)	2.58 (2.30-2.91)	3.33 (2.97-3.76)	3.93 (3.48-4.42)	4.73 (4.17-5.34)	5.36 (4.69-6.06)	6.01 (5.22-6.81)	6.67 (5.75-7.60)	7.57 (6.44-8.72)	8.27 (6.96-9.60)
20-day	2.47 (2.21-2.76)	3.13 (2.80-3.50)	4.03 (3.62-4.50)	4.72 (4.22-5.26)	5.63 (5.01-6.28)	6.32 (5.59-7.07)	7.02 (6.16-7.88)	7.71 (6.73-8.70)	8.63 (7.44-9.82)	9.31 (7.95-10.7)
30-day	2.78 (2.50-3.10)	3.52 (3.16-3.93)	4.52 (4.06-5.03)	5.27 (4.73-5.86)	6.27 (5.59-6.97)	7.02 (6.22-7.82)	7.77 (6.85-8.70)	8.52 (7.44-9.59)	9.50 (8.21-10.8)	10.2 (8.77-11.7)
45-day	3.26 (2.94-3.61)	4.14 (3.72-4.58)	5.30 (4.78-5.85)	6.16 (5.54-6.79)	7.25 (6.49-8.00)	8.04 (7.18-8.88)	8.80 (7.83-9.75)	9.51 (8.44-10.6)	10.4 (9.15-11.6)	11.0 (9.64-12.4)
60-day	3.73 (3.36-4.14)	4.75 (4.27-5.27)	6.09 (5.47-6.73)	7.03 (6.31-7.77)	8.20 (7.35-9.07)	9.03 (8.07-10.0)	9.82 (8.75-10.9)	10.5 (9.36-11.7)	11.4 (10.1-12.7)	11.9 (10.5-13.4)

¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS). Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values. Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

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PF graphical



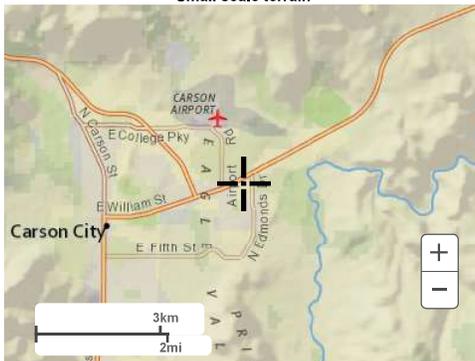
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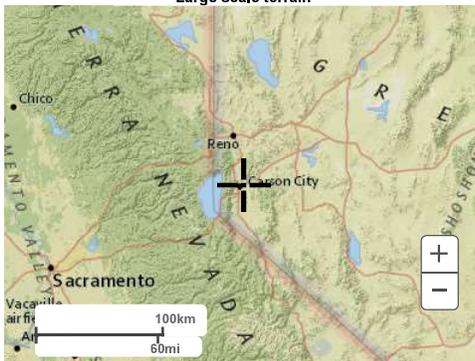
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Maps & aerials

Small scale terrain



Large scale terrain



Large scale map



Large scale aerial



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1325 East West Highway
Silver Spring, MD 20910
Questions?: HDSC.Questions@noaa.gov

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**RATIONAL FORMULA METHOD
RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS**

Land Use or Surface Characteristics	Aver. % Impervious Area	Runoff Coefficients	
		5-Year (C ₅)	100-Year (C ₁₀₀)
<u>Business/Commercial:</u>			
Downtown Areas	85	.82	.85
Neighborhood Areas	70	.65	.80
<u>Residential:</u> (Average Lot Size)			
1/8 Acre or Less (Multi-Unit)	65	.60	.78
1/4 Acre	38	.50	.65
1/8 Acre	30	.45	.60
1/2 Acre	25	.40	.55
1 Acre	20	.35	.50
<u>Industrial:</u>	72	.68	.82
<u>Open Space:</u> (Lawns, Parks, Golf Courses)			
	5	.05	.30
<u>Undeveloped Areas:</u>			
Range	0	.20	.50
Forest	0	.05	.30
<u>Streets/Roads:</u>			
Paved	100	.88	.93
Gravel	20	.25	.50
<u>Drives/Walks:</u>	95	.87	.90
<u>Roof:</u>	90	.85	.87

Notes:

1. Composite runoff coefficients shown for Residential, Industrial, and Business/Commercial Areas assume irrigated grass landscaping for all pervious areas. For development with landscaping other than irrigated grass, the designer must develop project specific composite runoff coefficients from the surface characteristics presented in this table.

VERSION: April 30, 2009

REFERENCE:

USDCM, DROCOG, 1969
(with modifications)

TABLE
701

WRC ENGINEERING, INC.

GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION REPORT

3649 GORDON STREET

APN: 008-303-41

CARSON CITY, NEVADA

Prepared For

Ms. Lisa Lee
Advocates To End Domestic Violence
P.O. Box 2529
Carson City, Nevada 89702

Prepared By



P.O. Box 18871, Reno, Nevada 89511
Blake@westexconsulting.com (775) 771-9539

File No.: 22104.001-A
September 21, 2022

September 21, 2022

Ms. Lisa Lee
Advocates To End Domestic Violence
P.O. Box 2529
Carson City, Nevada 89702
Via Email: director@aedv.org

Re: Geotechnical Investigation Report
3649 Gordon Street.
APN: 008-303-41
Carson City, Nevada
File No.: 22104.001-A

Reference: 3649 Gordon Street, Site Plan, Major Projects Review, Lumos & Associates, 22 March 2022, File No.: LA22.219.

Dear Ms. Lee,

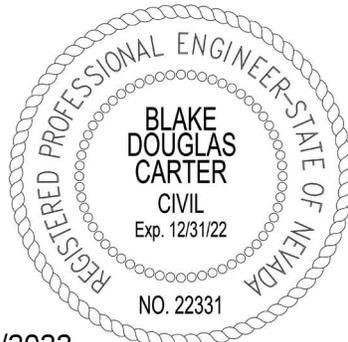
WESTEX Consulting Engineers, LLC (Westex) is pleased to present this report containing the results of our geotechnical investigation performed at the referenced property.

As presented in the attached report, based on the results of our investigation, knowledge of the project area, and understanding of the project, we conclude that from a geotechnical standpoint the site is suitable for the intended use. The primary geotechnical concerns include:

- Shallow groundwater may cause inconveniences during construction
- Processing any over-size boulders or cobbles for re-use as structural fill
- Proper moisture conditioning and compaction of foundation and subgrade soils.

We appreciate your selecting WESTEX Consulting Engineers to perform this investigation and trust that the results will fulfill project design requirements. If you, any design consultants, or plan reviewers have any questions, please contact me directly at (775) 384-2898 or blake@westexconsulting.com.

Respectfully submitted,
WESTEX Consulting Engineers, LLC



Blake D. Carter, P.E.
President
P.E. 22331, Exp. 12/31/2022
ICC 8077939, Exp. 03/06/2023

Mikela Dzwir

Mikela Dzwir
Engineering Technician

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I INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of our geotechnical investigation performed for the proposed shelter, storage units and transitional housing to be located at 3649 Gordon Street, Carson City, Nevada. The site location is shown on the attached *Site Vicinity Map*, Plate 1. This investigation was conducted in general accordance with our July 1, 2022 proposal and work order, authorized on July 1, 2022.

The conclusions and recommendations contained in this report are founded on selected points of exploration, an engineering analysis of the data acquired during our investigation, and our experience with similar site characteristics. If during grading and construction, site conditions or project plans are found to vary from those described in this report, we should be contacted immediately to verify that the recommendations contained herein remain applicable to the final project design. Accordingly, this report may be revised at any time. To provide project continuity and observe that the provided geotechnical recommendations are followed, we recommend retaining Westex for construction testing and inspection services.

A. Purpose and Scope of Services

The purpose of this geotechnical engineering investigation is to characterize the site subsurface soil and groundwater conditions and provide appropriate and economic design-level engineering conclusions and recommendations pertaining to these conditions. Our scope of services included:

1. Field reconnaissance of the site,
2. Review of published geologic information,
3. Exploration of the subsurface conditions by excavating, logging, and sampling within three (3) test pits,
4. Geophysical measurements of shear wave velocity to a depth of 100-feet to determine seismic Site Classification,
5. Laboratory testing on select samples acquired from the exploratory test pits,
6. Engineering evaluation and preparation of this geotechnical engineering report addressing current project design and construction recommendations.

Included in this report are conclusions and recommendations regarding:

1. Local soil and groundwater conditions,
2. Potential geologic hazards,
3. Earthquake site response,
4. Site grading and structural design,
5. Fill placement and compaction specifications,
6. Soil properties for drainage,
7. Trench excavation, utility line bedding, and trench backfilling,
8. Foundation and slab-on-grade support,
9. Lateral resistance and loads,
10. Exterior concrete flatwork,
11. Pavement section recommendations,
12. Additional geotechnical engineering services.

This report is geotechnical in nature and not intended to identify other site constraints such as environmental hazards, wetlands determinations and/or the potential presence of buried utilities. Recommendations included in this report are specific to development within the limits of the property and are not intended for off-site development. Proposed development outside the limits of our investigation or any conceptual changes to site development, such as the use of alternative foundations or grade changes, could require additional subsurface exploration, laboratory tests and engineering analyses.

B. Site Location and Description

Our site description is based on our site visits conducted in August 2022 and Carson City Assessor mapping information.

The project site is located on the south side of Highway 50 East in Carson City, Nevada, and occupies Assessor parcel number (APN) 008-303-41. According to the Public Land Survey System (PLSS), the project site is located in a portion of the SW $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 10, Township 15 North, Range 20 East, Mt. Diablo Meridian.

The roughly 2-acre property is currently undeveloped with a dirt path running north to south through the center of the property. Other than that, the property appears relatively undisturbed with ground coverage of vegetation, a few existing power poles and bare dirt. Access to the site is along Gordon Street through the locked gate. The property is bordered by Gordon Street to the north, existing residential housing to the east, undeveloped land with a wall to the south, and commercial buildings with a wall to the west. The site appears to be relatively undisturbed from a grading perspective.

Based on published topographic information, the maximum site elevation is approximately 4,649 feet above mean sea level (MSL, NAVD88 vertical datum), to the northeast of the site boundary. The minimum elevation is approximately 4,643 MSL, for a maximum relief of about 6 feet. The property slopes down slightly toward the west, at approximately 3 percent, draining towards Gordon Street and the west side of the property.

C. Proposed Development

Project information is based on conversations with the client and the referenced preliminary site plan. The current conceptual plan consists of using the site as shelter, transitional housing and storage units. The project is anticipated to be completed in two phases. Phase 1 will include the shelter and storage units. Phase 2 will be the transitional housing. Structural loads are anticipated to be light to moderate for the building types.

Site grading is anticipated to produce a near-balanced site and could include minor cuts and fills on the order of five vertical feet. We anticipate several surfacing options may be on the table throughout the property's lifetime and various uses. Areas may be gravel-surfaced, paved with asphalt, or include sections of concrete approaches or aprons over time.

Additionally, we assume that foundations will bottom at least 24 inches below the lowest adjacent exterior ground surface and that structural design will be in accordance with the 2018 edition of the International Building Code and Northern Nevada Code Amendments. Off-site civil

improvements shall be constructed in accordance with the latest edition of the Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction “Orange Book” as required by Carson City.

II FIELD EXPLORATION AND LABORATORY TESTING

A. Field Exploration

Exploratory Test Pits

Subsurface soil conditions were explored in August 2022 by excavating three (3) exploratory test pits to a maximum depth of 9 feet below the existing ground surface (BEG). The test pits were excavated with a 304 E CAT excavator.

The test pits were located in the field based on the referenced site plan, knowledge of the project, existing underground and above-ground utility locations, and accessibility, and are depicted on Plate 2, *Geotechnical Exploration Map*. Our field engineer recorded the location of each test pit using a hand-held Global Positioning System (GPS) receiver. All locations are approximate and considered accurate to within ± 15 feet. No greater accuracy is inferred.

Bulk soil samples were collected from the exploratory test pits from specific soil layers. The soils were visually classified and logged by our engineer in the field in accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS) and ASTM D2488. Logs of the exploratory test pits are presented in Plate 7 through Plate 9.

Test pits encountered medium dense soils and were backfilled with native soils to the extent possible with the excavator bucket, but not to compaction levels specified for improvements. During grading the test pits shall be located, excavated and re-compacted to limit disturbance to newly constructed improvements.

Field Infiltration and Percolation Testing

Field infiltration testing was performed near the center of the property at two depths within test pit TP-1 to provide a general indication of retention pond suitability. Field tests were performed in accordance with NAC 444. The measured infiltration rates below can be used as a design aid in retention basin sizing or preliminary septic system design:

<u>Location</u>	<u>Depth</u>	<u>Measured Infiltration Rate</u>
TP-1	3' BEG	3.00 inches per hour
TP-1	6' BEG	3.75 inches per hour

The tested rates represent the field conditions when and where tested. Periodic inspection and sufficient maintenance of retention ponds shall be supported to ensure the desired level of performance is sustained.

Geophysical Survey

The approximate locations of the geophysical alignment is included on Plate 2, *Geotechnical Exploration Map*. Seismic refraction microtremor (ReMi®) measurements were performed in accordance with ASTM D5777, Standard Guide for Using the Seismic Refraction Method for Subsurface Investigation, and result in a one-dimensional shear wave velocity profile. A multi-

channel seismograph using 12 geophones was spaced at 27-feet to develop a line creating a total geophone spread of 300-feet.

Shear wave velocity, which was also measured, is typically reserved for soil stiffness but design codes present those velocities in excess of 1,200 (fps) indicate very dense soil and soft rock; rock is indicated at a velocity of 2,500 fps. Shear wave velocities presented on Plate 18 do not typically begin to significantly exceed 1,200 feet per second (fps) until depths on the order of 55 feet.

Results from geophysical measurements are included in Plate 18.

B. Laboratory Testing

Bulk representative samples from the exploratory test pits were selected for laboratory testing. Index tests were performed which were in turn correlated with typical engineering design parameters for similar soils. The following tests were performed:

- Particle size analysis (ASTM D422)
- Atterberg Limits (ASTM D4318)

III SUBSURFACE SOILS AND GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS

A. Soils

All test pits encountered a soil matrix consisting of blends of silty sand and clayey sand ranging from non-plastic, of very low expansiveness, to low plasticity, to gravels. All soils encountered were in a dry moisture condition and increasing in moisture with depth. In general, the soils were either very well compacted and encountered dense conditions into native soil at a depth as shallow as six feet.

According to mapping by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service (*Web Soil Survey of Carson City Area, Nevada*), the site is underlain by Dalzell fine sandy loam, deep water table (#12), prior to any grading, generally is composed of a 3 inch surface lalyer of fine sandy loam (SM) underlain by 14 inches of clay loam, loam (CL), underlain by 4 inches of stratified fine sandy loam to sandy clay loam (SC), underlain by cemented material to a depth of 28 inches.

Engineering properties include an expected fines content ranging from 35 to 80 percent and a plasticity index ranging from 2 to 25. Based on our field observations of test pit excavations and laboratory evaluations, the on-site soils appear to match the mapped soil types. However, no clay soils were encountered during our field exploration as shown in the mapped soil types. The on-site soils are predominately granular with low to non-plastic range and low expansion characteristics.

We anticipate that soils within the expected depths of grading will be excavatable with conventional grading equipment; however deeper utility excavations could experience difficult trenching due to high groundwater, and rock.

B. Groundwater

At the time of our exploration, groundwater was encountered in all three (3) of the test pits to the maximum explored depth of 9 feet BEG. The shallowest encounter of groundwater during the field

exploration was observed at 6 feet BEG in test pit, TP-2. Groundwater may affect construction at this site. Based on a query of water wells in the area, an average depth to reported static water levels is approximately 16 feet and depending on topography could be deep as 86 feet.

Depths to groundwater may vary significantly over time due to seasonal precipitation and snow fall/melt that may significantly affect surface and near-surface water seepage. Provisions should be made during construction to manage surface and subsurface water flows.

IV GEOLOGIC AND SEISMIC CONSIDERATIONS

To delineate possible faulting and to evaluate any other geological hazards on the site, our investigation included a review of available geological literature.

A. Geology

Regional Geology

The property is situated in Carson City in Eagle Valley to the west of the Carson River. The primary geologic deposit beneath the site is composed of older alluvial-plain deposits.

Based on the *New Empire Geologic Map*, Nevada Bureau of Mines and Geology (NBMG, 1977), prepared by Bingler, the materials underlain the site are primarily composed of the following Quaternary Deposits:

Older alluvial-plain deposits (Qoa) – pediment gravel that is thicker, finer grained, and better bedded and sorted

B. Faulting, Seismicity, and Slope Stability

Faulting

The United States Geological Survey (USGS) publishes a Quaternary fault and fold database for use with Google Earth. This database allows the user to view possible faults at or near a location. The database shows a spread of the New Empire fault zone trending in a roughly north to south direction trending through the eastern half of the project site. This fault zone is of Late Quaternary age (0.5 to 1.0 Million years) and its traces are considered inactive due to the age since last movement. Based on provisions of the 2018 IBC and Northern Nevada Amendments, it is our opinion that this fault zone requires no further investigation for consideration of building development on this property. Structures should generally maintain a minimum 100-foot setback from any Holocene-active or younger mapped faults, which are mapped 1.2 miles west of the site and not trending through the site.

Seismicity

Active faults capable of generating large magnitude earthquakes have been identified within the region. Strong ground shaking associated with earthquakes should be expected to occur during the life of the project.

Literature prepared by A. Ryall and B. M. Douglas (NBMG, *Regional Seismicity*, 1976) indicates that earthquake recurrence curves predict a return period of 70 to 80 years for an earthquake of Magnitude 7.0 or greater within this region. They also calculate that, on average, an earthquake

of Magnitude 5.3 to 5.4 would be expected to occur regionally approximately once in 30 years, would have a maximum bedrock acceleration of 0.12 to 0.19g, and would involve about 6 seconds of strong shaking. The expected return period of rock accelerations greater than 0.5g at an average site in western Nevada associated with an earthquake of magnitude greater than 7.0 is on the order of 2,000 years.

Slope Stability

Based on the existing and planned topography on-site, slope stability is not a concern that would effect grading or development of the site. Any planned slopes shall be constructed to a 3H:1V inclination per Carson City standard details.

C. Seismically-induced Liquefaction

Liquefaction, a loss of soil shear strength, is a phenomenon associated with loose, relatively clean, saturated granular soils (poorly graded sands and silty sands) subjected to earthquake shaking. Liquefaction can result in differential settlements of foundations and other structural elements supported by susceptible soils. Based on the density of native soils, soil types and depth to groundwater, an estimated post-seismic settlement is calculated at ¼ inch. Based on the increasing density with depth, it is our opinion that the potential effects of liquefaction at this site are very low, and that no further analysis or mitigation measures should be required for the planned structures.

D. Tsunami or Seiche

A tsunami, or a seiche, is a great wave produced by an earthquake or by volcanic activity. A seiche is an oscillating tsunami that develops in enclosed bodies of water, like lakes or bays. The oscillation is typically triggered by variations in atmospheric pressure, wind, tidal currents, earthquakes, or a combination of these factors. Depending on the geometry of the basin, the oscillation continues for some time after the triggering event has ended. There are no large bodies of water near the project site; therefore, the potential for tsunamis or seiches to impact the site is considered nil.

E. Radon

Radon, a colorless, odorless, radioactive gas derived from the natural decay of uranium, is found in nearly all rocks and soils. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suggests that remedial action be taken to reduce radon in any structure with average indoor radon level of 4.0 pCi/L or more. Based on studies completed by the Nevada Bureau of Mines and Geology in cooperation with the Nevada Division of Health and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (*Radon In Nevada*, Nevada Bureau of Mines and Geology, Bulletin 108, 1994), the project site is considered within an area where average indoor radon concentrations could exceed 4.0 pCi/L. We recommend testing the site for radon upon completion of rough grade. Our office can be of assistance if radon testing is desired.

F. Flooding

Based on studies completed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), Community Panel Number 3200010111H, effective June 20, 2019, the project site is within Flood

Hazard Zone X (unshaded). *These are areas determined to be outside of the 0.2 percent annual chance floodplain (500-year flood).*

V CONCLUSIONS

Based on the results of our investigation, experience in the project area, and understanding of the proposed project, it is our opinion that the subject site is suitable for development provided the recommendations presented in this report and any subsequent reports are followed during the design and construction phases of the project. The primary identified geotechnical concerns are:

- Shallow groundwater may cause inconveniences during construction
- Processing any over-size boulders or cobbles for re-use as structural fill
- Proper moisture conditioning and compaction of foundation and subgrade soils.

Following are our conclusions.

1. Site soils consist predominately of a soil matrix composed of silty sands and clayey sands, various blends of sands with varying degrees of fine and coarse gravel, some cobbles and the potential for some boulders is expected.
2. On-site soils are medium dense to dense, and any thin surface fills appear well compacted. No major ground disturbances were noted.
3. Based on the one-dimensional seismic (Shear-Wave) velocity profile measured at the site, a V_{s100} of 862 feet per second was calculated. A seismic Site Class D "Stiff Soil" is appropriate for structural design per ASCE 7-16.
4. The project site is within Flood Hazard Zone X (unshaded), which is classified as areas determined to be outside of the 0.2 percent annual chance floodplain (500-year flood).
5. There are no apparent geologic hazards that would place unusual constraints on the project; however, strong ground shaking associated with earthquakes should be expected to occur during the life of the project.

VI RECOMMENDATIONS

The following recommendations are based on present information; structural design was not available at the time of writing. When available, structural plans should be reviewed by Westex to evaluate whether or not the recommendations in this report remain valid, and to provide any supplemental recommendations as necessary.

A. Site Preparation and Grading

Areas to be developed should be cleared of any existing and pre-existing improvements, debris, and vegetation. Soils should be scarified a minimum of 12-inches, moisture conditioned to within two percent of optimum moisture content and compacted to a minimum of 90% relative compaction per ASTM D1557.

We recommend supporting all structural elements and flatwork as follows:

- Continuous Spread Footings: the existing native soil should be recompact a minimum 12 inches below the proposed bottom-of-footing elevation.
- Interior concrete slabs-on-grade: interior concrete slabs should be underlain by a minimum 12 inches of properly compacted non-expansive native soils and capped with a minimum of 4 inches of crushed aggregate base.
- Exterior Concrete Flatwork or Driveways: underlain by a minimum 12 inches of properly compacted non-expansive native soil.
- **Over-excavation depths do *not* include aggregate base sections.**

Over-excavation and re-compaction may be excavated in a neat line (vertical) manner during foundation excavation and preparation for reinforced concrete.

The foundation elevation should be observed by a representative of Westex to document that the conditions are as anticipated and that no objectionable materials are present prior to concrete placement.

Scarification and moisture conditioning may be waived by the Geotechnical Engineer (or their representative) if it is determined that the exposed materials exist at a suitable moisture content for attaining compaction or contain oversized material which will inhibit compaction procedures and result in a lesser density state. Surfaces should be "proof-rolled" under the observation of the Geotechnical Engineer (or their representative) to ensure that adequate compaction has been attained. The Earthwork Contractor is responsible for obtaining approval for each prepared surface prior to proceeding with placement of structural components or fills.

B. Fill Placement and Compaction

To provide quality control where fill material is proposed to attain grades, structural zones are defined as the area three feet below and laterally away from foundations, 12 inches below pavements, 12 inches below slabs-on-grade, exterior flatwork and driveway sections. Mass zones are defined as all areas outside the structural zones. Only approved, select material may be utilized within structural zones; however, materials which do not meet the requirements for structural fill may, in general, be used within mass zones with the prior approval of the Geotechnical Engineer (or representative in the field).

Mass grading and structural fill shall be tested for conformance with specifications and minimum compaction at a minimum rate of one compaction test per 1,000 cubic yards of fill placed.

Suitability of On-site Soils

The native granular soils are considered suitable for use as properly compacted structural fill, provided any deleterious material, debris, vegetation, and/or oversized material are removed from the appropriate layers. In general, any large boulders would be suitable for use in deeper fills, providing the contractor can prove effective means and methods to obtain compaction without 'nesting' of the large boulders. The upper one-foot should include an 8-inch maximum particle rock size and should have a sufficient amount of soil to limit any void spaces within the fill.

Fill Material Specifications

Import soils used as structural fill should be free of organic matter and in general conform to the following requirements:

TABLE 1 IMPORT STRUCTURAL FILL SOIL REQUIREMENTS	
Sieve Size	% Passing (by dry weight)
6-inch	100
3/4-inch	70 – 100
No. 4	50 – 100
No. 200	15 – 40

Liquid Limit = 40 maximum
Plasticity Index = 15 maximum
R-Value = 30 minimum
Non-deleterious to concrete (low sulfate)

The Earthwork Contractor shall ensure that all proposed fill materials are approved by the Geotechnical Engineer prior to use. Representative imported material samples shall be made available for testing one week prior to hauling to allow for material quality tests.

The recommendations for structural fill are intended as a guideline and define a readily attainable, acceptable material. Adjustments to the specified limits to address the use of other potentially acceptable materials, such as those containing oversize rock or which deviate from the classification requirements, can be made provided: 1) the Earthwork Contractor can demonstrate their ability to place and compact the material in substantial conformance with industry standards to achieve an equivalent finished product as that specified; 2) the Geotechnical Engineer gives their written approval; 3) the Geotechnical Engineer (or their representative) directly observes and approves the placement method; and 4) all parties understand that the Standard ASTM Compaction Test procedures may be invalid for certain material containing oversize aggregate. Compaction approval would only be achieved based on other criteria, such as a performance specification with on-site observation of compaction activity.

Fill Placement

All properly compacted structural fill shall be uniformly moisture conditioned to near optimum and compacted to at least 90 percent relative compaction based on the maximum dry density determined by ASTM D1557. Lift thickness shall be restricted to 8 inches (maximum loose lift) and individually tested unless the Earthwork Contractor can demonstrate their ability to uniformly achieve the required compaction for the entire placed layer.

C. Site Surface Drainage

Adequate drainage for surfaces adjacent to foundations and slopes should be provided to restrict water from infiltrating into the supporting soils. To allow water to drain away from the structure and prevent ponding against perimeter foundations, the ground surface should be permanently sloped at least one-half percent for concrete, one percent for asphalt pavement, and two percent

for soil. Landscape adjacent to structural areas should be limited and consist of native vegetation utilizing drip-type irrigation.

D. Foundation Support

Spread Footings

Conventional spread foundations can gain adequate support on the approved, compacted, structural fill material composed of granular native soils. As previously mentioned, to control the potential for settlement, the supporting materials within spread footings should consist of a uniform 12-inch layer of moisture-conditioned, compacted soils. Monolithic slab-on-grade is another option with thickened edges and thickened foundation at load bearing walls and or columns.

In preparation for foundation construction, the earthwork contractor shall ensure that the Geotechnical Engineer has certified the foundation elevation and that field density tests have been performed to document the relative compaction of the upper 12 inches of exposed materials, and shall be responsible for maintaining the recommended moisture content during construction. Preparation of these materials shall be documented prior to placement of structural components.

For adequate confinement and frost protection, footings should be bottomed at least 24 inches below lowest adjacent exterior grade. **Footings supported in accordance with our recommendations can be designed for a net allowable bearing capacity of 2,500 pounds per square foot (psf).** This pressure can be increased by one-third when considering total design loads, including wind or seismic forces.

Estimated total settlement for footings designed for these bearing capacities should be less than $\frac{3}{4}$ inch and differential settlement is anticipated to approach half this value. A factor of safety of 3.0 has been utilized in comparison to ultimate soil capacities for the given settlement. Bearing capacity calculations are included in Plate 19.

Drilled Piers

Any covered storage structures or accessory buildings may be supported on relatively short PCC drilled pier foundations. We recommend a minimum four-foot depth for the drilled pier foundations regardless of the diameter. The axial load analysis of the drilled pier foundations may use an allowable tip and side resistance values of 3,000 pounds per square foot (psf) of the end area and 250 psf of the pier side area, respectively. Side resistance/friction should be neglected within the upper 1.5 feet of the pier. In general, relatively short drilled piers may be designed using the IBC method to support the lateral load. The method using limit equilibrium analysis and allowable lateral soil resistance. For the site soils, an allowable lateral soil resistance of 150 psf per foot of depth of the pier may be utilized. We recommend lateral resistance provided by the upper 1.5 feet of the soils be neglected due to frost. The lateral soil resistance should not be increased below a depth of eight feet from finish grade.

Seismic Design Parameters

We obtained the site seismic design parameters using the *ATC Hazards by Location* application. The web-based application can be found at:

<https://hazards.atcouncil.org>

The mapping database is used for determining seismic design values according to ASCE 7-16 and the 2018 International Building Code. Design parameters are presented in Table 2:

TABLE 2 2018 IBC SEISMIC DESIGN PARAMETERS (ASCE 7-16)	
Description	Value
Latitude	39.17754499999999 deg
Longitude	-119.726826 deg
Site Class	D – “Stiff Soil”
Risk Category	II
Short-Period (0.2 sec) Spectral Response, S_S	2.057 g
Long-Period (1.0 sec) Spectral Response, S_1	0.741 g
Short-Period (0.2 sec) Site Coefficient, F_A	1
Long-Period (1.0 sec) Site Coefficient, F_V	*null
Short (0.2 sec) MCE Spectral Response, S_{MS}	2.057 g
Long (1.0 sec) MCE Spectral Response, S_{M1}	*null g
Short (0.2 sec) Design Spectral Response, S_{DS}	1.372 g
Long (1.0 sec) Design Spectral Response, S_{D1}	*null
PGA _M Site Modified Peak Ground Acceleration	0.996 g
Seismic Design Category, IBC	D

*null values shall be determined by the Structural Engineer in accordance with Section 11.4.8.

Site Classification

Based on our field exploration, knowledge of the site geology, and resulting Shear Wave Velocity ranging from 862 feet per second weighted-average to 100 feet, a Site Classification of D “Stiff Soil” is appropriate used for design.

E. Soil Parameters, Lateral Resistance and Loads

Soil Parameters

Representative native soils can be characterized with the following parameters:

- Soil Unit Weight, 125 pcf
- Internal Friction Angle, 32 degrees

Lateral Resistance

Resistance to lateral loads can be obtained from passive earth pressures and soil friction against the bottom of concrete foundation elements. For design, based on native soil types, we recommend the use of a coefficient of friction of 0.45 with a passive pressure of 445 pounds per cubic foot (equivalent fluid method) per foot of depth.

Lateral Loads

The granular native soils are considered suitable for use as retaining wall, foundation wall, or deep excavation backfill, provided all deleterious material and material larger than six-inch diameter are removed. All backfill materials should meet the requirements of Table 1 *Import Structural Fill Requirements* and be limited to granular soils for native backfill soils. Accordingly,

for level backfill using select granular materials, the recommended design active and passive pressures for level backfill, seismic design, restrained retaining walls are summarized in Table 3.

TABLE 3	
ACTIVE AND PASSIVE DESIGN PRESSURES	
Pressure	Design Pressure Value (pcf)
Active Pressure (Ka)	35
Active Earth Pressure (Kae)	85
Passive Pressure (Kp)	400
Passive Earth Pressure (Kpe)	275
At-Rest Pressure (Ko)	55

F. Concrete Slab-On-Grade

In preparation for flatwork construction, the Earthwork Contractor shall ensure that soils have been prepared as recommended and that field density tests have been performed to document that the relative compaction of the slab subgrade is at least 95 percent relative compaction, based on the maximum dry density determined by ASTM D1557. Preparation of the native soils shall be documented prior to placement of structural fill, aggregate base or structural components.

Interior Concrete Slabs-on-Grade

Interior concrete slabs-on-grade should be supported on properly compacted structural fill meeting the requirements of Table 1, *Import Structural Fill Soil Requirements*. Structural slab design is the responsibility of the project structural engineer; however, we recommend a minimum thickness of 4-inches of aggregate base (virgin, not recycled materials) to provide a uniform base course.

For slab-on-grade design, a Modulus of Subgrade Reaction (k) of 175 pounds per square inch per inch (psi/in, or pci) may be used for materials meeting the requirement for structural fill.

Due to the potential for seasonal surface water and lateral vapor migration to occur, associated with seasonal moisture change and differences between the building interior and exterior ambient conditions, a vapor inhibitor should be considered if moisture sensitive floor coverings are proposed. Vapor barriers should be designed in accordance with current American Concrete Institute (ACI) guidelines, and placed in accordance with ACI 302.1R-15 Fig. 5.2.3.2.

Exterior Concrete Slabs-on-Grade

All dedicated exterior flatwork should conform to standards provided by the governing agency including section composition, supporting material thicknesses and any requirements for reinforcing steel, air entrainment, and fiber reinforcement.

Exterior concrete flatwork should be supported on properly compacted structural fill meeting the requirements of Table 1, *Import Structural Fill Soil Requirements*. Lightly loaded exterior flatwork, such as walkways, should consist of at least 4 inches of Type II Portland cement concrete with a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 4,000 pounds per square inch (psi) with entrained air, underlain by at least 6 inches of compacted (95 percent relative compaction) aggregate base material.

Concrete mix proportions and construction techniques, including the addition of water and improper curing, can adversely affect the finished quality of the concrete and result in cracking and spalling of the slabs. We recommend that all placement and curing be performed in accordance with procedures outlined by the American Concrete Institute and Portland Cement Association. Special considerations should be given to concrete placed and cured during hot or cold weather conditions. Proper control joints and reinforcing should be provided to minimize any damage resulting from shrinkage.

G. Permanent Cut-and-Fill Slopes

Permanent slopes are not anticipated for final site design.

Temporary (during construction) and permanent (after construction) erosion control will be required for all disturbed areas. The contractor shall prevent dust from being generated during construction in compliance with all applicable city, county, state and federal regulations. The project specifications should include an indemnification by the contractor of the owner and engineer for any dust generation during the construction period. The owner will be responsible for mitigation of dust after his acceptance of the project.

H. Corrosion

The native soils in the area are mapped and have been tested ranging from a high corrosion potential to concrete and steel. The native soils may be considered detrimental to normally formulated concrete per ACI guidelines.

I. Utilities, Trench Excavation, and Backfilling

The Earthwork Contractor must comply with the "Safety and Health Regulations for Construction" as directed by the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA Standards, Volume III, Part 1926, Subpart P) while excavating and backfilling. The Earthwork Contractor is also responsible for providing a competent person, as defined by OSHA standards, to ensure excavation safety.

Pipe bedding and trench backfill materials should be moisture conditioned to slightly over optimum and compacted to 90 percent relative compaction, or local requirements, based on the maximum dry density determined by ASTM D1557. The upper 24 inches of trench backfill within asphalt or concrete paved areas should be compacted to a minimum 95 percent relative compaction as determined by ASTM D1557. The thickness of all lifts will be restricted to a maximum of 8 inches (loose) and individually tested unless the Earthwork Contractor can demonstrate their ability to uniformly achieve the required compaction for the entire layer of material placed.

For corrosion protection, where steel and/or metal pipes are proposed, the Contractor shall follow the pipe manufacturer's recommendation regarding corrosion protection.

J. Pavement Sections

Based on the level of performance needed for a typical variation in size of trucks and trailers, a range of surfaces or pavements may be selected for use on this property. Based on the soil conditions expected at subgrade elevation, very good relative quality of roadbed soil, we

recommend the minimum sections noted in Table 4, which have typically gained satisfactory performance within the region.

TABLE 4 MINIMUM SURFACE AND PAVEMENT SECTIONS		
Pavement Designation	Asphalt Concrete (inches)	Aggregate Base (inches)
Gravel (AB) Surface	---	6
Asphalt Pavement	3	6
Asphalt Heavy Section*	4 to 5	6 to 8
Concrete Apron	6	6

*Can be confirmed based on anticipated truck and axle weights.

The Earthwork Contractor shall ensure that field density tests have been performed to document the relative compaction of at least the upper 12 inches of subgrade soils prior to placing subsequent lifts. Preparation of the native soils shall be documented prior to placement of structural fill or aggregate base. All subgrade shall be compacted to a smooth non-yielding surface and proof-rolled with no pumping or limited deflections before placement of aggregate base.

Driveways can be composed of typical minimum thickness for the selected products. If pavers are selected, a higher degree of maintenance shall be expected to correct minor settlements. Product manufacturer's recommendations should be followed for installation, including setting pavers in concrete, as applicable to the local soil conditions. Any off-site roadway construction shall be in accordance with the Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction.

To provide uniform pavement section support, native subgrade soils shall be scarified, moisture conditioned to within two percent of optimum moisture content, and compacted to at least 90 percent relative compaction per ASTM D1557. Areas of fine-grained or clay soil should be expected to be encountered and should be segregated from the upper 12 inches of pavement sections for better subgrade response and less settlement areas.

Pavement Longevity Recommendations

Flexible pavement sections should be supported on a minimum 12 inches of properly compacted subgrade or native fill soils that qualify as structural fill as previously specified. Recommended 20-year pavement sections have been calculated using AASHTO 93 "Low Volume Road" design methodology with ESAL assumptions and supporting calculations listed in Plate 11.

The performance and longevity of the pavements can be enhanced by minimizing excess moisture reaching the subgrade soils and pavement surface. The following recommendations should be followed, where possible:

- A polymer-modified asphalt oil, such as PG64-28NV, can be considered. The primary benefit of this oil type is improved rutting resistance, and, secondarily, less thermal (cold temperature) cracking, and overall improved mixture durability. Additionally, some modified binders provide improved stripping (moisture drainage) resistance. The higher the degree of Recycled Asphalt Pavement (RAP) in the asphalt mix, 30% max, a slurry seal or other seal coat should be considered on new pavement, and also a higher degree of maintenance should be expected to achieve the full life cycle of this material.

- Proper drainage of the paved areas should be provided to increase the pavement life. The site should be graded a minimum of 2% away from the pavements.
- Compaction of any utility trenches for landscaped areas should be to the same criteria as the pavement subgrade.
- Consideration should be given to using "desert" landscaping and/or minimizing watering to help prevent surface runoff.
- Periodic seal coating, crack sealing, and/or patching of the pavement may be required.

K. Additional Engineering & Inspection Services

This report is geotechnical in nature and not intended to identify other site constraints such as environmental hazards, wetlands determinations and/or the potential presence of buried utilities. We can assist in evaluating these considerations should further information be requested. Moreover, this office should be retained to provide grading observation and testing as well as associated special inspection during all phases of construction.

All plans and specifications for projects should be reviewed for conformance with this geotechnical report and approved by the Geotechnical Engineer.

The recommendations presented in this report are based on the assumption that sufficient field inspection and construction review will be provided during all phases of construction. A pre-construction conference should be scheduled to include, but not be limited to, the Owner, Architect, Civil Engineer, General Contractor, Earthwork and Materials Sub-Contractors, Building Official and Geotechnical Engineer. The recommendations presented in this report should be reviewed by all parties to discuss applicable specifications and testing requirements. At this time, any applicable material quality and mix design reports should be submitted for approval by the Geotechnical Engineer.

WESTEX Consulting Engineers, LLC has prepared this report based on certain assumptions concerning subsurface conditions at the Property. WESTEX Consulting Engineers, LLC should also provide on-site observations and testing during site preparations, grading, excavation, fill placement, foundation installation, and paving. These observations will allow us to document that the soil conditions are as anticipated, and that the contractor's work is in conformance with the intent of our recommendations and the approved plans and specifications. Our conclusions and recommendations may be invalidated, partially or in whole, by changes outside our control and by subsequent acts occurring on the site after field reconnaissance. This report may be subject to review and revision at any time. Opinions about the condition of the Property do not constitute a warranty of any kind, either express or implied.

VII DISTRIBUTION

One electronic-stamped copy via email to addressee:

Ms. Lisa Lee
Advocates To End Domestic Violence
P.O. Box 2529
Carson City, Nevada 89702
director@aedv.org

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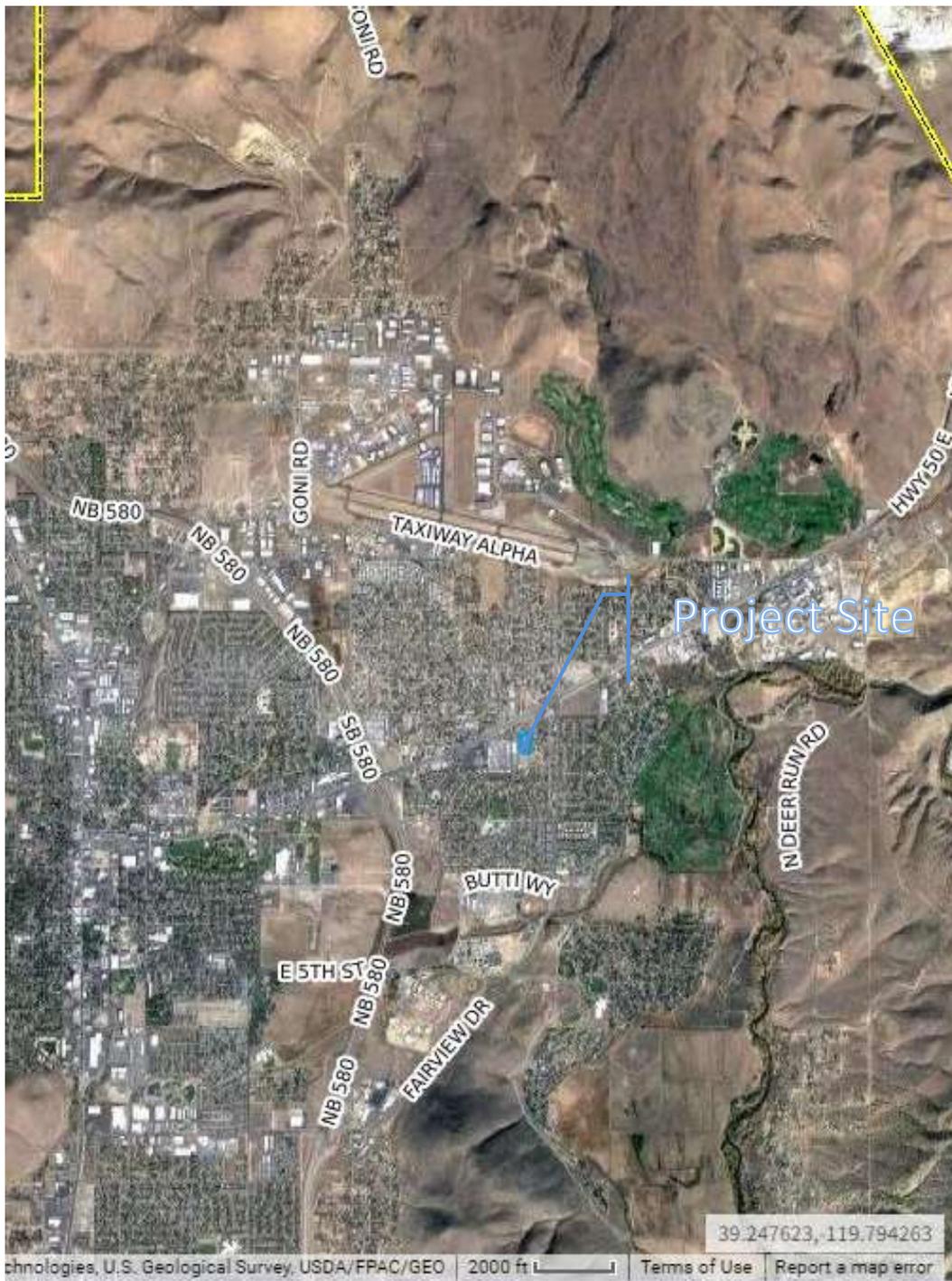
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APPENDIX A
GEOTECHNICAL FIGURES



Technologies, U.S. Geological Survey, USDA/FPAC/GEO | 2000 ft | Terms of Use | Report a map error



Ref: Carson City Assessors Map, Imagery Hybrid, accessed September 2022.

Property Information	
Parcel ID	830341
Acreage	2.0
Land Use	140 - Vacant - Commercial
Zoning	GC



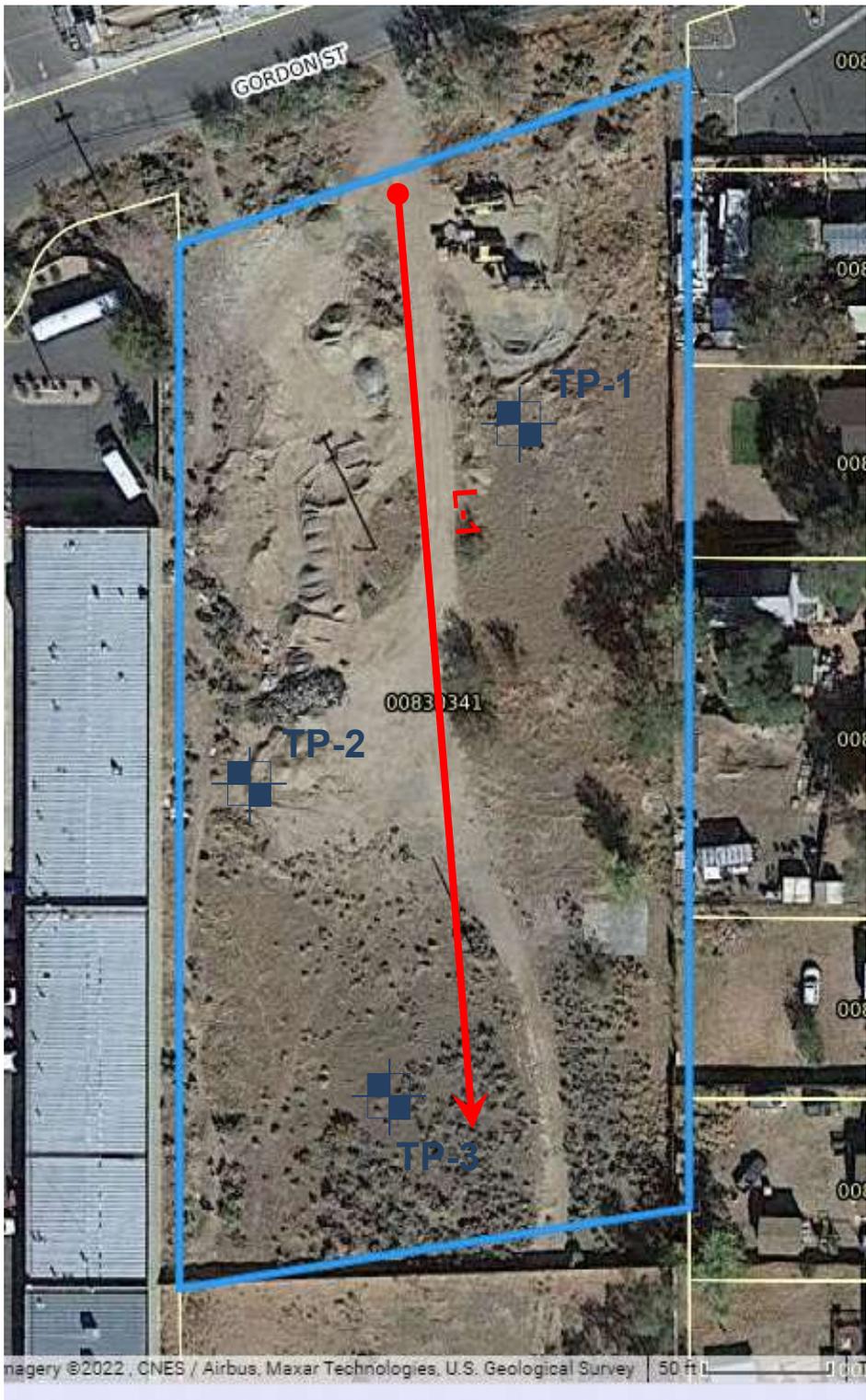
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**SITE
VICINITY
MAP**

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3649 Gordon Street
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Carson City, Nevada

File No.: 22104.001-A
Date: 9/21/2022

**PLATE
1**

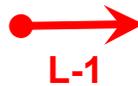


Ref: Carson City Assessors Map, Imagery Hybrid, accessed September 2022.



TP-1

Approximate Test Pit Location



Geophysical Alignment



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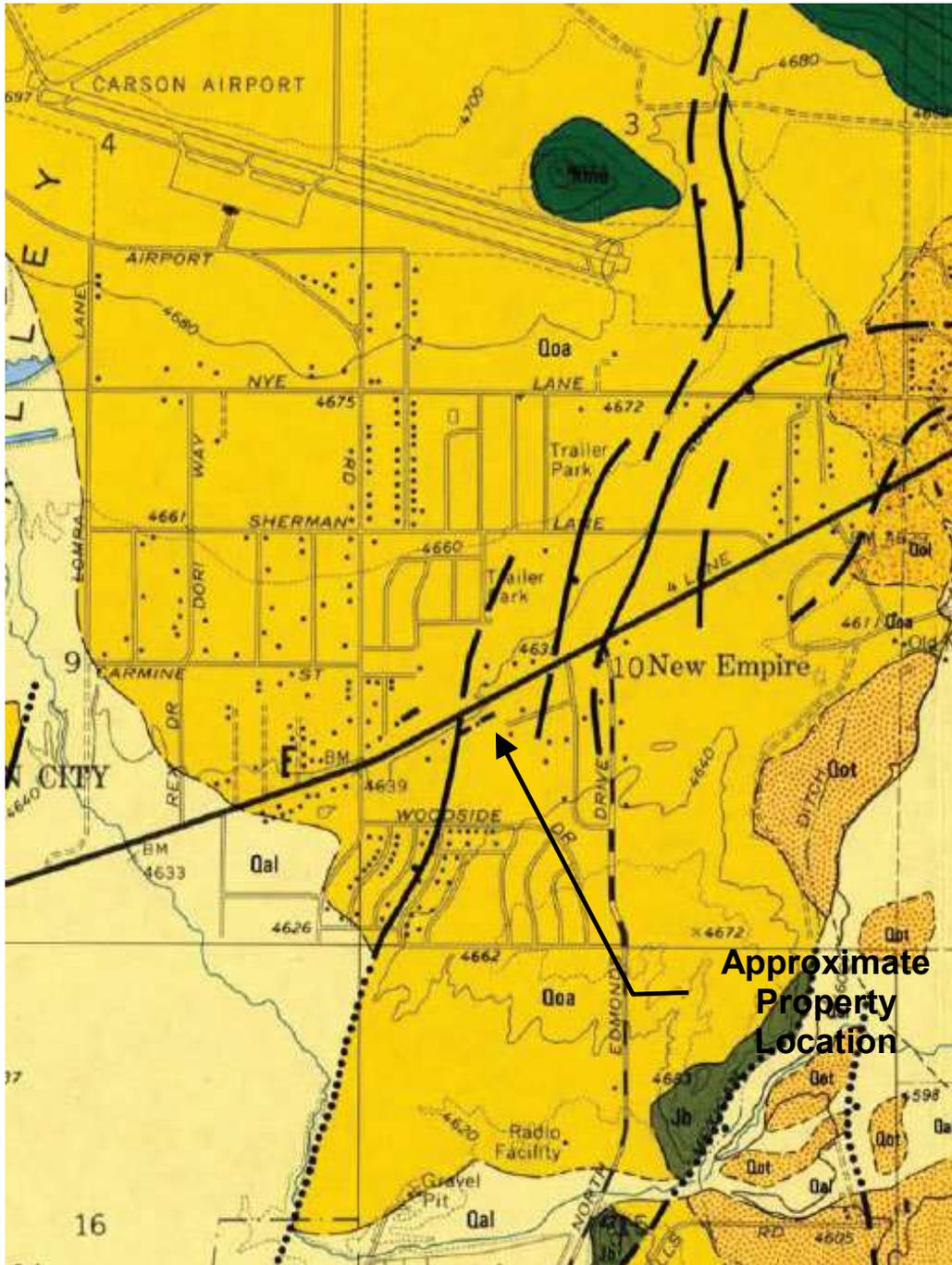
**GEOTECHNICAL
EXPLORATION
MAP**

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APN: 008-303-41
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Date: 9/21/2022

PLATE
2

NEW EMPIRE GEOLOGIC MAP



Approximate
Property
Location

E. C. Bingler. 1977

Qoa Older alluvial-plain deposits. Similar to Qop except thicker, finer grained, and better bedded and sorted.



NEVADA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY
UNIVERSITY OF NEVADA
RENO, NEVADA 89557



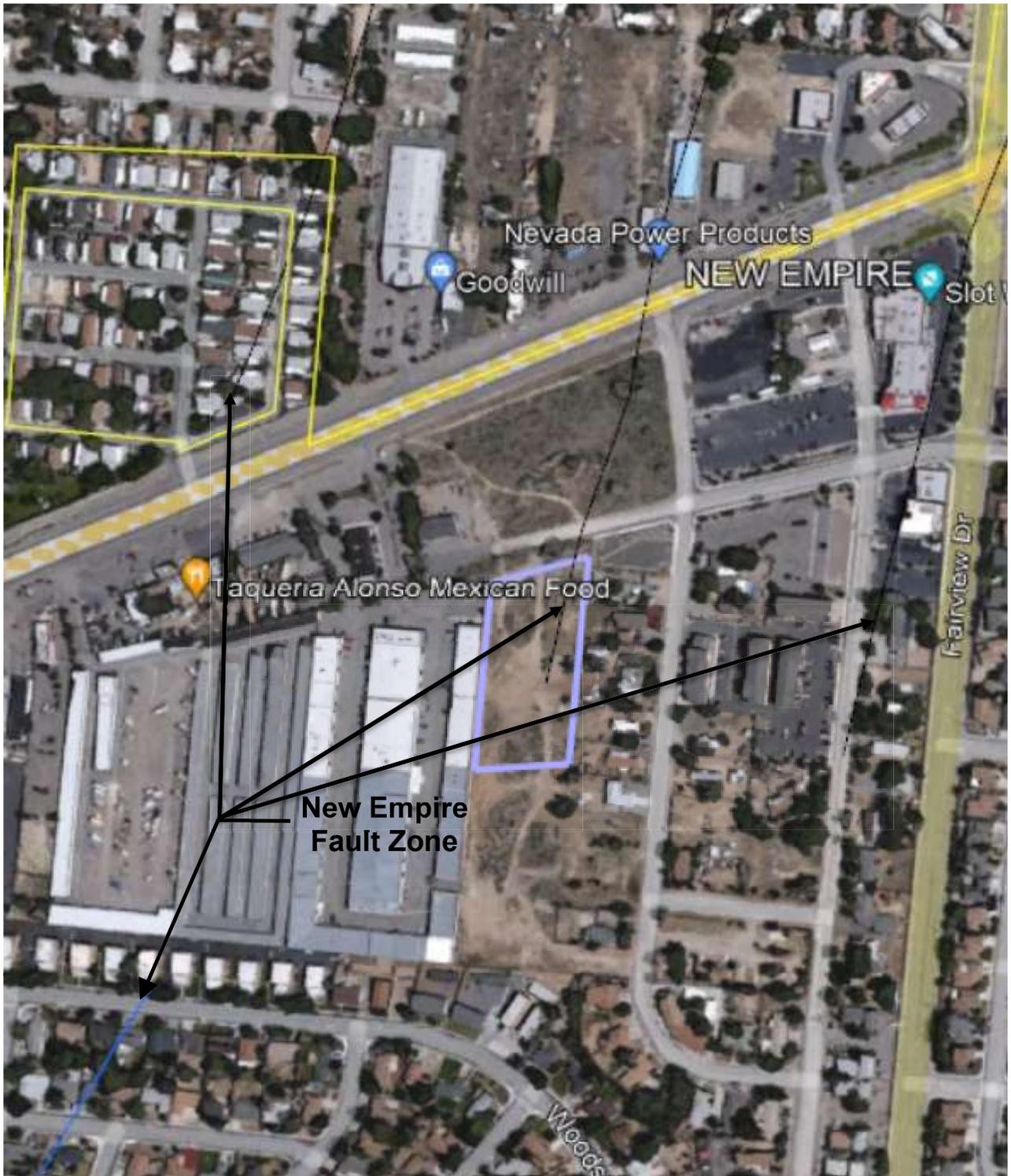
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**GEOLOGIC
MAP**

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File No.: 22104.001-A
Date: 9/21/2022

**PLATE
3**



Ref: Google Earth Imagery, accessed September 2022.



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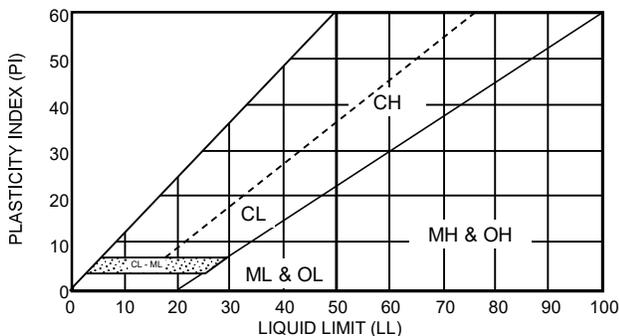
**QUATERNARY
FAULT
MAP**

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Carson City, Nevada

File No.: 22104.001-A
Date: 9/21/2022

PLATE
4

MAJOR DIVISION					TYPICAL NAMES	
COARSE-GRAINED SOILS MORE THAN HALF IS COARSER THAN NO. 200 SIEVE	GRAVEL MORE THAN HALF COARSE FRACTION IS LARGER THAN NO. 4 SIEVE	CLEAN SANDS WITH LITTLE OR NO FINES		GW	WELL GRADED GRAVELS WITH OR WITHOUT SAND, LITTLE OR NO FINES	
		GRAVELS WITH OVER 12% FINES		GP	POORLY GRADED GRAVELS WITH OR WITHOUT SAND, LITTLE OR NO FINES	
				GM	SILTY GRAVELS, SILTY GRAVELS WITH SAND	
				GC	CLAYEY GRAVELS, CLAYEY GRAVELS WITH SAND	
	SAND MORE THAN HALF COARSE FRACTION IS SMALLER THAN NO. 4 SIEVE	CLEAN SANDS WITH LITTLE OR NO FINES		SW	WELL GRADED SANDS WITH OR WITHOUT GRAVEL, LITTLE OR NO FINES	
		SANDS WITH OVER 12% FINES		SP	POORLY GRADED SAND WITH OR WITHOUT GRAVEL, LITTLE OR NO FINES	
				SM	SILTY SANDS WITH OR WITHOUT GRAVEL	
				SC	CLAYEY SANDS WITH OR WITHOUT GRAVEL	
			SILT AND CLAY LIQUID LIMIT 50% OR LESS			ML
		SILT AND CLAY LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50%			CL	INORGANIC CLAYS OF LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY CLAYS WITH SANDS AND GRAVELS, LEAN CLAYS
	OL			ORGANIC SILTS OR CLAYS OF LOW PLASTICITY		
	MH			INORGANIC SILTS, MICACEOUS OR DIATOMACEOUS FINE SANDY OR SILTY SOLID, ELASTIC SILTS		
	CH			INORGANIC CLAYS OR HIGH PLASTICITY, FAT CLAYS		
HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS			OH	ORGANIC SILTS OR CLAYS MEDIUM TO HIGH PLASTICITY		
			Pt	PEAT AND OTHER HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS		



CONSISTENCY		RELATIVE DENSITY	
SILTS & CLAYS	SPT BLOW* COUNTS (N)	SANDS & GRAVELS	SPT BLOW* COUNTS (N)
VERY SOFT	0 - 2	VERY LOOSE	0 - 4
SOFT	3 - 4	LOOSE	5 - 10
MEDIUM STIFF	5 - 8	MEDIUM DENSE	11 - 30
STIFF	9 - 15	DENSE	31 - 50
VERY STIFF	16 - 30	VERY DENSE	50 +
HARD	30 +		

* The Standard Penetration Resistance (N) In blows per foot is obtained by the ASTM D1585 procedure using 2" O.D., 1 3/8" I.D. samplers.

DESCRIPTION OF ESTIMATED PERCENTAGES OF GRAVEL, SAND, AND FINES	
TRACE	Particles are present but est. < 5%
FEW	5% - 10%
LITTLE	15% - 20%
SOME	30% - 45%
MOSTLY	50% - 100%

NOTE: Percentages are presented within soil description for soil horizon with laboratory tested soil samples.

DEFINITIONS OF SOIL FRACTIONS	
SOIL COMPONENT	PARTICLE SIZE RANGE
COBBLES	ABOVE 3 INCHES
GRAVEL	3 IN. TO NO. 4 SIEVE
COARSE GRAVEL	3 IN. TO 3/4 IN.
FINE GRAVEL	3/4 IN. TO NO. 4 SIEVE
SAND	NO. 4 TO NO. 200
COARSE SAND	NO. 4 TO NO. 10
MEDIUM SAND	NO. 10 TO NO. 40
FINE SAND	NO. 40 TO NO. 200
FINES (SILT OR CLAY)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE

S.6 Rev 2-6-10



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KEY TO SOIL DESCRIPTIONS

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PLATE
5

CONSOLIDATION OF SEDIMENTARY ROCKS

Usually determined from unweathered samples. Largely dependent on cementation.

U = unconsolidated

M = moderately consolidated

P = poorly consolidated

W = well consolidated

BEDDING OF SEDIMENTARY ROCKS

FRACTURING

Splitting Property	Thickness	Stratification	Intensity	Size of Pieces in Feet
Massive	Greater than 4.0 ft.	Very thick-bedded	Very little fractured	Greater than 4.0
Blocky	2.0 to 4.0 ft.	Thick-bedded	Occasionally fractured	1.0 to 4.0
Slabby	0.2 to 2.0 ft.	Thin-bedded	Moderately fractured	0.5 to 1.0
Flaggy	0.05 to 0.2 ft.	Very thin bedded	Closely fractured	0.1 to 0.5
Shaly or platy	0.01 to 0.05 ft.	Laminated	Intensely fractured	0.005 to 0.1
Papery	Less than 0.01 ft.	Thinly laminated	Crushed	Less than 0.005

HARDNESS

1. Soft - Reserved for plastic material alone
2. Moderately soft - can be gouged deeply or carved easily with a knife blade
3. Moderately hard - can be readily scratched by a knife blade; scratch leaves a heavy trace of dust and is readily visible after the powder has been blown away
4. Hard - can be scratched with difficulty; scratch produces little powder and is often faintly visible
5. Very Hard - cannot be scratched with a knife blade; leaves a metallic streak

STRENGTH

1. Plastic - very low strength
2. Friable - crumbles easily by rubbing with fingers
3. Weak - An unfractured specimen of such material will crumble under light hammer blows
4. Moderately Strong - Specimen will withstand a few heavy hammer blows before breaking
5. Strong - Specimen will withstand a few heavy hammer blows, and will yeild with difficulty only dust and small flying fragments
6. Very Strong - Specimen will resist heavy ringing hammer blows and will yeild with difficulty only dust and small flying fragments

WEATHERING

The physical and chemical disintegration and decomposition of rocks and minerals by natural processes such as oxidation, reduction, hydration, solution, carbonation, freezing, and thawing

- D.** Deep - Moderate to complete mineral decomposition; extensive disintegration; deep and thorough discoloration, many fractures, all extensively coated or filled with oxides, carbonates and/or clay silt
- M.** Moderate - Slight change or partial decomposition of minerals; little disintegration; cementation little to unaffected; Moderate to occasionally intense discoloration; Moderately coated features
- S.** Slightly - No megascopic decomposition of minerals; little or no effect on normal cementation; Slight and intermittent, or localized discoloration; Few stains on fracture surfaces
- F.** Fresh - Unaffected by weathering agents; No disintegration or discoloration; Fractures usually less numerous than joints



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CRITERIA FOR ROCK DESCRIPTIONS

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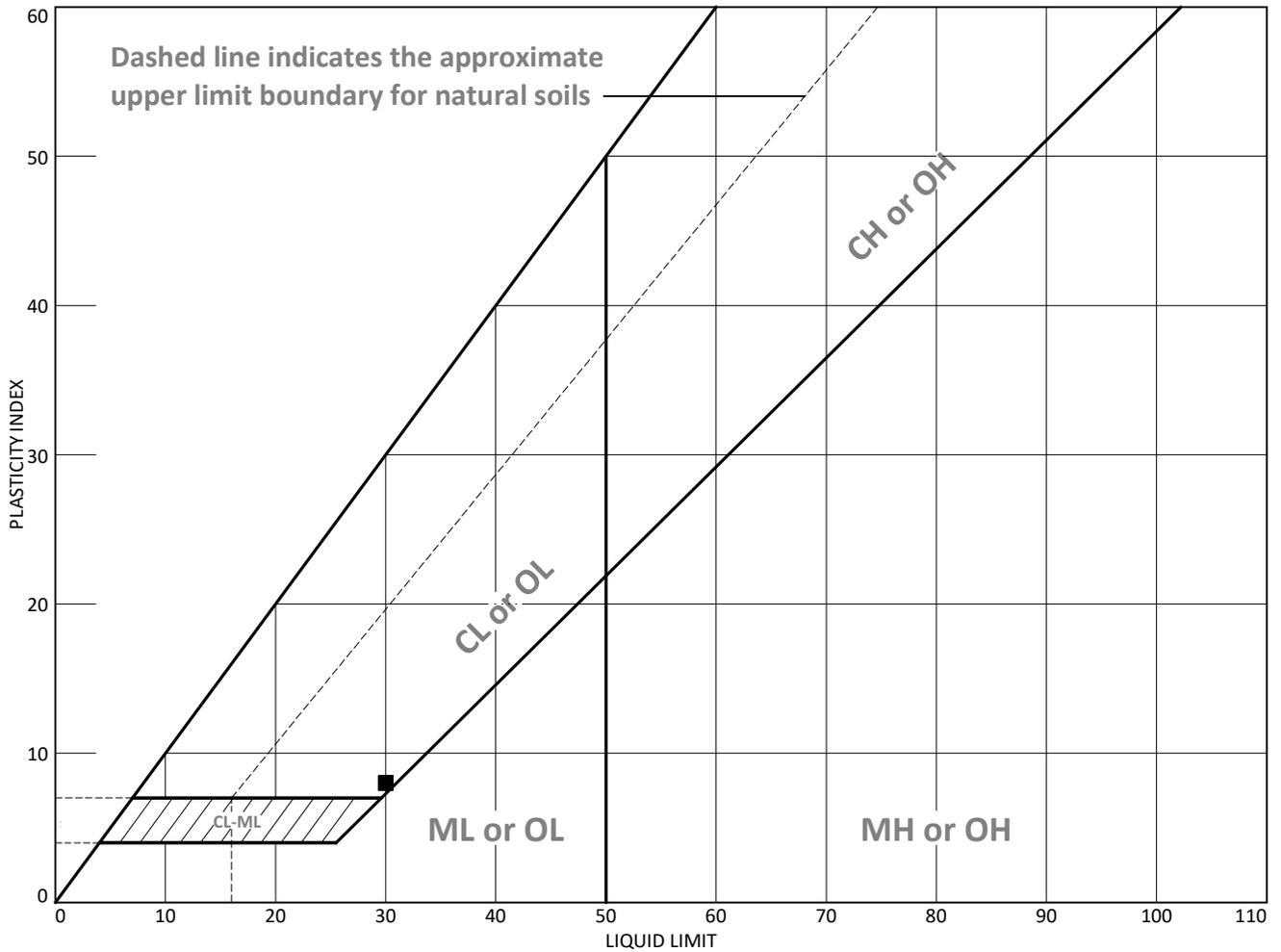
Project No.: 22104.001-A
Date: 09/21/22

PLATE
6

Test Pit No.: TP-1										Date: Tuesday, August 30, 2022								
Project: 3649 Gordon Street										Excv. Method: Excavator								
File No.: 22104.001-A										Excv. Type: 304 E CAT								
Location: Carson City, Nevada										Logged By: DC								
DEPTH (FEET)	SAMPLE TYPE		Sample ID	Color	PENETROMETER (TSF)	CLAYEY SOILS					MOISTURE					USCS SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	
	BULK	Grab				Drive Tube	SAND OR GRAVEL					DRY	DAMP	MOIST	WET			SATURATED
							VERY LOOSE	LOOSE	MED. DENSE	DENSE	VERY DENSE							
	Format: GROUP NAME: cementation; grain size; modifiers																	
--1--			1A	Tan						X							SM	Silty sand (SM) with a non-plastic fines content of 24.8 percent.
--2--										X								
--3--										X								
--4--			1B	Brown						X							SC	Clayey sand (SC) with a low plasticity fines content of 38.2 percent.
--5--										X								
--6--										X								
--7--			1C	Dark Brown						X							SM	Silty sand (SM) with a non-plastic fines content of 38.6 percent.
--8--										X								
--9--										X					X			Groundwater @ 9 feet
--10--																		
Total Depth: 9.0 feet					Groundwater: 9 feet													

Test Pit No.: TP-2										Date: Tuesday, August 30, 2022								
Project: 3649 Gordon Street										Excav. Method: Excavator								
File No.: 22104.001-A										Excav. Type: 304 E CAT								
Location: Carson City, Nevada										Logged By: DC								
DEPTH (FEET)	SAMPLE TYPE		Sample ID	Color	PENETROMETER (TSF)	CLAYEY SOILS				MOISTURE				USCS SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION			
	BULK	Grab				Drive Tube	SOFT	MED. STIFF	STIFF	VERY STIFF	HARD	DRY	DAMP			MOIST	WET	SATURATED
	VERY LOOSE	LOOSE				MED. DENSE	DENSE	VERY DENSE										
--1--			2A	Tan			X			X					SM	Silty sand (SM) with a non-plastic fines content of 38 percent.		
							X			X								
							X			X								
							X			X								
							X			X								
							X			X								
							X			X								
							X			X								
							X			X								
							X			X								
--2--										X						Silty sand (SM) with a non-plastic fines content of 38.6 percent.		
										X								
										X								
										X								
										X								
										X								
										X								
										X								
										X								
										X								
--3--																Groundwater @ 6 feet		
--4--																Groundwater @ 6 feet		
--5--																Groundwater @ 6 feet		
--6--																Groundwater @ 6 feet		
--7--																Groundwater @ 6 feet		
--8--																Groundwater @ 6 feet		
--9--																Groundwater @ 6 feet		
--10--																Groundwater @ 6 feet		
Total Depth: 6.0 feet					Groundwater: 6 feet					Plate 8								

LIQUID AND PLASTIC LIMITS TEST REPORT



	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	LL	PL	PI	%<#40	%<#200	USCS
●	Silty sand	NV	NP	NP	67.3	24.8	SM
■	Clayey sand	30	22	8	71.5	38.2	SC
▲	Silty sand	NV	NP	NP	73.0	38.6	SM

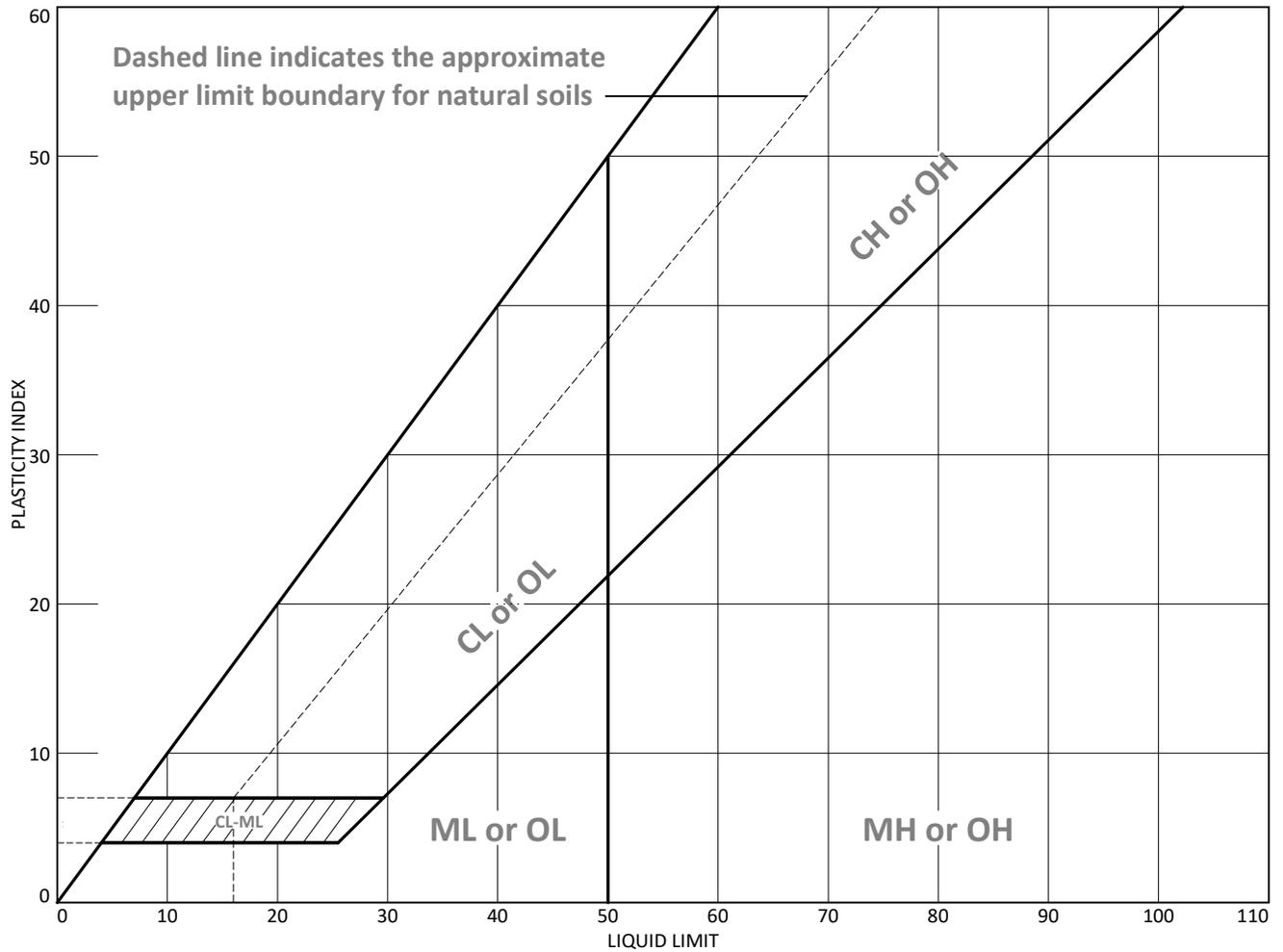
Project No. 22104.001-A **Client:** Advocates To End Domestic Violence
Project: 3649 Gordon Street

● **Source of Sample:** TP-1 **Depth:** 0-3' **Sample Number:** 1A
 ■ **Source of Sample:** TP-1 **Depth:** 3'-6' **Sample Number:** 1B
 ▲ **Source of Sample:** TP-1 **Depth:** 6'-9' **Sample Number:** 1C



Figure 10

LIQUID AND PLASTIC LIMITS TEST REPORT



	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	LL	PL	PI	%<#40	%<#200	USCS
●	Silty sand	NV	NP	NP	72.4	38.0	SM
■	Silty sand	NV	NP	NP	73.0	38.6	SM

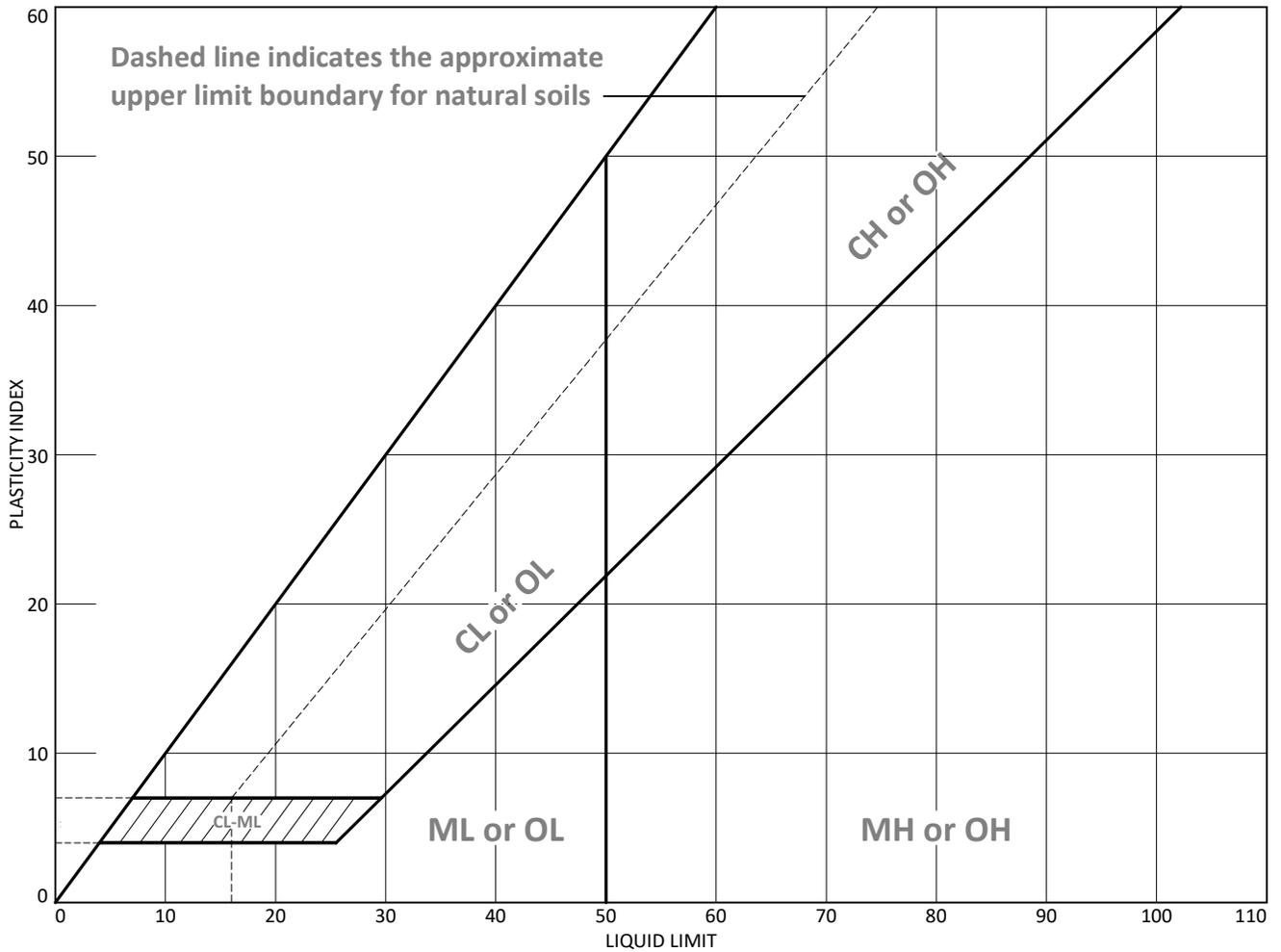
Project No. 22104.001-A **Client:** Advocates To End Domestic Violence
Project: 3649 Gordon Street

● **Source of Sample:** TP-2 **Depth:** 0-3' **Sample Number:** 2A
 ■ **Source of Sample:** TP-2 **Depth:** 3'-6' **Sample Number:** 2B



Figure 11

LIQUID AND PLASTIC LIMITS TEST REPORT



MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	LL	PL	PI	%<#40	%<#200	USCS
● Silty sand	NV	NP	NP	73.0	38.6	SM

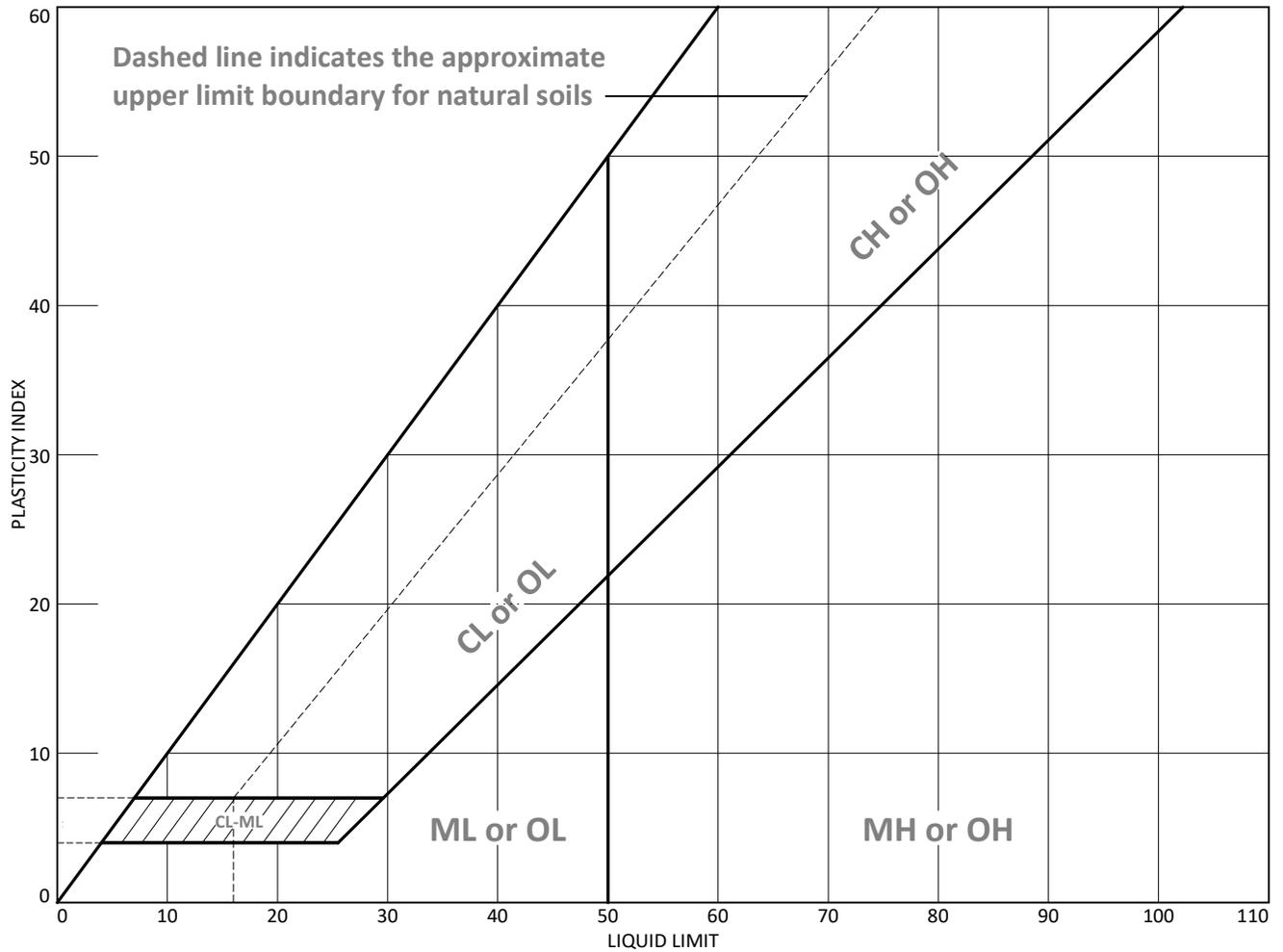
Project No. 22104.001-A **Client:** Advocates To End Domestic Violence
Project: 3649 Gordon Street

● **Source of Sample:** TP-3 **Depth:** 0-8' **Sample Number:** 3A



Figure 12

LIQUID AND PLASTIC LIMITS TEST REPORT



	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	LL	PL	PI	%<#40	%<#200	USCS
●	Silty sand	NV	NP	NP	67.6	31.5	SM

Project No. 22104.001-A **Client:** Advocates To End Domestic Violence
Project: 3649 Gordon Street

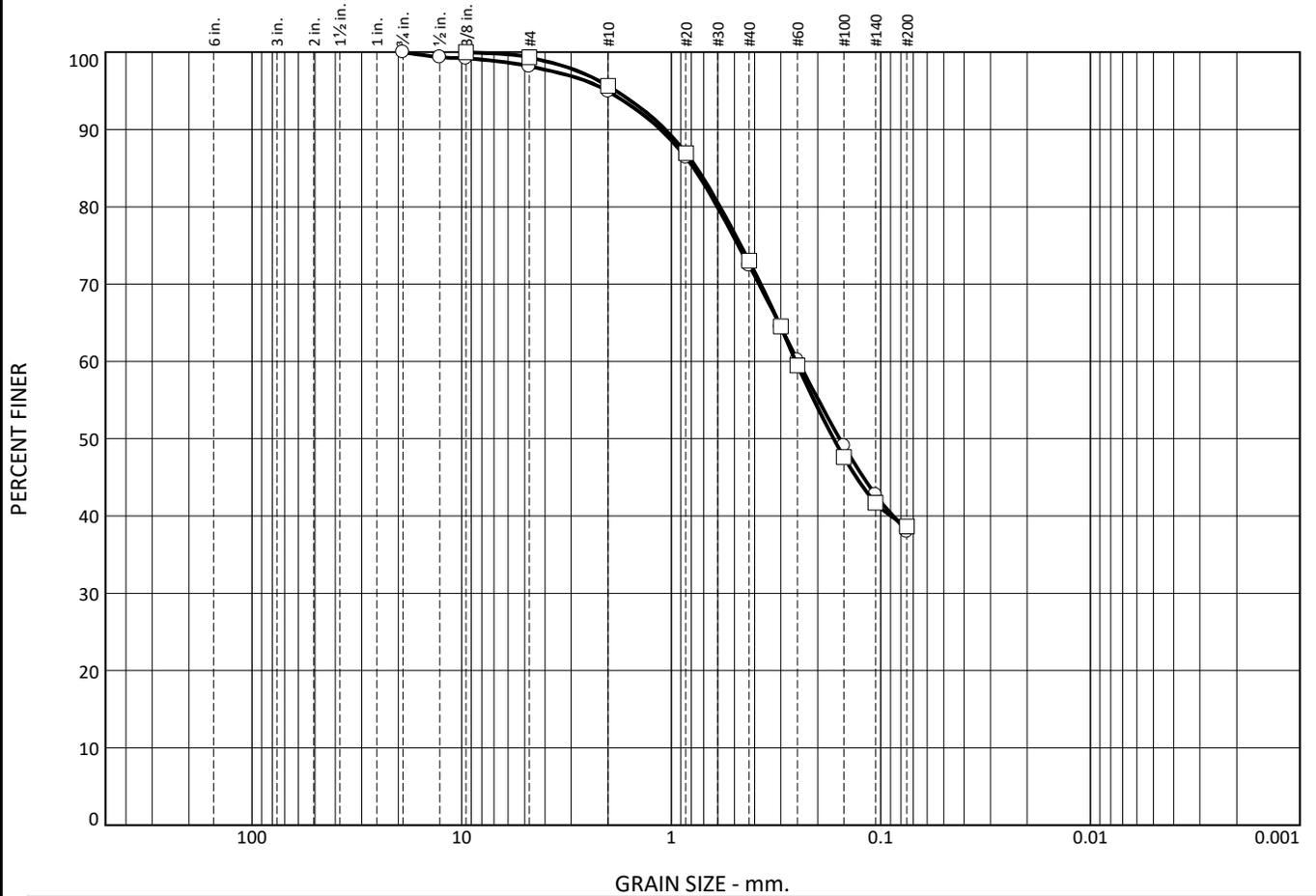
● **Source of Sample:** TP-All **Depth:** 0-9' **Sample Number:** All-A



Figure 13

Particle Size Distribution Report

ASTM D6913



	% +3"	% Gravel		% Sand			% Fines	
		Coarse	Fine	Coarse	Medium	Fine	Silt	Clay
<input type="radio"/>	0.0	0.0	1.8	3.3	22.5	34.4	38.0	
<input type="checkbox"/>	0.0	0.0	0.7	3.7	22.6	34.4	38.6	

	LL	PL	D ₈₅	D ₆₀	D ₅₀	D ₃₀	D ₁₅	D ₁₀	C _c	C _u
<input type="radio"/>	NV	NP	0.7802	0.2481	0.1570					
<input type="checkbox"/>	NV	NP	0.7548	0.2549	0.1679					

Material Description		Test Date	USCS	NM
<input type="radio"/> Silty sand		9/15/22	SM	6.1%
<input type="checkbox"/> Silty sand		9/15/22	SM	15.5%

Project No. 22104.001-A **Client:** Advocates To End Domestic Violence
Project: 3649 Gordon Street

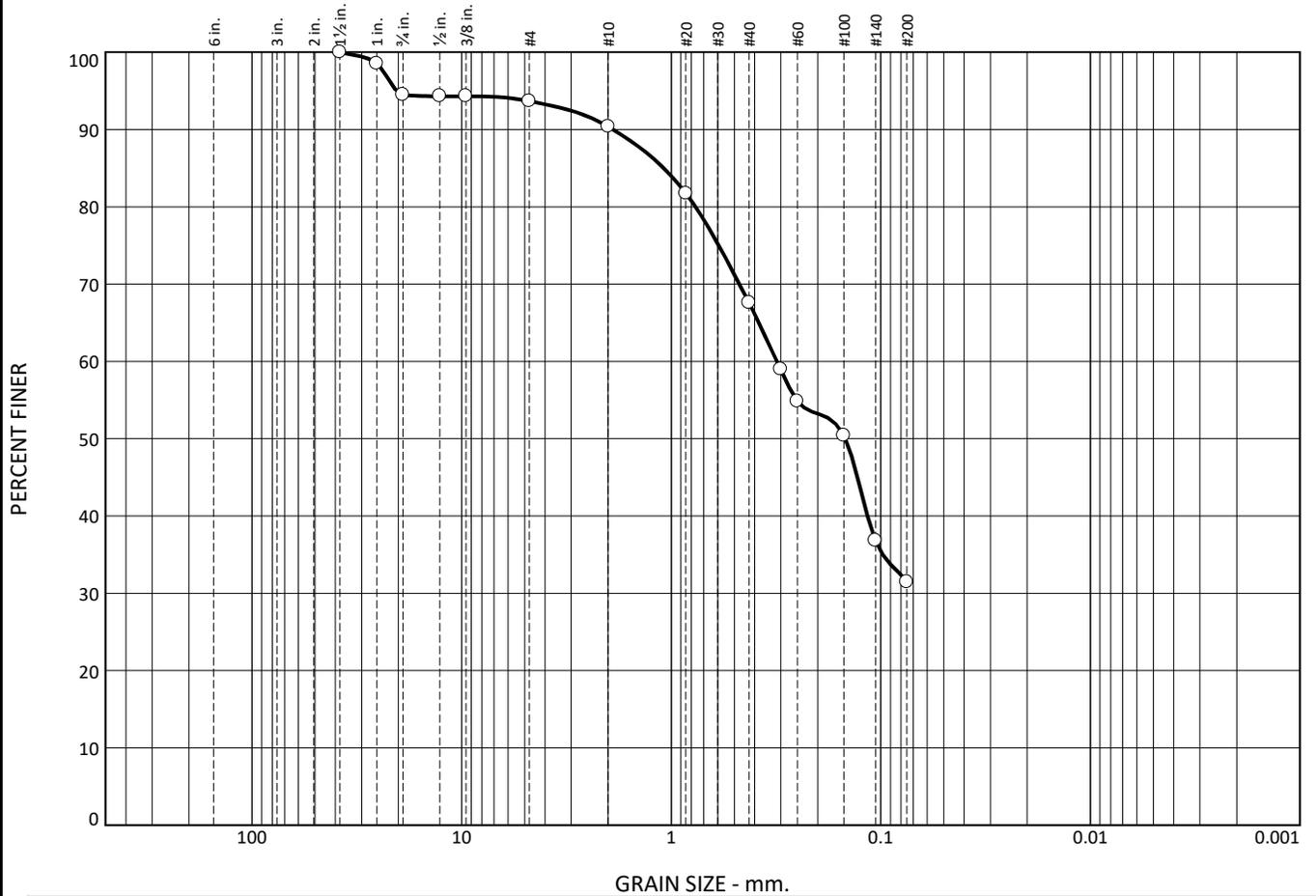
Source of Sample: TP-2 **Depth:** 0-3' **Sample Number:** 2A
 Source of Sample: TP-2 **Depth:** 3'-6' **Sample Number:** 2B



Figure 15

Particle Size Distribution Report

ASTM D6913



	% +3"	% Gravel		% Sand			% Fines			
		Coarse	Fine	Coarse	Medium	Fine	Silt	Clay		
<input type="radio"/>	0.0	5.5	0.8	3.3	22.8	36.1	31.5			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	LL	PL	D ₈₅	D ₆₀	D ₅₀	D ₃₀	D ₁₅	D ₁₀	C _c	C _u
<input type="radio"/>	NV	NP	1.0865	0.3130	0.1474					

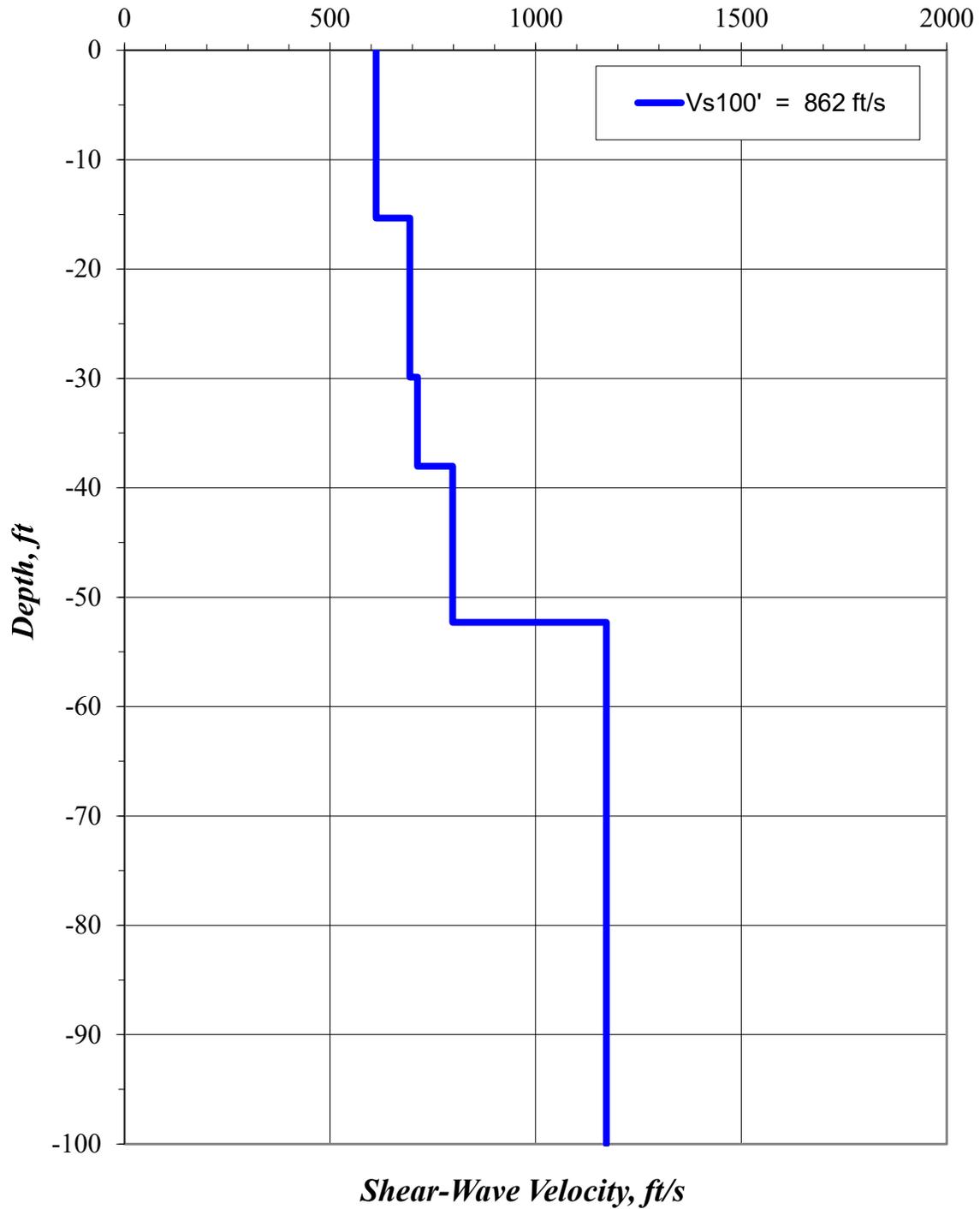
Material Description	Test Date	USCS	NM
<input type="radio"/> Silty sand	9/15/22	SM	13.7%

Project No. 22104.001-A **Client:** Advocates To End Domestic Violence
Project: 3649 Gordon Street
 Source of Sample: TP-All **Depth:** 0-9' **Sample Number:** All-A



Figure 17

3649 Gordon Street: Vs Model



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**LINE 1
ONE-
DIMENSIONAL
SHEARWAVE
VELOCITY**

**Geotechnical Investigation
3649 Gordon Street
APN: 008-303-41
Carson City, Nevada**

File No.: 22104.001-A
Date: 9/21/2022

**PLATE
18**

L = 1 Footing Length, Feet $N_c = 40.8$
 B or R = 1 Footing Width, Feet $N_q = 26.7$
 D = 2 Footing Depth, Feet $N_y = 24.2$
 $d_o = 100$ Depth to Water, $d_o > B$ $P_o = 240$ psf

Footing Type X
 Continuous, General X
 Square or Rectangular X
 Circular X

$\phi, c = 0$

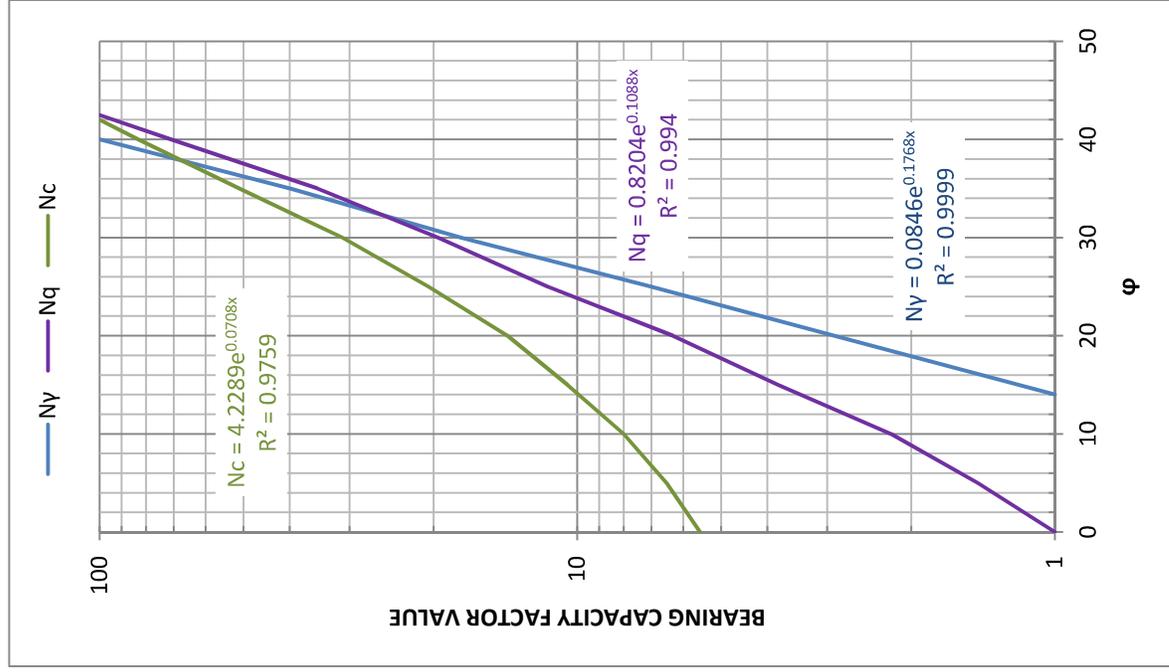
Continuous Footing, General Case
 $q_{ult} = 7855$ psf
 $q_{all} = 2620$ psf
 Square or Rectangular Footing
 $q_{ult} = 7565$ psf
 $q_{all} = 2520$ psf
 Circular Footing, R
 $q_{ult} = 8146$ psf
 $q_{all} = 2720$ psf

$\phi - c$ Soil

Continuous Footing, General Case
 $q_{ult} = 7855$ psf
 $q_{all} = 2620$ psf
 Square or Rectangular Footing
 $q_{ult} = 7565$ psf
 $q_{all} = 2520$ psf
 Circular Footing, R
 $q_{ult} = 8146$ psf
 $q_{all} = 2720$ psf

$c, \phi = 0$

Continuous Footing, General Case
 $q_{ult} = 240$ psf
 $q_{all} = 80$ psf
 Square or Rectangular Footing
 $q_{ult} = 240$ psf
 $q_{all} = 80$ psf
 Circular Footing, R
 $q_{ult} = 240$ psf
 $q_{all} = 80$ psf



Geotechnical Investigation
 3649 Gordon Street
 APN: 008-303-41
 Carson City, Nevada

File No.: 22104.001-A
 Date: 09/21/22
 PLATE 19

**ALLOWABLE BEARING CAPACITY
 (DM-7.1, NAVFAC)**



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ESAL RANGE	
High	700,000 - 1,000,000
Medium	400,000 - 600,000
Low	50,000 - 300,000

ESAL DETERMINATION		
Design Life (yrs)	L	20
Number of Lots	N	100
Average Daily Two Way Trips per Lot	T _d	2
Percent Heavy Trucks	T	25.0
Average Truck Factor	T _f	1.5
Construction Traffic (Trips per Lot)	T _c	50
Construction Truck Factor	T _{cf}	1.0
ESAL ₂₀	278,750	

STRUCTURAL NUMBER (CLIMATE ZONE V)			
Relative Quality of Roadbed Soil	Traffic Level	Reliability	
		50% SN	75% SN
Very Good (R>35)	High	2.4 - 2.6	2.7 - 2.8
	Medium	2.2 - 2.4	2.4 - 2.6
	Low	1.6 - 2.1	1.7 - 2.2
Good (R>15)	High	2.7 - 2.9	3.0 - 3.1
	Medium	2.5 - 2.7	2.6 - 2.9
	Low	1.8 - 2.4	2.0 - 2.5
Fair (R>10)	High	2.9 - 3.1	3.2 - 3.3
	Medium	2.6 - 2.8	2.8 - 3.1
	Low	1.9 - 2.5	2.1 - 2.7
Poor (R>7)	High	3.2 - 3.4	3.5 - 3.6
	Medium	2.9 - 3.2	3.1 - 3.4
	Low	2.2 - 2.8	2.3 - 2.9
Very Poor (R>5)	High	3.4 - 3.6	3.7 - 3.8
	Medium	3.1 - 3.3	3.3 - 3.6
	Low	2.3 - 3.0	2.5 - 3.1

Material Type	Reference	Structural Coefficient	Minimum		Heavy	
			Thickness (in)	Thickness (in)	Thickness (in)	Thickness (in)
Plantmix Surface	AC	0.35	3	4		
Plantmix Base	PB	0.32				
Cement Treated	CTB	0.20				
Type 2 Class B	AB	0.10	6	12		
Structural Fill (R-45)	SF	0.07				
Structural Number for Section			1.7	2.6	0.0	0.0



P.O. Box 18871, Reno, NV 89511
Phone: (775) 771-9539

**HMA
STRUCTURAL
PAVEMENT
SECTION
DESIGN**
(Low Volume Roads)

Geotechnical Investigation
3649 Gordon Street
APN: 008-303-41
Carson City, Nevada

File No.: 22104.001-A
Date: 9/21/2022

**PLATE
20**

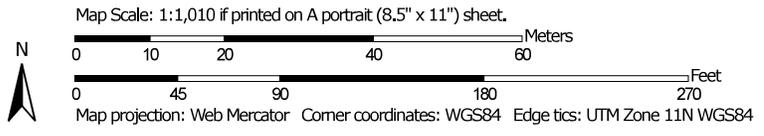
APPENDIX B
USDA WEB SOIL SURVEY REPORTS



Soil Map—Carson City Area, Nevada



Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.



MAP LEGEND

- Area of Interest (AOI)
- Area of Interest (AOI)
- Soils
- Soil Map Unit Polygons
- Soil Map Unit Lines
- Soil Map Unit Points
- Special Point Features**
 - Blowout
 - Borrow Pit
 - Clay Spot
 - Closed Depression
 - Gravel Pit
 - Gravelly Spot
 - Landfill
 - Lava Flow
 - Marsh or swamp
 - Mine or Quarry
 - Miscellaneous Water
 - Perennial Water
 - Rock Outcrop
 - Saline Spot
 - Sandy Spot
 - Severely Eroded Spot
 - Sinkhole
 - Slide or Slip
 - Sodic Spot
- Water Features**
 - Streams and Canals
- Transportation**
 - Rails
 - Interstate Highways
 - US Routes
 - Major Roads
 - Local Roads
- Background**
 - Aerial Photography
- Spoil Area
- Stony Spot
- Very Stony Spot
- Wet Spot
- Other
- Special Line Features

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
 Web Soil Survey URL:
 Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Carson City Area, Nevada
 Survey Area Data: Version 16, Sep 9, 2021

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jun 1, 2018—Jun 30, 2018

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
12	Dalzell fine sandy loam, deep water table	2.7	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		2.7	100.0%

Engineering Properties

This table gives the engineering classifications and the range of engineering properties for the layers of each soil in the survey area.

Hydrologic soil group is a group of soils having similar runoff potential under similar storm and cover conditions. The criteria for determining Hydrologic soil group is found in the National Engineering Handbook, Chapter 7 issued May 2007(<http://directives.sc.egov.usda.gov/OpenNonWebContent.aspx?content=17757.wba>). Listing HSGs by soil map unit component and not by soil series is a new concept for the engineers. Past engineering references contained lists of HSGs by soil series. Soil series are continually being defined and redefined, and the list of soil series names changes so frequently as to make the task of maintaining a single national list virtually impossible. Therefore, the criteria is now used to calculate the HSG using the component soil properties and no such national series lists will be maintained. All such references are obsolete and their use should be discontinued. Soil properties that influence runoff potential are those that influence the minimum rate of infiltration for a bare soil after prolonged wetting and when not frozen. These properties are depth to a seasonal high water table, saturated hydraulic conductivity after prolonged wetting, and depth to a layer with a very slow water transmission rate. Changes in soil properties caused by land management or climate changes also cause the hydrologic soil group to change. The influence of ground cover is treated independently. There are four hydrologic soil groups, A, B, C, and D, and three dual groups, A/D, B/D, and C/D. In the dual groups, the first letter is for drained areas and the second letter is for undrained areas.

The four hydrologic soil groups are described in the following paragraphs:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

Depth to the upper and lower boundaries of each layer is indicated.

Texture is given in the standard terms used by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. These terms are defined according to percentages of sand, silt, and clay in the fraction of the soil that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter. "Loam," for example, is soil that is 7 to 27 percent clay, 28 to 50 percent silt, and less than 52 percent sand. If the content of particles coarser than sand is 15 percent or more, an appropriate modifier is added, for example, "gravelly."

Classification of the soils is determined according to the Unified soil classification system (ASTM, 2005) and the system adopted by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO, 2004).

The Unified system classifies soils according to properties that affect their use as construction material. Soils are classified according to particle-size distribution of the fraction less than 3 inches in diameter and according to plasticity index, liquid limit, and organic matter content. Sandy and gravelly soils are identified as GW, GP, GM, GC, SW, SP, SM, and SC; silty and clayey soils as ML, CL, OL, MH, CH, and OH; and highly organic soils as PT. Soils exhibiting engineering properties of two groups can have a dual classification, for example, CL-ML.

The AASHTO system classifies soils according to those properties that affect roadway construction and maintenance. In this system, the fraction of a mineral soil that is less than 3 inches in diameter is classified in one of seven groups from A-1 through A-7 on the basis of particle-size distribution, liquid limit, and plasticity index. Soils in group A-1 are coarse grained and low in content of fines (silt and clay). At the other extreme, soils in group A-7 are fine grained. Highly organic soils are classified in group A-8 on the basis of visual inspection.

If laboratory data are available, the A-1, A-2, and A-7 groups are further classified as A-1-a, A-1-b, A-2-4, A-2-5, A-2-6, A-2-7, A-7-5, or A-7-6. As an additional refinement, the suitability of a soil as subgrade material can be indicated by a group index number. Group index numbers range from 0 for the best subgrade material to 20 or higher for the poorest.

Percentage of rock fragments larger than 10 inches in diameter and 3 to 10 inches in diameter are indicated as a percentage of the total soil on a dry-weight basis. The percentages are estimates determined mainly by converting volume percentage in the field to weight percentage. Three values are provided to identify the expected Low (L), Representative Value (R), and High (H).

Percentage (of soil particles) passing designated sieves is the percentage of the soil fraction less than 3 inches in diameter based on an oven-dry weight. The sieves, numbers 4, 10, 40, and 200 (USA Standard Series), have openings of 4.76, 2.00, 0.420, and 0.074 millimeters, respectively. Estimates are based on laboratory tests of soils sampled in the survey area and in nearby areas and on estimates made in the field. Three values are provided to identify the expected Low (L), Representative Value (R), and High (H).

Liquid limit and plasticity index (Atterberg limits) indicate the plasticity characteristics of a soil. The estimates are based on test data from the survey area or from nearby areas and on field examination. Three values are provided to identify the expected Low (L), Representative Value (R), and High (H).

References:

American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO). 2004. Standard specifications for transportation materials and methods of sampling and testing. 24th edition.

American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM). 2005. Standard classification of soils for engineering purposes. ASTM Standard D2487-00.

Report---Engineering Properties

Absence of an entry indicates that the data were not estimated. The asterisk '*' denotes the representative texture; other possible textures follow the dash. The criteria for determining the hydrologic soil group for individual soil components is found in the National Engineering Handbook, Chapter 7 issued May 2007 (<http://directives.sc.egov.usda.gov/OpenNonWebContent.aspx?content=17757.wba>). Three values are provided to identify the expected Low (L), Representative Value (R), and High (H).

Engineering Properties---Carson City Area, Nevada														
Map unit symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	Hydrologic group	Depth	USDA texture	Classification		Pct Fragments		Percentage passing sieve number---				Liquid limit	Plasticity index
					Unified	AASHTO	>10 inches	3-10 inches	4	10	40	200		
			<i>In</i>					L-R-H	L-R-H	L-R-H	L-R-H	L-R-H	L-R-H	L-R-H
12---Dalzell fine sandy loam, deep water table														
Dalzell	100	C	0-3	Fine sandy loam	SM	A-4	0-0-0	0-0-0	100-100-100	100-100-100	70-75-80	40-45-50	17-21-24	2-4-6
			3-17	Clay loam, loam	CL	A-6	0-0-0	0-0-0	100-100-100	100-100-100	90-95-100	70-75-80	31-39-49	13-18-25
			17-21	Stratified fine sandy loam to sandy clay loam	SC	A-6	0-0-0	0-0-0	100-100-100	100-100-100	75-80-85	35-43-50	26-30-33	10-12-14
			21-28	Cemented material	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Carson City Area, Nevada
 Survey Area Data: Version 16, Sep 9, 2021



APPENDIX C
ATC HAZARDS BY LOCATION
SEISMIC DESIGN PARAMETERS



⚠ This is a beta release of the new ATC Hazards by Location website. Please [contact us](#) with feedback.

ℹ The ATC Hazards by Location website will not be updated to support ASCE 7-22. [Find out why.](#)

ATC Hazards by Location

Search Information

Address: 3649 Gordon St, Carson City, NV 89701, USA
Coordinates: 39.17754499999999, -119.726826
Elevation: 4634 ft
Timestamp: 2022-09-14T18:12:41.619Z
Hazard Type: Seismic
Reference Document: ASCE7-16
Risk Category: II
Site Class: D



Basic Parameters

Name	Value	Description
S_S	2.057	MCE_R ground motion (period=0.2s)
S_1	0.741	MCE_R ground motion (period=1.0s)
S_{MS}	2.057	Site-modified spectral acceleration value
S_{M1}	* null	Site-modified spectral acceleration value
S_{DS}	1.372	Numeric seismic design value at 0.2s SA
S_{D1}	* null	Numeric seismic design value at 1.0s SA

* See Section 11.4.8

Additional Information

Name	Value	Description
SDC	* null	Seismic design category
F_a	1	Site amplification factor at 0.2s
F_v	* null	Site amplification factor at 1.0s
CR_S	0.889	Coefficient of risk (0.2s)
CR_1	0.882	Coefficient of risk (1.0s)
PGA	0.879	MCE_G peak ground acceleration

F_{PGA}	1.1	Site amplification factor at PGA
PGA_M	0.966	Site modified peak ground acceleration
T_L	6	Long-period transition period (s)
SsRT	2.057	Probabilistic risk-targeted ground motion (0.2s)
SsUH	2.315	Factored uniform-hazard spectral acceleration (2% probability of exceedance in 50 years)
SsD	3.03	Factored deterministic acceleration value (0.2s)
S1RT	0.741	Probabilistic risk-targeted ground motion (1.0s)
S1UH	0.84	Factored uniform-hazard spectral acceleration (2% probability of exceedance in 50 years)
S1D	1.24	Factored deterministic acceleration value (1.0s)
PGAd	1.225	Factored deterministic acceleration value (PGA)

* See Section 11.4.8

The results indicated here DO NOT reflect any state or local amendments to the values or any delineation lines made during the building code adoption process. Users should confirm any output obtained from this tool with the local Authority Having Jurisdiction before proceeding with design.

Please note that the ATC Hazards by Location website will not be updated to support ASCE 7-22. [Find out why.](#)

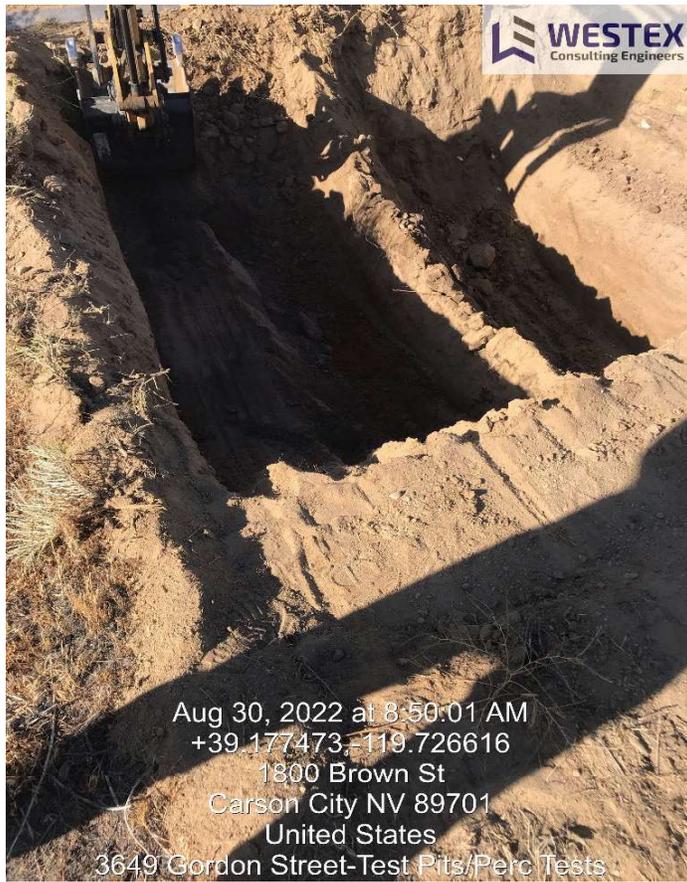
Disclaimer

Hazard loads are provided by the U.S. Geological Survey [Seismic Design Web Services](#).

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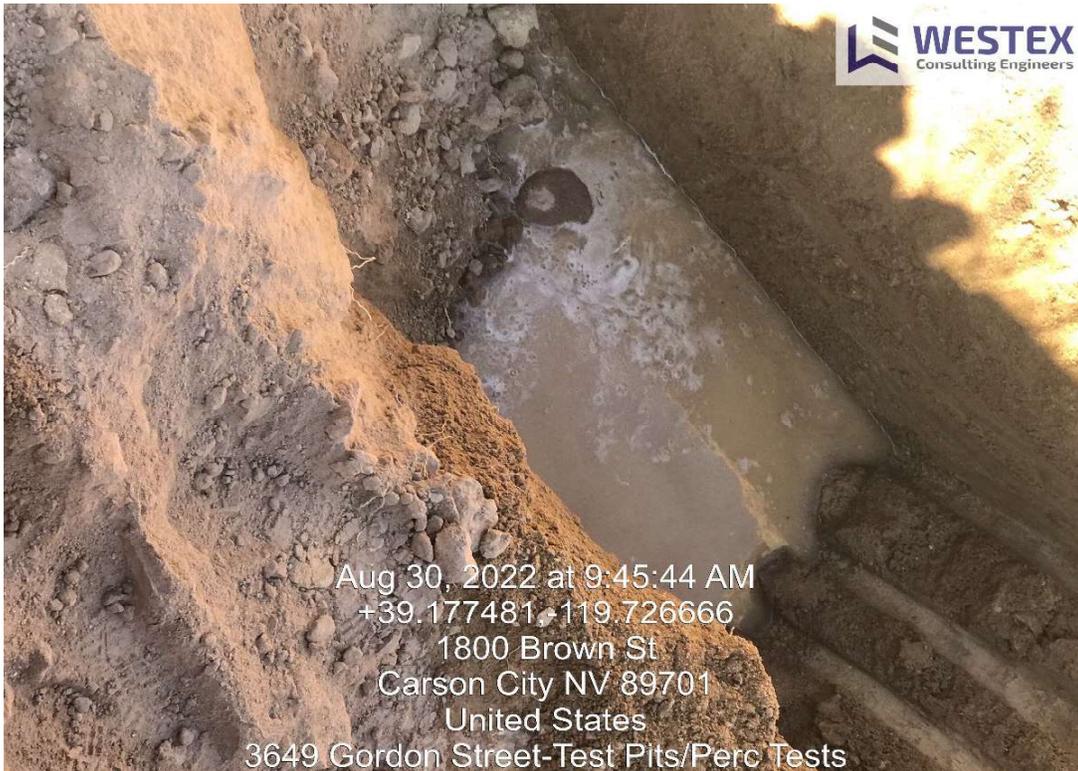
APPENDIX D
EXPLORATION PHOTOS





WESTEX
Consulting Engineers

Aug 30, 2022 at 8:50:01 AM
+39.177473, -119.726616
1800 Brown St
Carson City NV 89701
United States
3649 Gordon Street-Test Pits/Perc Tests



WESTEX
Consulting Engineers

Aug 30, 2022 at 9:45:44 AM
+39.177481, -119.726666
1800 Brown St
Carson City NV 89701
United States
3649 Gordon Street-Test Pits/Perc Tests

TP-1



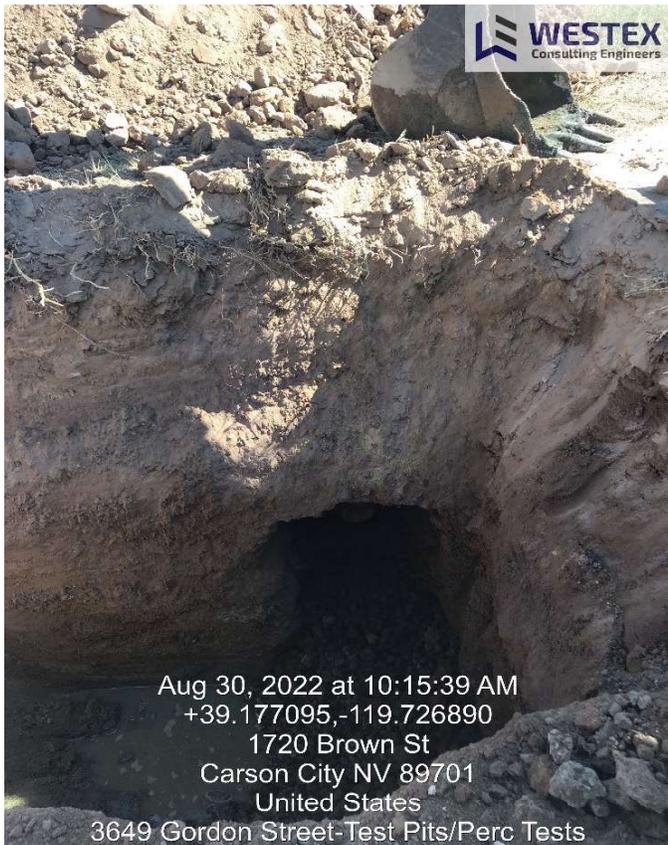
P.O. Box 18871, Reno, NV 89511
Phone: (775) 771-9539

**EXPLORATION
PHOTOS**

Geotechnical Investigation
3649 Gordon Street
APN: 008-303-41
Carson City, Nevada

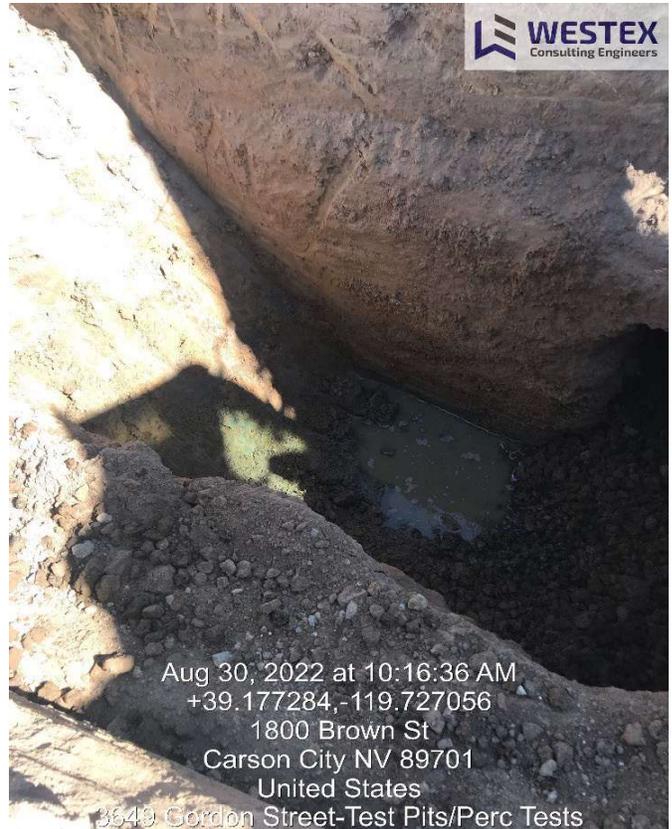
File No.: 22104.001-A
Date: 9/21/2022

**PLATE
D-1**



WESTEX
Consulting Engineers

Aug 30, 2022 at 10:15:39 AM
+39.177095,-119.726890
1720 Brown St
Carson City NV 89701
United States
3649 Gordon Street-Test Pits/Perc Tests



WESTEX
Consulting Engineers

Aug 30, 2022 at 10:16:36 AM
+39.177284,-119.727056
1800 Brown St
Carson City NV 89701
United States
3649 Gordon Street-Test Pits/Perc Tests

TP-2



P.O. Box 18871, Reno, NV 89511
Phone: (775) 771-9539

**EXPLORATION
PHOTOS**

Geotechnical Investigation
3649 Gordon Street
APN: 008-303-41
Carson City, Nevada

File No.: 22104.001-A
Date: 9/21/2022

PLATE
D-2



 **WESTEX**
Consulting Engineers

Aug 30, 2022 at 10:51:09 AM

+39.176888,-119.726759

1720 Brown St

Carson City NV 89701

United States

3649 Gordon Street-Test Pits/Perc Tests

TP-3

 **WESTEX**
Consulting Engineers

P.O. Box 18871, Reno, NV 89511

Phone: (775) 771-9539

**EXPLORATION
PHOTOS**

Geotechnical Investigation

3649 Gordon Street

APN: 008-303-41

Carson City, Nevada

File No.: 22104.001-A

Date: 9/21/2022

PLATE

D-3

Advocates to End Domestic Violence
Attn: Lisa Lee
PO Box 2529
Carson City, NV 89702



October 5, 2022

AEDV Gordon Shelter – Sewer Generation Letter

The AEDV Shelter is located at 3649 Gordon Street, 175' west of the intersection of Gordon Street and Brown Street (APN: 08-303-41). The 2.0 acre site does not currently have any existing development. The proposed project will include the development of a 6-unit emergency shelter and associated driveway, parking area, utility connections, landscaping and drainage improvements. In order to determine the sanitary sewer generation quantities, the multi-family contribution rate of 150 GPD utilized by Carson City has been utilized to determine the proposed sanitary sewer contributions of the project based on the following equation:

$$(6 \text{ Units}) * (150 \text{ GPD/unit})(2.5) = 2,250 \text{ GPD}$$

The project will connect to the existing sanitary sewer main in Gordon Street through a private sanitary sewer lateral. Per the Major Project Review letter, the existing sewer main capacity is at 5% (d/D) full. The contribution from the proposed development will have minimal impact on capacity and will be in conformance with Carson City standards. The project does contribute to the Morgan Mill Lift Station which is currently operating at capacity. The proposed contribution from this development will have minimal impact on the lift station, however, it is understood the project will be required to provide a pro rata share of the required future lift station improvements. Ultimately, all sanitary sewer contributions from this site will be treated at the Carson City Waste Water Treatment Plant. No additional sanitary sewer study or analysis has been completed.

Please contact Monte Vista Consulting if you have any questions or if there is anything else I can help with.

Sincerely,

Monte Vista Consulting

Michael Vicks, P.E.

Principal



Advocates to End Domestic Violence
Attn: Lisa Lee
PO Box 2529
Carson City, NV 89702



**MONTE VISTA
CONSULTING**

575 E. Plumb Lane
Suite 101
Reno, NV 89502
775.636.7905

October 5, 2022

AEDV Gordon Shelter – Trip Generation Letter

The AEDV Shelter is located at 3649 Gordon Street, 175' west of the intersection of Gordon Street and Brown Street (APN: 08-303-41). The 2.0 acre site does not currently have any existing development. The site is accessed from Gordon Street at the north of the property. The proposed project will include the development of a 6-unit multi-family shelter with associated driveway, parking area, landscaping and drainage improvements. In order to determine the trip and parking generation quantities, the ITE Trip Generation Manual (11th Edition) and the ITE Parking Generation Manual (5th Edition) have been utilized based on the following parameters:

Multifamily Housing 220, General Urban/Suburban not close to rail transit

Based on this use the project is anticipated to generate the following:

Weekday Daily Trips: 40

Weekday AM Peak Trips: 3

Weekday PM Peak Trips: 3

The proposed site layout includes 20 parking spaces. No additional traffic study or analysis has been completed.

Please contact Monte Vista Consulting if you have any questions or if there is anything else I can help with.

Sincerely,

Monte Vista Consulting

Michael Vicks, P.E.

Principal





Ken Furlong
Sheriff

775-887-2500
Fax: 775-887-2026

911 E. Musser St.
Carson City, NV
89701

September 22, 2022

RE: AEDV Shelter Operations
Gibson Avenue, Stewart

FROM: Sheriff Ken Furlong

To: Lisa Lee
Executive Director

I have been informed of plans to construct a new domestic violence shelter at 3640 Gordon Street in Carson City. In anticipation of needed permits, zoning, and residential impacts for the proposed location, I have queried the Sheriff's Office Records Division to ascertain historical impacts at the existing shelter located on Gordon Avenue in Stewart. This review was completed to help determine "anticipated" future impacts to a specific location based on previous calls for service at the current location of services/operations. Our records for the past three (3) year period did not disclose any law enforcement responses to the area that would be attributed to the site location and/or services presented.

As a result of my inquiry, please allow this letter of support to be filed as you believe is necessary to address possible impacts to the neighboring areas.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Ken Furlong". The signature is written in a cursive style with a long, sweeping underline that extends downwards and to the left.

Ken Furlong
Sheriff

Carson City Property Inquiry

Property Information

Parcel ID	008-303-41	Parcel Acreage	0.0000
Tax Year	2022	Assessed Value	184,781
Land Use	VAC	Tax Rate	3.5700
Group		Total Tax	\$2,004.17
Land Use	140 - Vacant - Commercial	Fiscal Year (2022 - 2023)	
Zoning	GC	Total Unpaid All Years	\$0.00
Tax District	024		
Site Address	3649 GORDON ST 3669 GORDON ST		
Neighborhood	Comm - Hwy 50 E	Pay Taxes	

No Sketches or Photos

Assessments

Taxable Value	Land	Building	Per. Property	Totals
Residential	0	0	0	0
Com / Ind.	527,946	0	0	527,946
Agricultural	0	0	0	0
Exempt	0	0	0	0
Pers. Exempt				0
Total	527,946	0	0	527,946

Assessed Value	Land	Building	Per. Property	Totals
Residential	0	0	0	0
Com / Ind.	184,781	0	0	184,781
Agricultural	0	0	0	0
Exempt	0	0	0	0
Pers. Exempt				0
Total	184,781	0	0	184,781

	New Land	New Const.	New P.P.
Residential	0	0	0
Com / Ind.	0	0	0
Agricultural	0	0	0
Exempt	0	0	0
Totals	0	0	0

Assessor Descriptions

Year	Assessor Descriptions	Subdivision	Section	Township	Range	Block & Lot
Current Year 2023						
2023	LOT LINE DELETION #528911					
Selected Parcel Year 2022						
2022	LOT LINE DELETION #528911					

No Personal Exemptions

Billing Fiscal Year (2022 - 2023)

Installment	Date Due	Tax Billed	Cost Billed	Penalty/Interest	Total Due	Amount Paid	Total Unpaid
1	8/15/2022	\$502.52	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$502.52	\$502.52	\$0.00
2	10/3/2022	\$500.55	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$500.55	\$500.55	\$0.00
3	1/2/2023	\$500.55	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$500.55	\$500.55	\$0.00
4	3/6/2023	\$500.55	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$500.55	\$500.55	\$0.00
Total		\$2,004.17	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$2,004.17	\$2,004.17	\$0.00

Payment History			
Fiscal Year	Total Due	Total Paid	Amount Unpaid
(2022 - 2023)	\$2,004.17	\$2,004.17	\$0.00

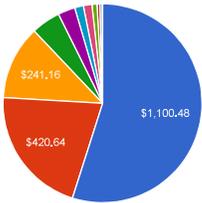
Related Names			
CURRENT Mail To FOR 2023 (2023 - 2024)		CURRENT OWNER FOR 2023 (2023 - 2024)	
Name	ADVOCATES TO END DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	Name	ADVOCATES TO END DOMESTIC VIOLENCE
Mailing Address	112 N CURRY ST CARSON CITY, NV, 89703	Mailing Address	Current
Status	Current	Status	Current
Account		Account	
Mail To FOR 2022 (2022 - 2023)		OWNER FOR 2022 (2022 - 2023)	
Name	ADVOCATES TO END DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	Name	ADVOCATES TO END DOMESTIC VIOLENCE
Mailing Address	112 N CURRY ST CARSON CITY, NV, 89703	Mailing Address	Current
Status	Current	Status	Current
Account		Account	

No Structure Information

Sales History						
DISCLAIMER: SOME DOCUMENTS MAY NOT BE SHOWN						
Year	Document #	Document Type	Sale Date	Sold By	Sold To	Price
2022	533189	EASEMENT ABANDONMENT	6/7/2022			\$0
2022	533190	EASEMENT ABANDONMENT	6/7/2022			\$0
2022	533191	EASEMENT DEED	6/7/2022			\$0
2022	528911	LOT LINE DELETION	1/12/2022	ADVOCATES TO END DOMESTIC VIOLENCE		\$0

Parcel Genealogy					
Relationship	Parcel Number	Action	Year	Change Effective Year	Completed
Parent Parcel	00830306	Combination	2022	2022	Yes
Parent Parcel	00830319	Combination	2022	2022	Yes

Taxing Entities		
Tax Entity	Tax Rate	Amount
CITY OPER.	1.9622	\$1,100.48
SCHOOL OPER.	0.7500	\$420.64
SCH. DEBT (V)	0.4300	\$241.16
STATE OF NV	0.1700	\$95.35
MEDICAL INDG	0.1000	\$56.08
SR. CIT.	0.0500	\$28.04
CAP.PROJ. (L)	0.0500	\$28.04
SUB-CONSERV.	0.0300	\$16.82
ACCIDENT INDG	0.0150	\$8.42
CO-OP EXT.	0.0128	\$7.18
Tax Entity Total	3.5700	\$2,002.21
EAGLE VLY GRND WTR	0.0000	\$1.96
Special Assessment Total	0.0000	\$1.96
Year Total	3.5700	\$2,004.17



- CITY OPER.
- SCHOOL OPER.
- SCH. DEBT (V)
- STATE OF NV
- MEDICAL INDG
- SR. CIT.
- CAP.PROJ. (L)
- SUB-CONSERV.
- ACCIDENT INDG
- CO-OP EXT.
- Other